September 4, 1755. NUMB. 1393.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

PHILADELPHIA.

By the following Paper it will appear how infectious that Diſtemper is, which in England *is called the* GOAL FEVER; *as it ariſes there from a Number of Perſons confined together in cloſe Goals, till they have poiſoned the Air they breathe, and one another. The ſame Diſtemper is often bred in Ships crouded with Paſſengers, from the ſame Cauſe; tho' ſometimes it is brought out of the Goals on board the Ships, by the Felons ſent over to* America, *where the Climate ſeems to increaſe its Malignity; for in* Virginia *and* Maryland, *ſome Families have been almoſt ruined by the Mortality among the Servants and Slaves, introduced by a ſingle purchaſed Convict. And with us, ſince the late Practice of ſcumming the Goals in* Germany *to make up Freights, the Ships are obſerved to come in more unhealthy, as the Sickneſs may now be brought on board as well as produced on board. It is ſaid that ſeveral of our People loſt their Lives laſt Year by purchaſing* Dutch *Servants out of ſickly Ships, and bringing them into their Houſes; and poſſibly many in the Country may have ſuffered the ſame Fate, tho' by reaſon of their remote living from each other, it was not ſo much known or talked of. Till ſome more effectual Meaſures are taken by Law to ſecure the Health of Paſſengers crouded in too great Numbers in one Veſſel, and prevent the Spreading of contagious Diſorders imported in ſickly Ships, it is hoped the Publication of this Paper from the* Philoſophical Tranſactions, *which ſhows the* Goal Fever *to be preciſely the ſame with what we call the* Dutch Diſtemper, *may be of ſome Uſe among us, if it makes People more cautious how they buy the Plague, and bring it home to their Families.*

An Account of ſeveral Perſons ſeized with the GOAL FEVER, *working in* Newgate; *and of the Manner in which the Infection was communicated to one intire Family; by* JOHN PRINGLE, *M. D. F. R. S.* Read Feb. 1. 1753.

HAVING lately had an Opportunity of ſeeing ſeveral Caſes of the true Goal-fever ariſing from the Goal itſelf, I thought it would not be improper to lay before the Society a ſhort Account of the Manner, in which thoſe Perſons were ſeized, the chief Symptoms and Progreſs of the Diſeaſe, with ſome Remarks upon it, in order farther to illuſtrate what I have advanced elſewhere, concerning the Danger ariſing from foul Air, and the Agreement of this Diſtemper with what has been called the Fever of the Hoſpital, or more generally a malignant or peſtilential Fever.

In the Month of *October*, 1750, a Committee of the Court of Aldermen was appointed to enquire into the beſt Means for procuring in *Newgate* ſuch a Purity of Air, as might prevent the Riſe of thoſe infectious Diſtempers, which not only had been deſtructive to the Priſoners themſelves, but dangerous to others, who had any Communication with them; and particularly to the Courts of Juſtice upon the Trial of Malefactors; whereof a fatal Inſtance had occured that Year at the Seſſions held in the *Old-Bailey*, when the Lord Mayor, two of the Judges, and one of the Aldermen upon the Bench, with ſeveral other Perſons then preſent, were ſeized with a malignant Fever, and died.

The Reverend Dr. *Hales* and I being conſulted by the Committee upon the Point referred to them, and having viſited the Goal in Company with thoſe Gentlemen, it was then agreed, that, conſidering the Smalineſs of the Place, in Proportion to the Number of the Priſoners, it would be proper to make a farther Trial of the Ventilator, and to have it worked by a Machine, in the Manner of a Windmill, to be erected for that Purpoſe upon the Leads of *Newgate*.

This Scheme was laid before the Court of Aldermen, and approved of, but not put in Execution till near two Years after. For on the 11th of *July*, 1752, Dr. *Hales* acquainted Dr. *Knight* and me, that ſeveral of the Tubes were finiſhed, and that the Machine had been going about ſix Weeks; wherefore, being deſirous to ſee the Effects, he had appointed Mr. *Stibbs* the Carpenter, employed in that Work, to meet him that Day at *Newgate*, and deſired us to go along with him. We went accordingly, and having viſited ſeveral of the Wards, we were all of us very ſenſible, that ſuch as were provided with ventilating Tubes were much leſs offenſive than the Reſt that wanted them; and Dr. *Hales* and I could perceive a conſiderable Improvement made upon the Air of the whole Goal, ſince the Time we had been firſt there with the Committee. Some of the Wards were ſo free from any Smell peculiar to ſuch Places, that I am perſuaded, were Dr. *Hales*'s Deſign compleated, and a Perſon appointed to regulate the Sliders of the Tubes, and to keep the Machine in Order, the uſual bad Conſequences from foul and crowded Goals, might in a great Meaſure, if not wholly, be prevented in *Newgate*.

One of the Wards allotted for the Women had a ſmall Room adjoining to it, in which they uſually ſlept. Both Places ſeemed at that Time well air'd, tho' the latter was cloſe, and if I miſtake not, without either Window or Chimney. The Priſoners informed us, that, before this Ward received the Tube, this Sleeping-place had been very offenſive, but that ſoon after it became ſweet; and tho' upon the firſt working of the Ventilator they had been more ſickly than before, they ſoon recover'd their Health, and had preſerv'd it ever ſince. Now from this Account we muſt not infer, that any Danger will ariſe from a ſudden Change of bad Air for good; ſince this Accident may be better accounted for from another Circumſtance, which we were then likewiſe told of; *viz.* That this Ward of the Women had been ſupplied by a ventilating Tube before thoſe in the lower Story, where the Air being in a more corrupted State, it had paſſed from thence thro' the Seams of the Floor, and other Paſſages, to replace that, which was drawn off by the Tube in the Ward above; but that after the bad Air was exhauſted, the Benefit of the freſh Air ſoon appeared, by the better Health of the Priſoners.

But as it was not my Deſign in this Paper to ſet forth all the Advantages, that may be expected from the Ventilator, I ſhall leave that Subject to be treated of by the ingenious Inventor of it; and ſhall only take Notice, that the Tubes from the ſeveral Wards, uniting in one great Trunk, convey all the putrid Steams by that Channel into the Atmoſphere, through a Vent made for that Purpoſe in the Leads of *Newgate*; and that tho' the Wind was moderate during the Time we ſtaid in the Goal, yet we obſerved, that the Ventilator threw out a conſiderable Stream of Air, of a moſt offenſive Smell.

Before we parted, Mr. *Stibbs* informed us, that *Clayton Hand*, one of his Journeymen, whilſt he was employed in ſetting up the Tubes, was ſeized with a Fever, and carried to St. *Thomas*'s Hoſpital, after lying ſome Days ill at his own Houſe. Whereupon, apprehending that this Man's Sickneſs might be owing to the Air of the Goal, Dr. *Knight* and I having the Curioſity a few Days after to go to St. *Thomas*'s to make the Enquiry, we found the Patient ſitting in one of the Courts, recovered of his Fever, tho' ſtill weak, and had the following Account from himſelf:

He ſaid, that upon firſt finding himſelf indiſpoſed, he had left off Work for ſome Days; but upon growing better he had returned to *Newgate*. That ſoon after happening to open one of the Tubes of the old Ventilator, which had ſtood there for three or four Years, ſuch an offenſive Smell iſſued from it, that being immediately ſeized with a Nauſea and Sickneſs at his Stomach, he was obliged to go Home, and that the Night after he fell into a Fever, in which he lay about eight Days before his Friends carried him to the Hoſpital. That becoming ſoon delirious, he recollected no other Symptom, ſucceeding theſe mentioned, beſides frequent Retchings to vomit, a Trembling of his Hands, and a conſtant Head-ach. This Man had taken no Medicine before he came into St. *Thomas*'s, and ſince that Time was attended by Dr. *Reeves*; but, as that Gentleman was not then preſent, we were informed by the Apothecary, that *Clayton Hand* had been admitted in the advanced State of a continued Fever, attended with a Stupor, and a ſunk Pulſe, and that the Fever had not left him till ſeveral Days after his Admiſſion. The Nurſe's Account was, that he had all along lain like one ſtupified, and that after the Fever went off, he had continued for ſome Time very dull of Hearing. We could learn nothing certain about the preciſe Duration of the Fever, but from what the Patient and his Attendants told us, we collected, that he muſt have been ill between two and three Weeks. So that from all theſe Marks we made little Doubt, but that this Perſon had been ill of the true Goal-diſtemper; and were confirmed in our Opinion by the following Circumſtance.

In Company with the Convaleſcent was one *Thomas Wilmot*, another of Mr. *Stibbs*'s Journeymen, who had likewiſe worked in *Newgate*, and whom we remembered a few Days before to have ſeen in that Place, very active, and in perfect Health. This Man told us, he had come to ſee his Companion, but as he apprehended himſelf in Danger of falling into the ſame Fever, he ſhould therefore be glad of our Advice. Upon Examination we found his Tongue white, his Pulſe quick, and that he complained of a Pain and Confuſion of his Head, with a Shaking of his Hands, and a Weakneſs in his Limbs. He ſaid his Diſorder had come on gradually, ſince the Time we ſaw him in *Newgate*, but that he was then ſo very ill, he could work no longer. From which Account it appeared to us, that this Man had alſo caught the Infection; but as the Fever ſeemed not to be quite formed, we had Hopes of ſtopping its Progreſs: And with this View we adviſed him to take a Vomit, and on the following Night a Sudorific. He followed the Preſcription, and the Effects ſhall afterwards be mentioned.

After *Wilmot* had told us his own Caſe, he informed us of the Indiſpoſition of three more of his Companions, who had been likewiſe employed by Mr. *Stibbs* in *Newgate*: Whereupon we took their Direction, viſited them, and found them all ill of the Goal-diſtemper.

The Firſt was *Michael Sewel*, who lodged in the *Swan-yard* near *Newgate*. This Man had been ten Days confined to his Bed, without taking any Medicine. He was then delirious, and had the petechial Eruption; but obſerving, that he lay in a cloſe, ill-air'd, and dirty Room, without any Attendants but his Wife, then ſuckling a Child, we believed he had no Chance to recover where he was, and therefore recommended his Caſe to Mr. *Stibbs*, who procured his Admiſſion that Day into St. *Thomas*'s Hoſpital; where he alſo recover'd.

The Second was *Adam Chaddocks*, who lay at a Green ſhop, in the *Little Old-Bailey*. He was taken ill on the ſame Day with the former, and had uſed no Medicine. He had likewiſe the petechial Spots upon his Breaſt and Back; and tho' he was not altogether inſenſible, was affected with a Stupor attended with a ſunk Pulſe, and other Symptons of the Diſtemper. His Landlady, who took Care of him, informed us, that he had been troubled with Retchings to vomit, and an Head-ach from the Beginning, and that for ſome Days paſt he had been ſeized with a Looſeneſs, and that his Stools were very offenſive. As the Room this Perſon lay in was large and well-air'd, we did not think it neceſſary to remove him, but recommended him to the Care of Dr. *Pats*, Phyſician of St. *Bartholemew*'s Hoſpital, who attended him till he recover'd.

The Third was *John Dobie*, Apprentice to Mr. *Stibbs*, a Lad about 15 Years of Age, who liv'd with his Parents in a Court by the *White Bear*, in *Canon-ſtreet*. We ſaw him on the ſame Day with the other two, which was the Fourteenth of his Sickneſs, and the Twelfth ſince he took to his Bed. His Mother told us, that ſome of the Journeymen working in *Newgate* had forced him to go down into the great Trunk of the Ventilator, in order to bring up a Wig, which one of them had thrown into it; and that, as the Machine was then working, he had almoſt been ſuffocated with the Stench, before they could get him up. That upon coming Home he complained of a violent Head-ach, a great Diſorder in his Stomach, with Retchings to vomit, which had never intirely left him. We found him extremely low, with a ſunk Pulſe, a Delirium, and an unuſual Anxiety or Oppreſſion about his Breaſt. This laſt Symptom we aſcribed to the Opiates he was then taking for a Looſeneſs, which had come on two or three Days before we ſaw him. He being in no Condition to be moved, and being beſides well attended by his Mother, and in a well-aired Chamber, we preſcribed to him there, and repeated our Viſits, till he was quite free of the Fever. It was obſervable, that before he was taken ill, he had been twice let down into the great Trunk of the Ventilator, when the Machine was ſtanding ſtill, without complaining of any ill Smell, or receiving any Hurt thereby; but that the laſt Time, when the Machine was working, he immediately cried out he was ready to be ſuffocated; and the two Men who helped him out, by receiving the foul Steam from the Trunk, were both ſet a vomiting ſo violently as to bring up Blood.

On the Twenty-third of *Auguſt*, *Thomas Wilmot*, above-mentioned, called upon Doctor *Knight*, and told him, that, after taking the Vomit and Sudorific, he had immediately recovered; but begged him to ſee his Wife, who then lay ill of a Fever, at his Houſe in *Snow's Fields*, *Southwark*. The Doctor ſuſpecting, that this Woman's Indiſpoſition might be owing to the Contagion received from her Huſband, acquainted me with it, and carried me to ſee her. There we were informed, that *Wilmot*'s Daughter, a Girl of eight Years old, who lay with her Parents, had been ſeized with a Fever, ſoon after her Father's Recovery, that ſhe had been ill about a Fortnight, and they believed had Spots upon her Breaſt, but that ſhe had recovered without any Medicine. That her Mother had not only nurſed her, but continued to lie with her; and that ſome Time after the Girl's Recovery, the Mother began to complain, and ſoon after fell into a Fever; and that it was the twelfth Day ſince ſhe was confined to her Bed. This Woman having the *Petechiæ*, a Stupor, with Deafneſs, and a ſunk Pulſe, there was no Doubt of her being likewiſe infected with the Diſtemper, and probably by her Daughter. As ſhe had been without any Aſſiſtance, we adviſed her Huſband to ſend for Mr. *Breach*, Apothecary, in the *Borough*, who having ſerved in the Hoſpital of the Army during the War, was well acquainted with the Nature of ſuch Fevers; and having left Directions with him, we did not return till after the Criſis; which happened upon the ſixteenth or ſeventeenth Day from the Time ſhe was confined to her Bed.

Some Time after this, Mr. *Breach* the Apothecary informed us, that he was again employed in *Thomas Wilmot*'s Family; for that *Elizabeth Marſhall*, his Siſter in-law, after nurſing his Wife, was taken ill of the ſame Kind of Fever, and deſired our Aſſiſtance. This Perſon we found in the ſame Bed, and in the ſame Condition, in which we had ſeen her Siſter ſome Time before; and in the Room with her, in another Bed, a Son of *Wilmot*'s, a Boy of nine Years old, ill of the ſame Diſtemper. The former had been attacked on the Fifteenth of *September*, and the latter the Day before. The Woman's Fever ran out the ordinary Length of ſixteen or ſeventeen Days, but the Boy's came ſome Days ſooner to a Criſis, and was all along of a milder Nature. She recovered very ſlowly, complaining of great Weakneſs, Deafneſs, and a Confuſion in her Head, the ordinary Conſequence of theſe malignant Fevers.

One Day, in my Return from this Houſe, I called at St. *Thomas*'s Hoſpital, to enquire for one *William Thomſon*, a Lad of about ſixteen Years of Age, who, as *Wilmot* then told me, was another of Mr. *Stibbs*'s Journeymen, and had been taken ill by working in *Newgate*, ſince the three he had mentioned before. This Lad was recovered, but not yet diſmiſſed. He ſaid, that upon finding himſelf growing ill, he had left his Work, and kept at Home for about a Week, complaining of a Pain in the hinder Part of his Head, and in his Back, of a Trembling of his Hands, and of reſtleſs Nights; that his feveriſh Indiſpoſition increaſing, he had been obliged to take to his Bed, where he lay about eight Days before he was ſent to the Hoſpital. The Apothecary added, that he had continued under their Care about the ſame Number of Days before the Return of his Fever; that his Pulſe had been extremely low all that Time, and that they believed him to be in the utmoſt Danger. He added, that the Wife of *Michael Sewell* (the ſecond Patient they had received of thoſe, who had been employed in *Newgate*) ſome Days after her Huſband's Admiſſion, came to ſeek Advice for herſelf, and that her Complaints had been the ſame with *Wilmot*'s at the Time we ſaw him: He added, that he had given her ſome Medicines, but had heard nothing of her ſince.

On the laſt Day of *December* Mr. *Breach* informed me, that about a Month before, he had been called to attend *Thomas Wilmot*; but as he died before he ſaw him, he could give no other Account of his Sickneſs, than as they told him; *viz.* that he had long been in a bad State of Health, and that at laſt he became feveriſh, and went off with a Looſeneſs.

In the Beginning of this Month (*January* 1753) the Widow applied to Doctor *Hales* and me, in order to have the Diſtreſs of her Family atteſted, and laid before the Lord Mayor, in Hopes of having ſome Proviſion made for them. Upon which Occaſion we learned, that *Thomas Wilmot* her Huſband, after taking the Sudorific, ſo far recovered as to work at his Buſineſs; but that tho' he did not return to *Newgate*, yet his Strength would not permit him to continue at Work above a Day or two at a Time; ſtill complaining of an Head-ach, and Pains acroſs his Breaſt, or, as he expreſſed it, about his Heart, of a Feebleneſs of his Limbs, a Shaking of his Hands, and a conſtant Drought. That notwithſtanding theſe Ailments he went daily, till a Week before he died, when he grew very weak, and more feveriſh, had ſometimes profuſe Sweats, and at other Times a Looſeneſs, and that both theſe Excretions, and alſo his Breath, were remarkably offenſive. That at laſt he was ſeized with Convulſions, and having three Fits in one Day, he died in the laſt of them. Mrs. *Wilmot* added, that her youngeſt Son *James*, a Boy of four Years of Age, was after the Father's Deceaſe ſeized with the ſpotted Fever of the ſame Kind with what had prevailed in the Family, but that he recovered; and that her own Mother *Eleanor Megget*, who did not live in the Houſe, but came often to ſee and attend them, was alſo taken ill of a fever, but without Spots, and died about ten Days after her Huſband. She concluded with telling us, that the Diſtreſs of her Family had been the greater, by her being deprived of all Aſſiſtance from their Neighbours, who having thus ſeen the whole Family, one after another, ſeized with this Fever, were as much afraid to come near them as if they had been infected with the Plague.

This is all the Account I believed neceſſary to be laid before the Society; ſince a more particular Hiſtory of it, with Regard to its Symptoms, Nature and Cure, would have been but a Repetition of what I had already publiſhed, concerning the malignant Fever of the Hoſpital, from which theſe Caſes are in nothing different.

It will be proper to add, that, beſides theſe ſix Perſons, that were taken ill by working in *Newgate*, and whom I ſaw, there was another, called *Ruſt*, as Mr. *Stibbs* has lately informed me, but whom I never viſited. So that, beſides *Wilmot*'s whole Family, and *Sewel*'s Wife, who received the Contagion at ſecond Hand, there were ſeven originally infected in the Goal, out of eleven only, who were employed by the Maſter Carpenter in that Place. Now as moſt of theſe ſeven were attacked within a few Days of one another, and by the ſame Kind of Fever, it is not to be doubted but that the Diſtemper was owing to the corrupted Air of *Newgate*. From all which it appears, how requiſite it is, that the Publick ſhould take ſuch Meaſures, as may prevent the like Accidents ariſing from foul and crouded Goals; or indeed from any Place, wherein a Multitude of People are long, cloſely and naſtily kept; and which

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in all Probability can never be obtained without a conſtant Change of Air.

Nor are Fevers of this Kind to be accounted among ſuch rare Occurrences, as require no particular Proviſion to be made againſt them; ſince from this very Inſtance it appears, how often Diſaſters of this Kind may happen, without any Notice being taken of them. Had it not been for the Accident of our going at that Time to Newgate, hearing of the firſt Man's Illneſs, and ſeeing his Companion with him, all theſe Men might have been ill, and not only the Publick but moſt of themſelves ignorant of the Cauſe. And as for *Wilmot*'s Family, they might have received the Infection, and even all periſhed by it without any Perſon being convinced of the Danger ariſing from Goals, or the contagious and malignant Nature of the Fever, excepting a few in the Neighbourhood, which is a remote and obſcure Quarter of this City.

I ſhall reſerve what farther remarks I have made on theſe Caſes for a ſecond Paper, to be laid before the Society at another Meeting; and ſhall only ſubjoin a Letter, which I received a few Days ſince from Mr. *Stibbs*, as another Voucher for the Number of Men ſeized with the Goal Fever, and what Proportion they bore to the whole Number, employed by him in ſetting up the Ventilator in *Newgate*. But with Regard to what he ſays, in Relation to the better Health of the Priſoners ſince the Uſe of that Machine, as the Reverend Doctor *Hales* is making a ſtrict Inquiry about that Circumſtance, I ſhall delay making any Reflections upon it, till I get full Information from that worthy Member of our Society.

To Doctor *PRINGLE*.

SIR, January 25, 1753.

YOURS I received, and have ſent you the Names of all the Workmen, that work'd on the Ventilator in Newgate, *and how many had the Goal Diſtemper. One of the printipal Men, whoſe Name was* Wilmot, *died, and all the reſt recovered. I am informed by the Perſon, whoſe Name is* Jackſon, *that takes Care of the Windmill and Ventilators, that there had been but one Perſon died in two Months; whereas before the Ventilator was uſed, there died ſix or ſeven in a Week; ſo that it appears very plain, that the Ventilator cauſes the foul ſtagnated Air to circulate, and thereby conſequently is drawn out of the ſeveral Wards.*

This is the beſt Account I can give, and hope it is to your Satisfaction.

I remain, Sir,

Your humble Servant to command,

THOMAS STIBBS.

Mens Names.

Mr. *Sewel*,	*		Mr. *Morris*,
Mr. *Hand*,	*		Mr. *Bates*,
Mr. *Wilmot*,	*	died,	Mr. *Thompſon*, *
Mr. *Letts*,			*Burton*, Apprentice,
Mr. *Chaddock*	*		*Dobie*, Ditto, *.
Mr. *Ruſt*.	*		

N. B. All thoſe marked *, had the Goal Diſtemper.

Naples, May 20. The King has given Orders to his Ships of War to protect the Dutch Merchantmen againſt the Barbary Corſairs, in the ſame Manner that the Spaniards do. An Algerine Veſſel, with 50 Men on board, is taken by one of the King's Chebecks.

Montpelier, May 23. M. de Singla, an eminent Advocate in the Parliament of Toulouſe, went ſome time ago to Paris, in order to marry the Daughter of a converted Huguenot. In the Interim the Archbiſhop of that City received an anonymous Letter, importing that M. de Singla was a zealous Proteſtant; upon which the Curate that was to give them the nuptial Bleſſing received Orders not to go through with the Ceremony, unleſs the affianced Parties would conſent to ſign an Inſtrument of their Abjuration; inſtead of which M. de Singla appealed to the Parliament againſt the Curate; and it was not doubted that he would have Juſtice done him. But, before he could bring the Cauſe to Hearing, he received an Order from Court, enjoining him to leave Paris, and return to Languedoc. The Advocate immediately obeyed, and is now in this City, where he is endeavouring, by means of powerful Friends, to obtain a Revocation of that arbitrary and unjuſt Order.

Madrid, May 20. *The King has cauſed all the Jewels of the Marqueſs de la Enſenada, which were ſeized upon at the Time of his Diſgrace, to be ſent to him to Grenada, where he continues to live in great Tranquility.*

Venice, May 31. We have Advice from Conſtantinople by Letters of the tenth Inſtant, That the Algerine Deputy at the Porte had received Orders to depart immediately, and to tell the Dey and the Regency how much the Grand Seignor diſapproves of their declaring War againſt the Imperialiſts and Dutch.

Paris, June 2. Some Prelates in the General Aſſembly of the Clergy have made a Motion for bringing the Affairs of the Times on the Tapis; but this has been oppoſed by the Majority, who urged, that it would be in vain to canvaſs ſuch Matters, ſince the King had not only forbid it in general Terms, but had moreover expreſly declared to the Cardinal de la Rochefoucault, Preſident of the Aſſembly, that he deſired they would abſtain from bringing on the Carpet any Affair relative to the Diſputes in the Church, or incompatible with the pacific Meaſures which he had ſo often recommended to them.

The Cardinal de la Rochefoucault ſollicited the King before the Opening of the general Aſſembly of the Clergy, that his Majeſty would be pleaſed to recal the Archbiſhop of Paris from his Baniſhment, and permit him to aſſiſt at the approaching Aſſembly; but the King did not ſeem diſpoſed to comply with his Eminence's Sollicitation.

Hanover, June 6. The King has approved of the Project for building a Citadel at Staden, which will render that Port a Security for a Squadron of Men of War. A Fund to defray the Expence of this Undertaking is already aſſigned.

HALIFAX, Auguſt 9,

We make a moſt grand Appearance in our Harbour, ſuch a Fleet was never before in America; there are Eleven Sail of the Line, with ſeveral ſmall Ships. Admiral Holbourn, with ſix Ships, is cruizing off Louiſbourg; and Captain Rous, with two 20 Gun Ships and a Sloop, ſailed from hence a few Days ago, on a ſecret Expedition; it is thought to diſpoſſeſs the French of a ſmall Settlement in the Weſtermoſt Part of Newfoundland, where we have heard ſome Veſſels from the Continent have been ſo villainous as to carry Proviſions, from whence the French carry it to Louiſbourg. Our Fleet has taken a Snow bound from France to Cape-Breton, loaded with Proviſions; nor will it be poſſible for any of their Veſſels to get in whilſt our Fleet is upon the Coaſt; nor is it unlikely, in caſe there ſhould be a War, that another Attempt would be made on Louiſbourg. We are now upon a great and noble Scheme of ſending the neutral French out of this Province, who have always been ſecret Enemies, and have encouraged our Savages to cut our Throats. If we effect their Expulſion, it will be one of the greateſt Things that ever the Engliſh did in America; for by all the Accounts, that Part of the Country they poſſeſs, is as good Land as any in the World: In caſe therefore we could get ſome good Engliſh Farmers in their Room, this Province would abound with all Kinds of Proviſions.

Auguſt 17. This Day ſailed out of the Harbour three of his Majeſty's Ships of War, in order, it is thought, to join Admiral Holbourn.

A few Days ſince, three Frenchmen were taken up and impriſoned, on Suſpicion of having poiſoned ſome of the Wells in this Neighbourhood. They are not tried as yet; and its imagined if they are convicted thereof, they will have but a few Hours to live after they are once condemned.

With the Bleſſing of God, we are at preſent plentifully ſtock'd with all Kinds of Proviſions; whilſt our Neighbours, the Cape-Bretoners, have felt, in a moſt ſurprizing Degree, the Effects of the ſeveral Prohibitions on the Continent, being now in a moſt deplorable Condition for want of the common Neceſſaries of Life, and afflicted with various Kinds of Diſeaſes.

The two French Men of War ſeized and brought in here by Boſcawen's Squadron, in June laſt, have now Engliſh Pendants flying, and all their Guns mounted; and the Command of the Lys, of 74 Guns, is given to Captain Amhurſt, who lately commanded the Mars; and that of the Alcide, 'tis ſuppoſed, will be given to the firſt Lieutenant of the Torbay.

The Officers of the Navy, as well as thoſe in the military Service, and every Individual in this Province, were extreamly alarmed and ſhocked on hearing of the Defeat of General Braddock; and the Circumſtances attending that unhappy and unlook'd-for Overthrow, ſeemingly exaggerates the whole Affair.

BOSTON, Auguſt 25.

Moſt of the Tranſports which carried the Troops from hence to Nova-Scotia, are returned, and have brought with them about 80 Invalids, and ſome others who have been diſcharged. The Soldiers yet remaining there were generally in good Health, but uneaſy for want of ſome military Employment. 'Tis ſaid they tell their Officers that they entered into the Service to fight, and not to lie unactive in a Camp. Such Men will never be affrighted at the Faces or Yellings of their Enemies.

Friday laſt one of our Schooners came in from the Banks, and by her we are informed, that being in one of the Cape Sable Harbours, a little below Halifax, two of the Men took the Canoe to go on Shore, but juſt as they reach'd it, they were fired upon by ſome Indians, who kill'd one of them, and wounded the other; after which the Indians ran down to ſcalp, but the wounded Man ſuddenly puſhed off the Canoe, and prevented them.

By a Veſſel arrived here Yeſterday from Chignecto, we are informed, that ſome of our People poſted near Bay Vert, obſerving a French Sloop and a Schooner taking in Cattle, got Boats or Canoes and took Poſſeſſion of them, tho' the Frenchmen fired upon them with Swivel Guns, &c. The two Veſſels had 29 Cattle on board, deſigned for Louiſbourg, but our People ſaved them the Trouble, by carrying them to Chignecto.---And further, that Colonel Winſlow, with 500 Men, was picking up the French Inhabitants, in order for Tranſportation.

NEW-YORK, September 1.

Our Accounts from the two Camps to the Northward, dated between the 20th and 24th of laſt Month, run thus.---That General Shirley arrived at Oſwego the 20th of Auguſt paſt, in good Health: That Colonel Mercer paſſed the Carrying-place the ſame Day, with all the Baggage, ſave a few Pieces of Cannon, and were expected to join the General the 28th: That two of the Veſſels on the Lake had been out on another Cruize, one of which it is ſaid, had gone within Sight of Niagara, and made her Obſervations: That between 150 and 200 Indian Warriors went through Albany the 21ſt, to join General Johnſon, and that another Body of much about the like Number of Indians were met on their March for the General's Camp the 24th: That the 500 New-hampſhire Forces left Albany on Wedneſday laſt: That certain Spies ſent out were returned to the Camp, and reported, That a large Body of French and Indians were at Crown-Point, and by their Preparations, ſeemingly expected an Attack: That the French had ſtopt the Wood Creek to prevent our Forces paſſing that Way: That General Johnſon propoſed to make Lake Sacrament, inſtead of Wood Creek, being adviſed thereto by ſome of the Indian Chiefs; and for which Place he actually was to march the 25th of Auguſt, with 1500 Men, from Fort Nicholls; and General Lyman, with the Diviſion under his Command, was to form the Rear, and to march the Day after.

Friday laſt Capt. John Seymour arrived here in 18 Days from Jamaica, who informs us, that the Day after he came out, he ſpoke with Capt. John Creighton, in a Schooner belonging to Kingſton, who acquainted him, that he had been chaſed by two French Sloops who were cruiſing off Port Morant, and that they had taken two Engliſh Snows outward bound. Soon after, Capt. Seymour diſcovered the two Sloops with their Prizes, one of which gave him Chace, but his Sloop being a prime Sailer, he got clear. Capt. Seymour ſays farther, that he imagines the two Veſſels taken, belonged to Philadelphia, as a Gentleman in Kingſton had, the Day he ſailed, juſt received Advice from Port Morant, of the ſailing of two Snows for that Place. Capt. Brown, of the Sloop Port-Royal, of this Port, ſailed from Jamaica five Days before Capt. Seymour.

Part of a Letter from a Gentleman in New-London, to his Friend in New-York, dated Auguſt 27, 1755.

---"A few Days ago Capt. Heath arrived here from the Weſt-Indies, in whom came two Frenchmen, gaily dreſſed; they viſited the Town Battery, and entirely ſatisfying their Curioſity, as to our Situation and Condition,---read in the ſeveral News-Papers, the Accounts of General Braddock's Defeat, and drank a Health to the brave Fellows that defeated him. This Behaviour at laſt, gave ſome Offence to the Magiſtrates, and they were put in Cuſtody of a Conſtable Forty-eight Hours, after which they appeared before a Court of Juſtices, who, we hear, have ordered them to depart the Place the very firſt Opportunity."

Laſt Monday the Truſtees of the NEW-YORK COLLEGE viſited and examined the Pupils belonging to that Seminary, under the Care of the Reverend Doctor JOHNSON, and were mighty well pleaſed with the Proficiency they had made both in their Latin and Greek Studies.

WILLIAMSBURG, Auguſt 15.

We are adviſed from Lunenburg, That the Inhabitants of that County have enter'd into an Aſſociation for paying a Company of Light Horſe, to conſiſt of Fifty effective Men, to range on the Frontiers of this Colony, to defend the Inhabitants from the Incurſions and Depredations of the French, and their Savage Indian Allies; which Aſſociation his Honour the Governor in Council has been pleaſed to approve of, as alſo to furniſh them with Ammunition and Proviſions, and has appointed Mr. Nathaniel Terry Captain of the ſaid Company.

Auguſt 22. An Expreſs arrived in Town this Morning in four Days from Fort Cumberland, with Advices from Colonel Innes, informing us, that Lieutenant Savage was juſt come in from the Great Meadows, whither he had been ordered with 18 Men; that he there met ſome friendly Indians, who acquainted him, that a Body of between 4 and 500 French and Indians were then within three Miles of him, and adviſed him to retreat as faſt as poſſible to the Fort, as it was uncertain whether they intended to fortify themſelves there, or would march immediately to the Fort. Upon Receipt of this Advice, Colonel Innes immediately diſpatched an Expreſs to Colonel Dunbar, to acquaint him with it, and to deſire Aſſiſtance.

We hear from Hanover, that 50 Men have offered themſelves as Voluntiers to range on the Frontiers of this Colony, and having recommended Mr. Samuel Overton to the Governor as their Captain, his Honour has been pleaſed to give him a Commiſſion, and furniſhed the Company with Ammunition and Proviſions.

His Majeſty's Ship Garland, Captain Arbuthnot, is ſailed from Hampton Road on a Cruize.

PHILADELPHIA, September 4.

A LIST *of his Majeſty's Fleet, under the Command of the honourable* EDWARD BOSCAWEN, *Eſq; Vice Admiral of the Blue, and Commander in Chief in and about* North-America.

Ships.	Guns.	Men.	Commanders.
Torbay,	74	720	Hon. Edward Boſcawen, Eſq; Vice Admiral. Capt. Charles Colby.
Monarch,	74	715	Savage Moſtyn, Eſq; Rear Admiral White. Capt. A. North.
Terrible,	74	715	Francis Holbourn, Eſq; Rear Admiral Blue. Capt. W. Holbourn.
Northumberland,	70	520	Right Hon. Lord Colvill.
Grafton,	70	520	Charles Holmes.
Edinburgh,	70	520	Thomas Stanhope.
Somerſet,	74	520	Francis Geary.
Chicheſter,	64	520	John Brett.
Yarmouth,	64	520	Henry Norris.
Fogeux,	64	520	Richard Spry.
Mars,	64	520	John Amhurſt. *loſt* June 24, *going into Halifax.*
Dunkirk,	60	420	Hon. Richard Howe.
Anſon,	60	420	Robert Mann.
Defiance,	60	420	Thomas Andrews.
Nottingham,	60	400	Samuel Marſhall.
Auguſta,	60	400	William Saltren Willet.
Centurion,	54	400	William Mantell.
Norwich,	50	330	Hon. Samuel Burrington.
Litchfield,	50	330	Matthew Barton.
19 Sail of the Line.	1216	9430	
Frigates.			
Garland,	20		Capt. Marriot Arbuthnot.
Syren,			Charles Proby.
Port Mahon,			Robert Hughes.
Mermaid,			Waſhington Shirley.
Succeſs,			John Rous.
Sea-Horſe,			Hugh Pallaſſer.
Nightingale,			Dudley Diggs.
Arundel,			Thomas Hankerſon.
Gibraltar,			John Hollwell.
Sloops.			
Jamaica,			Samuel Hood,
Horner,			Samſon Satt,
Vulture,			Capt. Scafe.
Baltimore,			Maurice Suckling.
Bacchus Tender,			Thomas Allen.

Extract of a Letter from Wincheſter, dated Auguſt 28.

"Four Indians are killed in Auguſta. Eight of them attacked a Houſe, and cut a Hole in the Door, to fire in upon the Inhabitants, who were before hand with them, and killed one of the Savages through it; upon which they left the Door, and broke open a Place between the Logs, through which one of them introduced his Firelock. The People within rendered it uſeleſs by a Blow, and killed the Fellow, upon which the reſt fled. The other two were killed in a different Part of the County. Laſt Friday two young Women were carried off the South Branch of Potowmack by the Indians; there are 100 Men in Purſuit of them."

From Virginia we hear, that the Governor has paſſed an Act for giving Forty Thouſand Pounds more, for maintaining Twelve Hundred Men to defend the Frontiers, and paying for Scalps at Ten Pounds each.

We have Advice from New-York, that the Cagnawaga Indians have declared in Favour of the French.

We hear alſo, that the Connecticut Government have ordered Two Thouſand Men to reinforce General Johnſon, and intend to raiſe them with all poſſible Diſpatch.

Captain Ferguſon, on his Paſſage from Plymouth, ſpoke with the Carolina, Captain Meſnard, on the 25th of June, about 150 Leagues from the Land's End of England, bound to London from this Port.

Friday laſt Colonel Dunbar, with the Forces under his Command, arrived here, and encamped on Society-Hill.

We hear from New-Caſtle, that one Ryan was put in Goal there laſt Week, on Suſpicion of counterfeiting the mill'd Dollars.

"IT is thought proper to inform the Publick, that in the Account given of the late Action on the 9th of July, wherein it is ſaid, that the Detachment of Three Hundred (which was the Van Guard of the Army) fell back on the main Body, and put it in ſuch Confuſion that no military Expedient could retrieve, is a Miſtake; the main Body being in Confuſion before it joined the above Detachment."

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Betſey, James Corrie from Antigua.
Brig Greyhound, Leſter Falkner from Barbados.
Sloop Phœnix, William Burrows from Bermuda.
Schooner Hannah, James Coborn from Jamaica.
Snow Polly, Cony Edwards from Swanzey.
Sloop Eſther, John Kennedy from Virgin Iſlands.
----Charming Peggy, Benjamin Baſſett from Providence.
----Elizabeth, Edmund Morton from Boſton.
Schooner Dolphin, William Morton from Ditto.
----Lady Sophia, Samuel Doggett from Do.
Ship Leith Galley, John Sharp from Jamaica.
Brig Lark, Robert Gardiner from Do.
-- -Sea-Flower, Enoch Howard from N. York.
Ship Philadelphia, Robert Ferguſon from Plymouth.

OUTWARDS.

Sloop Mary, Daniel Luſhar for Jamaica.
Snow Prince George, William Kidd for Do.
----Betſey, Matthew Dreſon for Madeira.
Ship Elliſon, James Marſh for Jamaica.
Schooner Hannah, James Coborn for Weſt-Indies.
Ship Severn, Samuel Appowen for Liſbon.
Sloop Suſannah, Bourchier Durell for N. Carolina.

CLEARED.

Ship Attwoods, William Greenway to Cork.
Brig Kenſington, William Cuzxins to London.
Snow May-Flower, Jeremiah Drieſcall to Cork.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold at the New-Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet *(Price Sixpence)*

AN ACT for extending ſo much of an Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for puniſhing Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army, and their Quarters*; paſſed in the Twenty-eighth Year of the preſent Reign, as relates to the Quartering and Billeting of Soldiers, and Payment of their Quarters, in that Part of *Great-Britain* called *England*.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN or ſtrayed from William Rodman, of Benſalem, Bucks county, on the 28th of July laſt, at night, a fine black mare, but tann'd with the ſun, 15 hands high, 5 or 6 years old, a natural pacer, goes light and eaſy, has a large ſnip on her noſe, and runs up her face ſmall to a ſtar in her forehead, the ſnip is moſt on the off noſtril; the near hind foot white; branded on the off buttock with the letter I; had a ſhort ſwitch tail, was ſhod before, and her mane hangs on the off ſide. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings her to her owner, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward; and if ſtolen, and the thief taken and ſecured, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, Four Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me.

Theſe. WILLIAM RODMAN.

DESERTED from Wills's Creek, Jacob Huffman, a German, of brown complexion, about five feet seven inches high, a well set man, about thirty years of age.

Jacob Lunts, a German, of brown complexion, five feet six inches high, wears his own hair, speaks bad English, and is about 28 years of age.

James Dunning, an Englishman, about 25 years of age, of fair complexion and fair hair, is a barber by trade, a well made man, about five feet seven inches high.

John Humphreys, an Englishman, of brown complexion, about 19 years of age, and five feet seven inches high, has followed the sea, has a thin visage, is of a slender make, and a great swearer. They had on their regimentals, and carried off their arms with them. Whoever apprehends and delivers them to any officer of the Virginia companies, shall receive a Pistole reward for each.

ADAM STEPHEN.

RUN away from the subscriber, at Wills's Creek, a Scotch servant man, named John Dixon, of a brown complexion, about five feet six inches high, and twenty years of age, wears his own Hair, cut very short before, is well dressed in blue turned up with red, a laced hat, and a pair of neat boots. He is very handy at cutting and dressing hair, and waiting on a Gentleman. Whoever apprehends and delivers him to the subscriber at Wills's Creek, or to Mr. John Dow, at Winchester, shall have Four Pistoles reward, paid by JAMES CRAICK.

To be sold by the Subscriber,

A Lot of good land, situated in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, near Oxford church, about 8 miles from the city, containing about twenty acres of land, well watered, and the greatest part well timbered. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may apply to the subscriber, living near Busseltown, and know the terms. JACOB DUFFIELD.

To the Freemen of the City and County of Philadelphia,

GENTLEMEN,

THE subscriber, with gratitude, acknowledgeth the honour done him in your choosing him for one of the representatives in assembly for some years past, which you was so kind as to do without his seeking or sollicitation; but as he, for very good reasons, is now determined not to serve as a member next year, he gives this publick notice of it, that if any of you should intend to put in his name at the ensuing election, you may decline it, and choose some other person in his stead, better qualified to fill that important trust, and who may be more instrumental to promote his Majesty's service, and the welfare of this, and the other British colonies in America, in the present critical conjuncture of their affairs: Nevertheless he begs leave to profess himself, with all due respect and esteem, Gentlemen, your real Friend, Fellow Citizen, and obliged humble Servant, *EVAN MORGAN.* §

To be SOLD, by

JOHN WILCOCKS,

Below the Drawbridge,

WEST-INDIA rum, sugar, and choice St. Christophers melasses. Likewise two young likely Negroe men, one has been at sea some time.

To the Freeholders, and others, Electors of the County of Chester,

GENTLEMEN,

AS I intend to stand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office at the ensuing Election, I take this Method to desire your Votes and Interest for the same, which shall be gratefully acknowledged by your Friend to serve, § *JOHN PEARSON.*

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Frederick town, Cecil county, Maryland, an indented servant man, named John Petty, born in the west of England, between 35 and 40 years of age, about 5 feet and a half high; by trade a tanner, but is acquainted with, and has been used to, farmers and labourers work: Had on when he went away, An old hat, worsted cap, old light brown cloth coat, ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers, and half-worn shoes; he may change his apparel, and pretends to be a sailor, therefore it is probable he will go towards Philadelphia or the Jerseys, as he has been in those places many years, and seemed to be well acquainted with them, and says he has a wife now living in the Jerseys. He is much given to drink, and when in liquor is very talkative and noisy. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Two Pistoles reward if brought home, and reasonable charges, paid by MICHAEL EARLE.

N. B. If taken in Philadelphia, or near it, and brought to Mr. Alexander Lunan, Merchant, in said city, he will pay the above reward.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4, 1755.

THIS is to give Notice to all GENTLEMEN and LADIES of this City, That there is just arrived from England, and to be seen at the Dancing-room belonging to the late Mr. Quin, deceased, in Second street, A VENETIAN GLOBE, which represents, in the largest and plainest Manner, the Creation of the World; the full Scenes of Paradise; shews the Prodigal Son, and Noah's Ark; with sundry other Representations, too tedious to mention. The doors to be opened for Performance at Seven a Clock To morrow Night, and to begin at Eight. Prices, Two Shillings front Seats, Eighteen Pence middle Seats, and One Shilling the lowest Seats. The Person will not stay in Town above eight Days from the Date hereof. §

WANTED,

A Young Negroe woman, that can wash and iron well. Enquire of CHARLES OSBORNE, at the house where Mordecai Yarnall lately lived, in Second-street. Tbetf.

LOST between Bush-Hill and Philadelphia, on the 18th of August, a small sized Watch, with a shagreen case, maker's name James Good, London, No. 572. Whoever finds said watch and brings it to Mr. STRETCH, watchmaker in Second-street, or to MATTHIAS SANDHAM, at Bush-Hill, shall have Twenty Shillings reward. If offered for sale, it is desired to be stopt. ¶

DESERTED from one of his majesty's independant companies from South-Carolina, on the road between Lancaster and Philadelphia, one Richard Warden, alias English Dick, about five feet ten inches high, pretty much pock-marked, and has fair hair. Took with him two horses, one bay and the other black, with the baggage belonging to one of the officers of the company. Whoever brings him to the camp at Philadelphia, or secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, shall have Three Guineas reward, besides the King's bounty, paid by PAUL DEMERIE.

Philadelphia, September 4, 1755.

NOtice is hereby given, That if Timothy Summers, or Lawrence his Brother, who came into Pennsylvania some years ago, from Trillick, in the county of Tyrone, in Ireland, be yet alive, by applying to Thomas Lucas, at Pequay, in Lancaster county, they will hear of something very much to their satisfaction; or if dead, the person who makes report in the Pennsylvania Gazette, shall be gratefully rewarded by THOMAS LUCAS.

STrayed or stolen on Monday, the 25th of August, at night, from the subscriber, living at the mill commonly known by the name of De Wees's mill, a dark iron grey mare, betwixt 3 and four years old, 14 hands and a half high, paces a slow travel, hand gallops and trots well, has a short bushy mane, that hangs on both sides, and is branded on the near shoulder W. S. has a seam on her shoulder, near the brand, which may be felt by rubbing the hand over it. Whoever brings said mare home, or secures her, so as the owner may have her again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, paid by WILLIAM STREPER. †

DROPT from a gentleman's watch chain, on Thursday, the 27th of August, on the road between John Bright's and the widow Miller's, a triangular seal set in gold, with a coat of arms on one side, a grey-hound's head on the second, and an old head of Inigo Jones on the third; as also a good ring set with an amethist, and a small head engraved on it: If any person finds both, and will bring them to Captain MERCER, of Colonel DUNBAR'S Regiment, in Philadelphia, shall receive *Fifty Shillings* reward, which is more than the gold is worth. ⊕

RUN away on the 6th of last month, from William Stockton, living in Springfield township, in Burlington county, a Mulatto slave, named Sam, about 19 years of age, of a middle size, somewhat freckled in the face, and his hair cut off: Had on when he went away, A new felt hat, and linen cap, marked I. a brown homespun drugget coat, with hard metal buttons, an ozenbrigs shirt, and a check ditto, good buckskin breeches, with brass buttons, bluish yarn stockings, strong shoes, with brass buckles, and had a blood-stone about his neck. Whoever takes up and secures said slave, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

§ WILLIAM STOCKTON.

To be SOLD by

Captain JOHN SIBBALD,

MADEIRA Wine, Jamaica Spirit, and Sweet Wine, by Wholesale or Retail. ⊕

WHEREAS Joseph Claudius Mayne hired a horse and chair of the subscriber, living in Philadelphia, on the 18th of last month, to go to New-Castle, and was to return in three days, but has not since appeared here, nor has he been at New-Castle, therefore it is supposed he has no Intention of returning. The horse is about eight years old, of a light bay colour, with a black mane and tail newly trimmed, branded M C with a cross, on the near shoulder and hip, but not very perceptible; has a lump on the off fore-foot, occasioned by its being split. The chair is lined with coarse green cloth, and has a double spring, with a trunk board behind, fastened to the shafts; the hind-springs are mended with iron plates; the chair is painted with olive green, with new fashioned wings; the harness is pretty good, with a new saddle. The said man is of a middle size, wears his own hair, tied up behind, and wore a lightish coloured coat, with flat silver buttons. Whoever secures the said horse and chair, so as the owner may have them again, shall have Three Pounds reward, or Five Pounds for the man, horse and chair, paid by

⊕ JACOB FOX.

STOLEN or strayed from the subscribers, living near Grubb's Furnace, in Lebanon township, Lancaster county, in the night of the 29th of August, two horses; the one a dapple grey, about 15 hands high, 7 years old next spring, is a natural pacer, has some marks on his near buttock, which cannot be made out, and is shod before. The other is a light grey horse, about 14 hands high, 6 years old last spring, is a trotter, marked (C) on the near side before, and on the near buttock (TM) in a piece, and is shod before. Whoever takes up and brings the said horses to the subscribers, shall have Seven Pounds reward for both, or Four Pounds for the first mentioned horse, and Three Pounds for the last, paid by HENRY SMITH and CONRAD TEMPLEMAN. ⊕

To be LETT,

A Fulling mill, dye house and press, with all the utensils, in good order for the carrying on the business of a fuller and dyer, with a good new dwelling house, 24 feet by 18, two story high, a new shop, 22 feet by 18, joining the house, and stands very convenient to the mill and dye house, the tanter bars being also placed very commodious to the house and mills, for the ease of the workmen; the said fulling mill being under the same cover of the grist-mill at Trenton, and lies in a fine settled country, and will be lett for a term of years. Whoever inclines to rent the said fulling mill, &c. by applying to Robert Lettis Hooper, the owner thereof, living near the premises, shall have good encouragement. *

RUN away, on the 12th of August, from the subscriber, living in West Bradford, Chester county, a Dutch servant man, named Francis Stemeas, about 30 years of age, of a low stature, and very well set, of a dark complexion, full eye-brows: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, a black German serge jacket and breeches lined, a dark boiled camblet jacket with horse-hair buttons, and an old blue coat, that has the skirts cut off, it is short, and hath neither cuffs nor lining, a half-worn felt hat, with a piece of white bobbin for a band, thread stockings, half worn shoes, with strings in them, and three home made flaxen linen shirts, almost new, a pair of tow trowsers, and sundry womens Dutch clothes; in particular a black jacket, the same of his own, and several linen clothes; he wears his own hair, and is poison'd in one of his legs; he took feloniously away several things too tedious to mention, and can talk French. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

STEPHEN HARLON.

CAME to the plantation of David Jones, tavernkeeper in the county of Berks, and township of Carnarvon, a black horse, a natural pacer, branded on the near shoulder and buttock with PC, shod all round, trimmed behind his ears, a short switch tail; about ten years old, and between 13 and 14 hands high: The owner is desired to come and pay the charges, and take him away. ¶ DAVID JONES.

Lancaster, August 28, 1755.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or stolen, last Monday night, from the subscriber, living in Lampeter township, Lancaster county, a valuable light bay horse, 9 years old, 14 hands high, has a small star on his forehead, is branded with *I* on the near shoulder, and *H* on the near buttock; he has a small hitch when he goes beyond a travelling pace, and is shod before.

Whoever takes up said horse, and brings him (or sends word thereof) to the subscriber, shall have Three Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JACOB HAINS. ‡

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,

A VALUABLE plantation, situated near Chester, in Chester county, joining on the river Delaware, 13 miles from Philadelphia, containing near 160 acres of land, extraordinary good soil for grass lots or corn land; upwards of 20 acres of marsh meadow drained and undrained on it, near half a mile front on said river of flats or muds, which yields extraordinary pasture at all seasons for pasturing, wet or dry weather; a good orchard, and good buildings. There is great opportunity to improve the upland by hay, stock and mud, which are profitable and lasting manure. The terms will be moderate, for which apply to JACOB CARTER, living near, or JOSEPH CARTER, living on the premisses. § T. b. c. 5 Ws.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Upper Merion township, and county of Philadelphia, on the 30th of August last, an Irish servant Man, named James Rood, about 25 years of age, and is a lusty well set fellow, is of a dark complexion, and has a sour look, and his right knee bends in: Had on when he went away, an old hat, linen cap, old brown coloured broadcloth coat, with white metal buttons, lined with shaloon, an ozenbrigs shirt, striped flannel breeches, with the stripes across, a pair of white linen stockings, and old shoes. Whoever takes up and secures said servant in any goal in this province, so that his master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me ABRAHAM WILLIAMS. ¶

RUN away on the 30th of last month, from the subscriber, at the lower ferry on Ancocus creek, in Burlington county, An Irish servant man, named Turrence Magwigin, about twenty-six years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a black complexion, wears his own hair: Had on when he went away, a greyish home-made cloth jacket, and an under striped ditto, an old beaver hat, old ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers, and has a new check shirt, good double soaled shoes, with strings in them. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Three Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

⊕ WILLIAM ALLEN.

Lancaster, September 4, 1755.

STrayed or stolen from the subscriber, living in Lampeter township, Lancaster county, A valuable black mare, four years old, about 15 hands high, is branded on the near shoulder and buttock with the letter M. she paces and trots, and is trimmed. Whoever takes up said mare, and brings her (or sends word) to the subscriber, shall have Three Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ⊕ ABRAHAM NEWCOMER.

RUN away on the first of this inst. at night, from the subscriber, living in Gloucester county, An English servant man, named Edward Maybe, a short fellow, of a dark complexion, wears his own black hair, and has a hair mold on his left cheek: Had on when he went away, A homespun sheep's grey jacket, lined with flannel, an old felt hat, homespun shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, speckled yarn stockings, old shoes, not fellows, with strings in them. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JACOB HUGG. §

RUN away on the 21st of last month, from the subscriber, living in Carlisle, Cumberland County, An English servant man, named John Wallace, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, pitted with the small pox, and wears his own short brown hair: Had on when he went away, a blue broad-cloth jacket, turn'd, the fore-parts lined with blue half thicks, and the back-parts with shaloon, and a blue great coat, with blue cloth buttons, fix linen shirts, check trowsers, and a pair of linen ditto, thread stockings, a pair of boots, with large tops. He took with him a hunting saddle and bridle. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by § JAMES BRANDON.

STrayed or stolen on the 24th of last month, from off the commons, a bay horse, about 14 hands high, has no brand, a natural pacer, and travels large, 4 years old last spring, shod before, and has large hoofs. Whoever takes up said horse, and secures him so that the owner may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges; or if stolen, and the thief brought to justice, Three Pounds, paid by

THOMAS COATES, jun. in Race-street.

N. B. Likewise strayed away the latter end of June last, from said Coates, A red and white cow, about 7 years old, branded with Tc on her horns in several places. Whoever informs the owner of said cow, so as he may have her again, shall have Ten Shillings reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by the abovesaid Thomas Coates. §

WILLIAM MOORE,

INTENDING to go to England next fall, desires all persons indebted to him to make speedy payment. He has now by him a very large assortment of European and East-India goods, which he will sell exceeding cheap for READY MONEY ONLY.

To be sold by

THOMAS ELLIS,

Glazier, in Front-street, opposite Black-horse-alley,

SHeet lead, mill'd or cast bar ditto, Bristol glass, of sundry sizes, by the box or retail, London crown ditto, of any size, fit for clocks, samplars, pictures, white lead, red ditto, vermilion, Persian blues of sundry sorts, leaf gold, looking glasses, linseed oil, street lamps, &c. Tbetf.

Notice is hereby given, That

EDWARD BROADFIELD,

Is removed from Bordentown to Trenton,

AND continues to pickle sturgeon in the safest and best manner, and with more conveniency for the getting the fish alive out of the river, than at Bordentown; and persons who did favour him with their custom last year, may depend upon being equally or better served now, being more in his power for the reasons aforesaid. And all persons who shall buy to export abroad, if care be taken that the kegs lose not their pickle, will be warranted to keep good in the hottest climate for two years; and all persons who shall have occasion for present use, and home consumption, when they open the kegs, will first draw off the pickle below the bung, then take out the head, put the bung in tight, harden the hoops on, put the pickle in, and a cloth on the keg, with the head upon that, with a small weight thereon to keep the air out; and you may preserve the fish as long as you please.

N. B. To prevent any Imposition, they are to be sold by ALEXANDER LUNAN, at Hamilton's wharff, and by no other person in Philadelphia. Tbetf.

Just imported in the Samuel, Joshua Young master, from Liverpool, and to be sold by

BENJAMIN KENDALL,

In Chestnut-street, almost opposite the Three Tuns,

A LARGE Quantity of CHESHIRE CHEESE. Where is also sold, Clocks and Silver Watches; Variety of Iron-mongery and Cutlery Ware; Joiners Furniture; English RED CLOVER SEED; with sundry other European Goods. Tbetf.

Mortgages, Wills, Bonds, and other Deeds and Instruments of Writing, drawn by

PAUL ISAAC VOTO,

At his Office, the Corner of Black-horse Alley, in Second-street, Philadelphia.

SAMUEL GRISLEY,

In High-street, commonly call'd Market street, a little below the Jersey-market, a green lamp before the door,

CONTINUES to sell choice old Madeira wine by the quarter cask, gallon and quart, old Jamaica spirit, French brandy, and Lisbon wine, by the gallon and quart, white wine, canary or sack, and claret, by the bottle. Where gentlemen, masters of vessels, &c. may have it bottled off for sea; also for country taverns, and funerals, any quantity of each above a pint. ⊕ 5s. Tbc.

WHEREAS an advertisement was published some time ago by the subscribers hereof, desiring those who were indebted to them for more than one year's Gazette to discharge the same, of which little or no notice has been taken, but many continue a great number of years in arrear; this may therefore serve to let such know, that if they do not speedily pay off their respective ballances, they will not only be no longer serv'd with this News Paper, but effectual measures will be taken to recover what is so unjustly detained.

Those who live at a distance, and incline to be serv'd with this paper, are also hereby acquainted, that it is the custom to send Five Shillings with their subscription, being so much in advance as earnest money, to be allowed in their first year's payment. And all advertisements sent from distant places, ought to be accompanied with the money, otherwise they cannot be inserted. FRANKLIN and HALL.

To the Freeholders, and Freemen of the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you Thanks for the Favour you did me the laſt Year in putting me on the Return for Sheriffs; and as I intend to ſtand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office the enſuing Year, I beg the Favour of your Votes at the next Election, which ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by your moſt humble Servant,

JAMES COULTAS.

To the Freeholders, and others, Electors of the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,

AS you did me the Honour of returning me Coroner at the laſt Election, for which I am greatly obliged to you, I now take the Liberty of deſiring the Continuance of your Favour and Intereſt at the enſuing Election for the ſame Office, which will be an additional Obligation upon, Gentlemen, your moſt humble Servant, *THOMAS BOUDE.* ⊕

WHEREAS it was advertiſed ſome months ago, in this paper, That all perſons indebted to the eſtate of Daniel Piſtorius, late of Germantown, deceaſed, ſhould make ſpeedy payment to the executors, in order to enable them to diſcharge the juſt debts of ſaid eſtate, of which but too little notice has been taken: This therefore may inform all ſuch who are ſo indebted by bond, bill, note, book debt, or unſettled accounts, that the executors will be under a neceſſity ſpeedily to ſue for the ſame, if not ſoon paid, as thoſe to whom the eſtate is indebted grow, and will more and more grow impatient for the payment of their juſt demands on ſaid eſtate. SARAH PISTORIUS, and GEORGE SHOEMAKER, Executors. ¶

N. B. To be ſold by ſaid executors, a tract of good land, in the townſhip of Franconia, Philadelphia county, containing by computation 400 acres, which may be divided into ſeveral plantations, there being two ſettlements now thereon. For further particulars, enquire of ſaid Executors, or of *Abraham Lucken*, living near the premiſes, or of *Thomas Roſe*, in Germantown.

THERE is now at the plantation of John Johnſon, in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, a black horſe, about fourteen hands high, branded with the letter E on the ſhoulder and thigh, and is a pacer. Whoever deſcribes his other marks, proves his property, and pays charges, may have him again, by applying to ſaid JOHN JOHNSON. ¶

BORDENTOWN STAGE continued.

JOSEPH BORDEN's Stage-boat, Joſeph Cannida maſter, attends the Crooked Billet wharff every Monday and Tueſday; and his ſhallop, Daniel Harriſon, maſter, at the ſame place, every Friday and Saturday; ſtage waggons attend the ſaid boats; the ſtage-boat at Amboy commanded by Aaron Edwards.

As to the owners of the Burlington ſtage boaſting of their advantages being ſuperior to mine, I ſhall not take the trouble to make reply to, becauſe the publick, by this time, are the beſt judges of our ſtages, and their advantages, only ſhall juſt note the laſt clauſe of their advertiſement (that is) they ſay we are one tide longer upon the water than they are, which in fact is ſaying we are always two tides upon our paſſage, well done brother adventurers, that is a large one. All gentlemen and ladies that pleaſe to favour me with their buſineſs, may depend upon the utmoſt care and diſpatch of their humble ſervant,

JOSEPH BORDEN, junior.

STray'd on the 29th of April laſt, from the plantation of James Lindſay, of Aſhton townſhip, Cheſter county, the following creatures, viz. One little black mare, with a ſhort bob tail, her mane hangs on the near ſide, and goes a ſmall travel: The other, a ſorrel colt, a year old, not cut, has a large blaze in his face, a natural pacer. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid creatures, ſo as the owner may have them again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JAMES LINDSAY. §

RUN away on the 10th ult. from Thomas Ogle, of Ogle-Town, in New-Caſtle county, one Thomas Francis, a freeman; he is of low ſtature, has ſore legs, and black hair: Had on a brown coat and jacket. Went away with him a ſervant man, named David Ecklin, an Iriſhman, of a pale complexion, and has much of the brogue on his tongue: Had on a ſtriped linſey woolſey jacket, and an old hat. They took with them a large bay horſe, that has the pole-evil, and a lump on his ſide. It is ſuppoſed they ſtole a ſuit of brown broadcloth clothes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Men, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by THOMAS OGLE, JOHN SCOTT, or DANIEL WORMS. §

PIKE HEADS, Halberd-heads, Drums and Colours, for completely furniſhing a Company of Foot, may be had reaſonably of PLUNKET FLEE ON, in *Fourth ſtreet.*

Captain *JAMES CHILD,*

INTENDING for England this ſummer, deſires all perſons indebted to him to make ſpeedy payment. He has on hand, A variety of Eaſt-India and European goods; alſo choice Barbados rum, melaſſes, ſugar, &c. to be ſold at the loweſt prices.

T. b. c. t. f.

SARAH BROWN,

At the houſe where Michael Brown formerly liv'd, in Saſſafras-ſtreet, commonly call'd Race-ſtreet, between Second and Front-ſtreets,

STILL continues in the buſineſs of SILK-DYING; where any perſon may have all ſorts of ſilks, &c. dyed in any colour, tabbies water'd, worſted ſtuffs dyed or dreſſed, ſilk ſtockings and gloves dyed, leather breeches and ſkins dyed, camblet cloaks dyed and dreſſed, mens clothes dry or wet ſcower'd, ſpots taken out of ſtuffs damaged at ſea, Linen yarn dyed blue, &c.

N. B. As ſaid Sarah Brown having a Cul'ender, and the moſt convenient tools for that buſineſs, required in America, ſhe engages her work to be done as neat as in London.

Juſt imported from London, and to be ſold by

STEPHEN CARMICK,

At the houſe where Mr. Thomas York lately dwelt, in Water-ſtreet, the third door above Market-ſtreet,

VEry good ozenbrigs, white and brown princes linen, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting, fine and coarſe yard-wide Iriſh linens, ſtanders bed-ticks, 3 qr. 7-eights, yard, yard and 3-eights, cotton and linen checks, ſtriped cotton hollands, colour'd fuſtians, white jeans, thickſets, Ruſſia diaper, yard wide tandem, 7-eights garlix, long lawns, broad lawns, clear lawns, in pieces and patches, 6-qr. muſlins, a large aſſortment of calicoes and printed cottons, bandanees bordered, ſilk romals, lungee romals, cotton romals, Scotch and other handkerchiefs, gingbams, bengals, black, blue, and cloth colour'd everlaſtings, fine blue, white, green and pink durants, ſcarlet and figured gartering, boil'd camblets, Scotch colour'd and Nuns thread, black, blue, ſcarlet and drab colour'd worſted breeches, mens white, mix'd and brown thread and worſted hoſe, womens ditto, pins, writing paper, ſuperfine and middling broad-cloths, ſewing ſilks, Weſton's ſnuff, calimancoes, ſhaloons, cutlary, buttons, beſt ſilk and hair, mill ſaws, powder and ſhot, &c. &c. &c.

All perſons indebted to ſaid Carmick twelve months or upwards, are deſired to pay, or they may expect to be ſued.

FOUND in the Jerſey Market a piece of gold. The owner deſcribing it may have it again, paying the charge of this advertiſement. Enquire at the New-Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet.

For BARBADOS directly,

The SLOOP *WINDSOR,* Will ſail in ten Days.

For Freight or Paſſage apply to *Kearney* and *Gilbert*, or Mr. *John Martindale*, on board ſaid Sloop, at *Joſeph King*'s Wharff.

STRAYED away, on the eleventh of Auguſt laſt, from John Hambright's, at the White-horſe tavern, in Cheſter county, a black horſe, about 14 hands high, eight years old, and branded PC on the near ſhoulder and buttock, ſhod all round. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and brings him to ſaid tavern, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings reward, paid by JOHN HAMBRIGHT.

To be ſold by publick vendue on Wedneſday, the 15th of October next, by William Blair, and William M'Ilvaine, of the city of Philadelphia merchants,

A CERTAIN lot of ground, with a tolerable good wooden tenement thereon, in the Northern Liberties of the ſaid city, fronting the Frankford road, a little above the Sugar houſe; it was lately in the poſſeſſion of Mary Harbeſon, and is exceedingly well ſituated for a huxter's ſhop. The lot is 40 feet front on the road, and 100 feet deep; bounded to the ſouthward by land of James Eſtaugh. Any perſon who may incline to purchaſe it privately before the day of ſale, may know the terms, by applying to William Blair, or William M'Ilvaine, who purpoſe to give time for the payment of the money, the purchaſer paying intereſt.

N. B. If no purchaſer offers before the day of ſale, the ſale will begin preciſely at ten a clock on the aforeſaid day. ⊕

To be SOLD,

CHOICE good PICKLING VINEGAR, at the Boar's Head, in Pewter-Platter-Alley. ⊙

RUN away, on the tenth ult. from on board the ſhip Tyger, Gawen Burrows maſter, now lying at the Ferry-houſe wharff, two apprentices, viz. Thomas Hoxſon, or Hixſon, about 5 feet 5 inches high, a thick luſty lad, has dark hair, pock mark'd, with a ſcar acroſs his noſe: Had on when he went away, a check ſhirt, dark ſilk handkerchief, white friz jacket, with blue ſpots, a pair of trowſers, ribb'd yarn ſtockings, a pair of pumps, and two different buckles. William Wadſworth, about 5 feet 3 inches high, a ſtrait ſlender lad, of a pale complexion, and ſtutters very much: Had on when he went away, a ſtriped ſhirt, dark ſilk handkerchief, with yellow ſpots, a white flannel jacket, ſpotted, a pair of trowſers, yarn ſtockings, new ſhoes, and large ſquare copper buckles. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid apprentices, ſo that they be delivered to George Okill, or the ſaid captain on board, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by

GEORGE OKILL.

THOMAS HEWES,

Upholſterer, at Joſeph Ogden's, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

MAKES all ſorts of upholſterer's work, at the moſt reaſonable rates; ſuch as beds and window curtains, eaſy chairs, couches, matraſſes, feather beds, ſacking bottoms, chair bottoms, ſhip ſtools and umbrelloes, &c. Thoſe who are pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being ſerved with the utmoſt care and diſpatch by their friend THOMAS HEWES. ⊙

RUN away from Philemon Thomas, of Queen Anne's county, Maryland, a ſervant man, named John Apperley, a ſmooth faced fellow: Had on when he went away, an old fine hat, cut round the brim, and bound with the ſame, a coarſe ſhirt and trowſers, a white woollen jacket, and old ſhoes. He limps a little as he walks, as if one leg was ſhorter than the other. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive Twenty Shillings reward beſides what the law allows, from PHILEMON THOMAS. ¶

STRAYED or ſtolen away from William M'Ilvaine's plantation, commonly called The Great Iſland, near Briſtol, in the county of Bucks, about the tenth of July laſt, a neat yoke of oxen, in tolerable good order, both black, very much alike with reſpect to ſhapes, each of them have the end of their tails broke off, one of them has a white face, and the other only part of it white. Whoever brings the ſaid yoke of oxen to the ſaid plantation, and delivers them to Hugh Dun overſeer thereon, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges; or whoever ſecures them, ſo that the overſeer may have them again, ſhall have a Piſtole reward, paid by WILLIAM M'ILVAINE, or HUGH DUN.

N. B. The yoke of oxen were bred at Richard Mount's in Freehold, within ſix miles of Allen's-town, in the Jerſeys; but as enquiry has been made at Richard Mount's about them, and no account of them, it is uncertain which ſide of the river they may be on.

To be ſold by Alexander Graydon of Briſtol, or William M'Ilvaine in Philadelphia, a large and good flat, with her rigging, ſails, anchor, &c. She is but four years old this ſummer, and carries fourteen cord of green hickery. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may have time to pay the money, giving good ſecurity, if required. The flat lies now at Briſtol. ⊕

To be SOLD, for no Fault,

A WHITE Lad, and a Negroe woman; the man writes a good hand, and is very quick in accompts; he is a butcher by trade, and has been uſed to attend at a tavern: He has upwards of three years to ſerve, and is 18 years of age. The Negroe woman is 27 years of age; ſhe is an excellent cook, underſtands a dairy very well, and is fit for a gentleman's country houſe: She has a Male-child, between 3 and 4 months of age, ſtrong and hearty. For further particulars, enquire of SUSANNAH RUSH, facing the Jerſey Market. ¶

Imported in the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

ALEXANDER HUSTON,

At his ſtore in Second ſtreet, oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting houſe, the following goods, viz.

BOhea and green tea, hempen and flaxen ſprigs, ozenbrigs, white and brown heſſens, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, hempen and flaxen ruſſias, ravens duck, tandems, gulix, nuns and Iriſh hollands, damaſk and diaper table cloths, damaſk and diaper napkening and clouting, princes linen, brown hollands, long, flowered, broad and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, cambricks, yd. wd. ell wd. 6 qr. coarſe and fine muſlins, India ſilks, viz. damaſks, paduaſoys, black and cloth colour'd taffeties, ſtriped and plain perſians, china blue, and common blue bed patterns, calicoes, green, blue and cloth colour'd mantuas, great variety of printed linens and calicoes, India and Engliſh chints, coarſe and fine gingbams, bengals, romals, bandanoes, ſuperfine worſted black damaſks, calimancoes, ſhaloons, variety of linen and cotton checks, bed ticks, 3d, 10d, 12d, and 20d nails, 7 eights and 3 qr. garlix, ſtriped, imboſſed, white and red flannels, green, blue and cloth colour'd broadcloths, turkey, duck and pidgeon ſhot, pewter, &c. &c. Likewiſe a healthy, active Negroe boy, about 15 years of age, born in the country, and has had the ſmall-pox. Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY Dutch ſervant boy's time, who has about eight years to ſerve. Enquire at the New Printing Office.

[*See the Half-ſheet for the other Advertiſements.*]

Philadelphia, Auguſt 21, 1755.

RUN away, on the 17th inſtant, from John Daniel, of London-grove townſhip, Cheſter county, An Iriſh ſervant man, named William Nixon; he is a ſhort, thick, well-ſet and down-looking fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high; of a ſwarthy complexion, big noſe, and broad face: Had with him, when he went away, a linen cap, light colour'd homeſpun worſted jacket, two pair of tow trowſers, two tow ſhirts, light blue yarn ſtockings, and new ſhoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ⊕ JOHN DANIEL.

N. B. All recruiting officers, and captains of veſſels, are deſire not to enliſt, or carry the ſaid ſervant off.

Norrington, Auguſt 12, 1755.

RUN away, on the tenth inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Norrington, Philadelphia county, A Dutch ſervant man, named Andrew Swarts; he has light brown hair: Had on when he went away, a green coat, lin'd with green linſey, blue broadcloth jacket, without ſleeves, homeſpun ſhirt, tow trowſers, good ſhoes, with braſs buckles in them, pale blue ribb'd ſtockings, and a half worn felt hat; he walks clumſey, ſpeaks but indifferent Engliſh, and is a miller by trade. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by MILES EVANS. ⊕

Juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold cheap for preſent money or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS PRESTON,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, next door to Joſhua Maddox's Eſq; and nearly oppoſite the Friends Meeting-houſe,

NAils, wrought anvils, graſs ſcythes, iron wier, iron plate, flat irons, hand-ſaws, files, ſcale beams, beſt London ſteel, and pewter of all ſorts, copper tea kettles, lead and ſhot, tinmens tools, middling and coarſe broad cloths, forreſt-cloths, ſhaloons, tammies, durants, ruſſels, calimancoes, worſted damaſks, corded poplins, rugs and blankets, cambricks and lawns, Iriſh linens of all prices, Ruſſia, Pruſſia, princes linens and ſileſias, all ſorts of Manchester checks, bed-ticks, German & Iriſh ozenbrigs, brown heſſens and brown rolls, camblets, camblettees and everlaſtings, printed linens, cottons, chints and bed patterns, white and brown buckrams, hair-cloths, mohair and ſcarff buttons and twiſt, dy'd pillows and thick-ſets, looking glaſſes and horſe whips, coffee mills, all ſorts of cutlary and haberdaſhery ware, felt hats, Weſton's ſnuff, writing paper, metal buttons, pins and needles, Leghorn hats, worſted ſtockings, and worſted patterns for breeches, variety of mantua and luteſtring ſilks, and ſewing ſilk, ſalt petre, glauber and epſom ſalts, flour brimſtone, verdigreaſe, antimony, Jeſuits bark, aſſafoetida, camphire, and ſundry other drugs and chymical medicines.

Alſo a choice parcel of Weſt-India rum by the hogſhead, and excellent good Fyall and red port wines by the pipe or quarter caſk.

Imported in the Pennſylvania, Captain Lyon, and the Carolina, Captain Meſnard, from London, and to be ſold cheap, for ready money, or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS M'JANET *and* Company,

At their ſtore in Water-ſtreet, near the Tun-tavern,

A NEAT aſſortment of European goods, ſuitable for the ſeaſon.

N. B. To be ſold at ſaid ſtore, The works of the reverend Mr. JOHN FLAVELL. Tbc.

TO be ſold, by the Subſcriber, together, or in ten Acre Lots, a Piece of choice Land, well timbered, ſituated in Whitemarſh, about 12 Miles from the City of Philadelphia, containing 110 Acres, has 110 Perches front on the Great-road leading from Manhawtany to Philadelphia aforeſaid. The Purchaſer or Purchaſers, may have ten Yeas Time to pay the Conſideration Money agreed for, paying Intereſt therefor; and the ſame Conſideration Money, and its Intereſt, in Manner following (that is to ſay) One Tenth Part of the Conſideration Money, with the whole Intereſt, annually. THOMAS YORKE.

To be SOLD, either in the whole, or divided into lots,

A TRACT of champion and meadow land, containing upwards of 1000 acres, well timber'd and water'd, ſituated in Weſt-town, Cheſter county, between the lands of Joſeph Hunt, and John Haynes, and but a ſmall diſtance from the Coneſtogoe road; there is likewiſe a road through the ſaid tract leading to Wilmington, Marcus-Hook, or Cheſter, and not above 15 miles diſtant from either of thoſe towns. For further particulars, enquiry may be made of John Taylor, Eſq; near the ſaid land, or of Joſeph Parker, Eſq; in Cheſter, where plans thereof are depoſited. ⊕ 5 s. Tbc.

TO be ſold or lett, the following meſſuages and plantation, viz. A houſe and lot, in Reading-town, Berks county, conveniently ſituated in the ſquare, the houſe being 50 feet in the front, two ſtories high, with a good cellar under the whole houſe, fit for keeping a tavern, being built for that purpoſe, two good ſtables, one whereof is divided into ſtalls, a draw well now digging in the yard, the whole lot being fenced with boards. Alſo a plantation in Amity townſhip, and county aforeſaid, whereon Andrew Huling now lives and keeps tavern, containing about 200 acres, with a ſquare log-houſe and barn, good ſtables, good orchard, and a good griſt mill on a good ſtream of water, called Monocaſy, with a good landing to carry any grain by water to any of the merchant mills on Schuylkill. For terms apply to WILLIAM BIRD, *Eſquire, of Union townſhip, and county aforeſaid, where any perſon may be further informed.* Tbctf.

Juſt publiſhed, A General MAP of the

MIDDLE BRITISH COLONIES, In AMERICA:

Viz. Virginia, Mariland, Delaware, Penſilvania, New-Jerſey, New-York, Connecticut, and Rhode-Iſland, the Country of the Confederate Indians, &c.

By *LEWIS EVANS.*

N. B. This Map includes all the Country depending on the *Engliſh* and *French* Paſſages to *Obio, Niagara, Oſwego,* and *Crown-Point.*

With the colour'd ones will be given a pamphlet of four large ſheets and a half, containing An Analyſis of the Map; and deſcription of the Face of the Country, the Boundaries of the Confederate Indians, and the maritime and inland navigation of the ſeveral Rivers and Lakes contained therein.

The price of the plain maps, on printing paper, is One Piece of Eight. And of the colour'd ones, on ſuperfine writing paper, and pamphlet, Two Pieces of Eight.

To be ſold in Philadelphia *by the* AUTHOR; *In* Cohanzy *by Mr.* EBENEZER MILLER, *junior*; *In* New-York *by Mr.* GARRAT NOEL, *and at the* Poſt-Office; *In* New-Haven, New-London *and* Boſton *at the* Poſt-Offices.

ALL perſons having any juſt demands againſt the eſtate of George Jones, who formerly kept the ſign of the Black Horſe in Black-Horſe Alley, in this city, are deſir'd to bring in their accounts: And thoſe who are indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſir'd to make immediate payment to JACOB DUCHE, and others, executors to ſaid eſtate. Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

A Likely Negro man, fit for ſea or country ſervice; enquire of Thomas Mullain, at the Tun, in Water-ſtreet. ✽

September 11, 1755. NUMB. 1394.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

BY THE HONOURABLE

ROBERT HUNTER MORRIS, Eſq; Lieutenant Governor, and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, and Counties of *New-Caſtle*, *Kent*, and *Suſſex*, upon *Delaware*.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Colonel *DUNBAR*, who has the Command of His Majeſty's Forces now in this Province, has repreſented to me, That the Soldiers whoſe Names are hereunto annexed, duly liſted, and belonging to his own Regiment, as alſo the late Sir PETER HALKETT's Regiment, and Captain RUTHERFORD's, Captain GATES's, and Captain DEMERIE's Independant Companies under his Command, have deſerted; and tho' all poſſible Diligence has been uſed to diſcover and apprehend them, yet, thro' the Connivance and Aſſiſtance of divers of the Inhabitants of this and the neighbouring Colonies, all Endeavours for the Recovery of theſe Deſerters have hitherto been render'd vain and fruitleſs, to the very great Prejudice of His Majeſty's Service: AND for the better Encouragement to any Perſon or Perſons to diſcover, ſecure or apprehend theſe Deſerters, the ſaid Colonel *DUNBAR* hath, by his Engagement for that Purpoſe, promiſed and engaged to pay to ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall apprehend, or cauſe to be apprehended, any ſuch Deſerters from His Majeſty's Service, the Sum of *One Pound*, lawful Money of *Great Britain*, for every Deſerter that ſhall be ſo apprehended and committed to any publick Gaol, or delivered up to any of the Officers of the Regiment or Company to which ſuch Deſerter belongs: AND hath thereby alſo promiſed and engaged, that if any of the ſaid Deſerters ſhall, within the Space of four Weeks from the Date hereof, return to their Colours, he or they ſo returning ſhall be well received, and excuſed from all Proſecution and Puniſhment for ſuch Deſertion; and ſuch as are willing to return, are to apply to the next Magiſtrate for a Paſs. AND as a farther Means for the Recovery of ſuch Deſerters, the ſaid Colonel *DUNBAR* hath deſired me to iſſue my Proclamation to require and command all Magiſtrates, and other civil Officers, and Perſons whatſoever within this Province, to be aiding and aſſiſting therein; I HAVE THEREFORE thought proper, by and with the Advice of the Council, to iſſue this Proclamation, hereby commanding and requiring all Perſon and Perſons whatſoever within this Province, not to harbour, conceal, or aſſiſt any Deſerters from His Majeſty's Service, on Pain of incurring the Penalty of *Five Pounds Sterling* for every ſuch Offence, and of being proſecuted for the ſame, according to the Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for the better ſecuring Mutiny and Deſertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters*. AND I do hereby ſtrictly charge and enjoin all Magiſtrates, Sheriffs, Conſtables, and other his Majeſty's Liege Subjects whatſoever within this Province, to be aiding and aſſiſting, to the utmoſt of their Power, in the detecting, apprehending, and ſecuring, as well all ſuch Deſerters, as the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be any Ways concerned in the harbouring, concealing, or abetting them, or any of them, as they will anſwer the contrary at their Peril.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the Province of Pennſylvania, *at* Philadelphia, *the Sixth Day of* September, *in the Twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord* GEORGE *the Second, by the Grace of God King of* Great Britain, France *and* Ireland, *Defender of the Faith, and ſo forth, and in the Year of our LORD One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Fifty-five.*

ROBERT HUNTER MORRIS.

By His Honour's Command,
RICHARD PETERS, *Secretary.*

GOD Save the KING.

RETURN of the DESERTERS *of the Forty-fourth* REGIMENT, &c. Philadelphia, September 2, 1755.

Mens Names.	*By whom liſted.*	*Where liſted.*
Samuel Devinney	Col. Halkett	Wincheſter.
Solomon Comb	Lieut. Bailey	South Branch,
John Jones	Col. Halkett	Wincheſter.
Daniel Welſh	Ditto	Ditto.
Peter Calder	Major Chapman	Ditto.
Adam Houſman	Ditto	Ditto.
William Conner	Serjeant Maning	Ditto.
William M'Donald	Capt. Polſon	Shippenſburgh.
Michael Shiely	Ditto	Wincheſter.
Cloudy Chadock	Serjeant Maning	Ditto.
Richard Keys	Lieut. Bailey	South Branch.
Jacob Martin	Ditto	Ditto.
John Daylie	Lieut. Howard	Pennſylvania.
Jacob Lane	Lieut. Bailey	South Branch.
John Coſſie	Capt. Dagworthy	Maryland.
Samuel M'Hendry	Capt. Hogg	Eaſtern Shore.
Charles Fiſher	Capt. Dagworthy	Annapolis.
William Hampton	Capt. Stephens	Wincheſter.
Robert Strain	Sir Pet. Halkett	Ditto.
Job Williams	Lieut. Halkett	Maryland.
Brig. Stent	Ditto	Ditto.
Charles Banning	Ditto	Ditto.
Job M'Quin	Lieut. M'Quin	Ditto.
Gilbert M'Cown	Ditto	Frederick Town.
John Hamilton		
James Burden	Lieut. M'Neal	Maryland.
Richard Jones	Ditto	Ditto.
Charles Collins	Lieut. Halkett	Ditto.
William Bready	Ditto	Eaſtern Shore.
John Biddlecomb	Draughted from	
Robert Clayton	Ditto	Ireland, Col. Jordan's.
Thomas Denton	Ditto	The Americans.
James Cannon	Capt. Cocks	Virginia.
Benjamin Callahon	Lieut. Halkett	Maryland.
John Cann	Col. Halkett	Wincheſter.
Thomas Carter	Ditto	Ditto.
Ambroſe Textor	Ditto	Ditto.
Joſeph Multer	Capt. Lewis	Virginia.
James Jenkins	Lieut. Halkett	Maryland.
John Coopſtick	Ditto	Ditto.
James M'Laughling	Capt. Dagworthy	Conegocheig.

Mens Names.	*By whom liſted.*	*Where liſted.*
George Smith	Lieut. Halkett	Maryland.
John Stephens	Lieut. Bailey	South Branch,
Griffin Johnſton	Ditto	Ditto.
Archibald Carns	Capt. Lewis	Maryland.
William Elliot	Lieut. Halkett	Ditto.
George Clark	Capt. Stephens	Wincheſter.
John Collins	Capt. Polſon	Shippenſburgh.
Daniel Lacky	Lieut. Howard	Marſh Creek.
John Pipe	Draughted from	Col. Buckland.
William Lorence	Ditto	Virginians.
David Moore	Capt. Dagworthy	Pennſylvania.
Patrick Bork	Ditto	Ditto.
John Martin	Lieut. M'Neil	Maryland.
Patrick Cockrain	Lieut. Howard	Pennſylvania.
Samuel Drenning	Ditto	Ditto.
John Bird	Capt. Polſon	Shippenſburgh.
Edward Bailey	Draughted from	Virginians.
John Lewis	Ditto	Ditto.
John Roberts	Ditto	Col. Buckland.
Alexander M'Clure	Capt. Dagworthy	Pennſylvania.
Nicholas Henly	Lieut. M'Quin	Maryland.
David Lucas	Lieut. Halkett	Ditto.
Henry Eads	Lieut. M'Quin	Ditto.
Andrew Cockrain	Capt. Dagworthy	Philadelphia.
Adam Six	Capt. Polſon	Shippenſburgh.
John Fitzgerald	Serjeant Euſtice	Carliſle.
Samuel Hughes	Lieut. M'Neil	Williamſburgh.
Thomas Newjant	Capt. Dagworthy	Maryland.
John Pickering	Lieut. Halkett	Ditto.
John M'Kee	Lieut. Howard	Ditto.
John M'Gown	Ditto	Ditto.
John Kelly	Col. Halkett	Ditto.
Francis Collin	Capt. Cocks	Virginia.
Thomas Little	Capt. Polſon	Maryland.
William Anderſon	Col. Halkett	Virginia.

RETURN of the DESERTERS, *not yet taken, in His Majeſty's Forty-eighth* REGIMENT *of Foot*. September 2, 1755.

From Colonel DUNBAR's Company.

Robert Lynn, draughted from Captain Dagworthy's Company.
Stephen Huffman, inliſted by Col. DUNBAR, at Fort Cumberland.
Joſeph Forbjor, inliſted by Ditto, at Frederick Town.
Edward Bull, inliſted by Capt. Roſs, at Evans's.
Thomas Hutchins, William Slaytor, } inliſted by Lieut. Halkett, in Kent County.

From the Lieutenant Colonel's Company.

Robert Blackburn, Robert Clegg, Robert Hart, John Stephens, } inliſted by Capt. Dagworthy, in Kent County, Maryland.
Michael Gibbins, inliſted by Lieut. M'Quin, at Newtown, Cheſter.
William Hicks, draughted from Lord Bury's Regiment.
Samuel Cowell, inliſted by Lieutenant Brereton, at Rock Creek.

From the Major's Company.

Samuel M'Cleland, John Daily, } inliſted by Capt. Holſton, in Prince William County.
John Myer, George Greenworth, Phenix Boxmade, } inliſted by Major Sparks, in Frederick Town.

From Capt. MERCER's *Company.*

John Aſhton, draughted from Capt. Dagworthy's Company.
John Little, inliſted by Capt. M'Quin.
Luke Woodward, a Deſerter before. (ſter.
John Carradell, draughted from Lord Bury's; deſerted at Lanca-

From Capt. DOBSON's *Company.*

William Smith, inliſted by Capt. Dagworthy, in Pr. Wm. County.
Matthew Drury, inliſted by Lieut. Brereton, at Rock Creek.

From Capt. MORRIS's *Company.*

John Paradiſe, inliſted by Lieut. Savage, in Worceſter County, Virginia.
John Jones, inliſted by Lieut. Caulder, in George Town.
William Hoover, draughted from Capt. Hogg's Company.
John Pearſon, inliſted by Capt. Dagworthy, in Frederick Town, Maryland.
William M'Dowell, draughted from Col. Waldgrave's Regiment.

From the late Capt. CHOLMLY's *Company.*

David Hodge, inliſted by Walſham Wear, in Auguſta.
Thomas Foſſet, inliſted by Capt. Polſon, at Shippenſburgh.
Archibald Scott, inliſted by Ditto, in Colepeper County.
John Fitzpatrick, inliſted by Lieut. Halkett, in Queen's County.
John Clark, inliſted by Lieut. M'Quin, at Newtown, Cheſter.

From Capt. BOYER's *Company.*

William Boyd, inliſted by Capt. Lieut. Morris, at Alexandria.
John Brady, inliſted by Capt. Polſon, at Shippenſburgh.
Blany Edmeſtone, inliſted by Lieut. Halkett, in Kent County.

From Capt. ROSS's *Company.*

James Jarrett, inliſted by Lieut. Brereton, at Bladenſburgh, Virginia.

From Capt. CHRISTIE's *Company.*

Owen Carnock, inliſted by Capt. Polſon.
Alexander M'Cullom, inliſted by Ditto, at Shippenſburgh.
James Gologher, inliſted by Ditto, at Ditto.
William Sullier, inliſted by Lieut Hart, at Wincheſter.
John Voſs, inliſted by Lieut. Halkett, at Albert County Courthouſe.
Richard Weidon, inliſted by Ditto, at Ditto.
Thomas Kapper, inliſted by Lieut. Mercer, at York, in Maryland.
William Watſon, inliſted by Capt. Dougherty, at Ditto.

A RETURN of the Number of DESERTERS, *not yet taken, that belong to the Three* INDEPENDANT COMPANIES, &c. Philadelphia, September 2, 1755.

Mens Names.	*When inliſted.*	*By whom.*
John M'Guire	Dec. 2, 1754.	Lieut. Miller.
Daniel O Brian	Febr. 6, 1754.	Lieut. Ogilvie.
William Little	March 26, 1755.	Serjeant Euſtice.
William Bane	Ditto.	Ditto.
Edward Collins	March 30, 1755.	Ditto.
Andrew Mulligan	May 2, 1753.	Lieut. Ogilvie.
Peter Cooley	January 2, 1755.	Capt. Rutherford.
William Mitchell	Ditto.	Ditto.
Job Cobran	Febr. 24, 1755.	Se jeant Euſtice.
Adam Dicky	April 15, 1755.	Ditto.
William Connolly	Ditto.	Ditto.
John Delap	Ditto.	Ditto.
William Moore	April 10, 1755.	Ditto.
Joſeph Enlow	Ditto.	Ditto.
Henry Enlow	Ditto.	Ditto.
John M'Donneil	Ditto.	Ditto.
Miles M'Swain	Ditto.	Ditto.
Joſeph Morgan	Febr. 1, 1755.	Capt. Rutherford.
Andrew Brown	Ditto.	Ditto.
Edward Bryan	June 8, 1755.	Ditto.
John Carty	Ditto.	Ditto.
Benjamin Thorſton	April 6, 1755.	Serjeant Euſtice.
Daniel Murdock	Ditto.	Ditto.
Robert Steel	Ditto.	Ditto.
William Kennard	Ditto.	Ditto.
Thomas Jordan	Ditto.	Ditto.
Patrick Heagan	Ditto.	Ditto.
Andrew Hoimes	April 2, 1755.	Capt. Rutherford.
Edward Shaw	April 10, 1755.	Serjeant Euſtice.
Thomas M'Donaugh	May 4, 1753.	Lieut. Ogilvie.
John Thorton	Dec. 2, 1754.	Lieut. Miller.
Henry M'Nutt	April 10, 1755.	Lieut. Soumaine.
James Ward	Ditto.	Ditto.
James Lagley	Ditto.	Ditto.
Edward Wallace	Ditto.	Ditto.
Patrick O Brian	Ditto.	Ditto.
John Broadſtreet	March 15, 1755.	Capt. Clark.
James Scarlott	April 20, 1755.	Lieut. Shearing.
James Darby	April 18, 1755.	Lieut. Soumaine.
Daniel Toy	Ditto.	Ditto.
William Jenkins	May 2, 1753.	Capt. Clark.
John M'Callum	Ditto.	Ditto.
James Scott	April 9, 1754.	Ditto.
George Darby	Ditto.	Ditto.
Dennis Dun	April 7, 1755.	Lieut. Howorth.
James Everitt	March 29, 1755.	Ditto.
John Gibſon	April 8, 1755.	Ditto.
John Hawkins	Ditto.	Ditto.
Daniel M'Coy	March 31, 1755.	Ditto.
James M'Carty	April 7, 1755.	Ditto.
George Sipples	April 9, 1755.	Ditto.
Michael Redmond	April 7, 1755.	Ditto.
Andrew Kennedy	Jan. 25, 1755.	Capt. Demerie.
Richard Warden	April 3, 1755.	Lieut. Howorth.
John Neal	April 1, 1755.	Ditto.
	March 12, 1755.	Capt. Demerie.

LIST of LETTERS in the POST-OFFICE, at the Corner of *Church-Alley*, in *Third-Street*, *Philadelphia* (not before advertiſed.)

A

Dr. J. Alexander, *New Munſter.*
George Adams, *Chriſt. Bridge.*
William Adams, *Phil.*
John Adams, *ditto.*
Charles Auſtin, *ditto.*
Andrew Akenhead, *ditto.*
Alexander Allairs, 2, *ditto.*
Mary Anderton, *ditto.*
Alexander Alexander, *ditto.*
John Amory, *ditto.*

B

John Burrow, *ditto.*
Robert Barrington, *ditto.*
Andrew Brechell, *ditto.*
William Brown, *ditto.*
Gervaſe Burgeſs, *ditto.*
Thomaſine Brown, *ditto.*
William or Peter Broades, *ditto.*
William Blair, *New-Caſtle.*
Empſon Bird, *N. Caſtle Co.*
Elizabeth Boggs, *ditto.*
Rev. A. Boyd, 2, *Middle Octarara.*
Rev. C. Beaty, *Neſhaminy.*
John Beaumont, *Bucks.*
Sarah Bolton, *ditto.*
John Blay, *N. Providence.*

C

John Colley, *Coles Town.*
George Chapman, *Marcus Hook.*
John Clark, *Chriſtine-Bridge.*
Slater Clay, *New-Caſtle.*
Sarah Clark, *Wilmington.*
Daniel Carney, *ditto.*
Hugh Campbie *N. London Townſhip.*
Alexander Cheaſnut, *Penſilvania.*
Patrick Colyon, *ditto.*
Peter Connor, *ditto.*
Joſeph Clough, *Philadel.*
James Crawford, 2, *ditto.*
Samuel Cheſter, *ditto.*
John Connoly, *ditto.*
Terence Connor, *ditto.*
Ann Corbett, *ditto.*
Wiliam Crow, *ditto.*
Elizabeth Carrow, *ditto.*
William Cuzzins, *ditto.*
John Cillearth, *ditto.*
Catharine Cane, *ditto.*
Daniel Chapman, *ditto.*
Capt. Edward Clague, *ditto.*
George Conyngham, *ditto.*
John Cotteril, *Cheſt. Co.*

D

James Day, *Upper-Darby.*
Benjamin Davis, *Plymouth.*
Edmond Dunphy, *Nottingham.*
Benjamin Dawſon, *Duck-Creek.*
Samuel Duftey.
Barny Doyle, *Philadel.*
Edward Dillingham, *ditto.*
Nicholas Dollard, *ditto.*
Sohn Durgen, *ditto.*
John Dealy, *ditto.*

E

Mary Evans, *ditto.*
Daniel England, *ditto.*
Ann Eaſtwicke, *ditto.*
David Eckoff, 2, *Newlington.*
William Evans, *Tredyffryn.*
John Eccles, *Wilming.*
Margaret Elliſon, *ditto.*
Ezekiel Eldridge, *Cape-May.*
Daniel Ent, *Germantown.*

F

Alexander Ferguſon, *Jerſeys.*
William Ferguſon, *Brandywine.*
Patrick Ferguſon, *Phil.*
Jean Ferguſon, *ditto.*
George Fernley, *Bucks.*
Robert Freeman, *Phil.*
George Fielding, *ditto.*
Philip Faſſet, *ditto.*
Thomas Flyn, *ditto.*
Doctor----- Fender, *ditto.*
Henry Farley, 2, *ditto.*
John Frank, *ditto.*
Joyce Fennymore, *ditto.*
Mary Fellen, *ditto.*
William Felon, *ditto.*
Jonathan Freeman, *ditto.*
David Fitzgerald, *ditto.*
Peter Falcon, *ditto.*
John Field, *ditto.*

G

William Geadis, *ditto.*
James Gilliard, *ditto.*
John Gilchriſt, *ditto.*
Nathaniel Grims, *ditto.*
David Gregorie, *ditto.*
Edmond Godfrie, *ditto.*
William Garret, *Darby.*
David Gibſon, *Kingſeſs Townſh.*
Nathaniel Grubb, *Cheſter Co.*
Samuel Grubb, *ditto.*
Ann Gorman, *ditto.*
Curtis Grubb, *Wilming.*
John Gethings, *Jerſeys.*
Joſeph

H

Joſeph Hill, *Limerick Town.*
John Hethrington, *Cheſt. Co.*
John Hamilton, *ditto.*
Iſabel Hodggin, *ditto.*
Eliz. Hutchinſon, *Otterara.*
William Hoge, *Bucks.*
John Herr, *Lampeter Tow.*
Thomas Haven, *or* George Bennet.
Thomas Hews, *or* Mary Sedgwick.
William Hawkſworth, *Penſylv.*
Geo. Hock, *ditto.*
Eſtes How, *Phil.*
Roger Hefalend, *ditto.*
Jacob R. Hooper, *ditto.*
Patrick Hamilton, *ditto.*
Francis Houlton, *ditto.*
Robert Harriſon, *ditto.*
Henry Holliday, *ditto.*
Samuel Hall, *ditto.*
Mary Huey, *ditto.*
Rev.--- Hanſellman, *ditto.*
Ahijah Hubbell, *ditto.*
Francis Houlton, *ditto.*
P. Hulbert, *ditto.*
Joſeph Hannas, *ditto.*
Robert Harriſon, *ditto.*
Catherine Hogeland, *ditto.*
----- Hiley, *Sail-maker*, *ditto.*
Jane Henderſon, *ditto.*
----- Hoar, *ditto.*
James Huge, *ditto.*
David A. Heron, *New-Caſtle.*

I

Edward Jago, *Phil.*
Thomas Jones, *ditto.*
Iſaac Jones, *ditto.*
Matthew Jean, 2, *ditto.*
George Iſbeſter, *Germantown.*
William Joſeph, *Bucks.*
Robert Jamiſon, *ditto.*
Gotthard Jeſſenn, *Goſhen.*
William Jeffery, *Wilming.*
Thomas Johnſton, *Cheſt. Co.*

K

Rev.--- Kelſor, *Pileſgrove.*
Richard Kelly, *Pennſylvania.*
Thomas Kelly, *ditto.*
Dennis Kennedy, *Phil.*
Robert Kirkeby, *ditto.*
Elizabeth Kerr, *ditto.*
Philip Kobb, *ditto.*

L

James Love, *Cheſter Co.*
Thomas Lion, *ditto.*
James Lamb, *Phil.*
Andrew Luſh, *ditto.*
Joſeph Leacock, *ditto.*
Suſannah Lindley,

M

William Moroney, *ditto.*
John Murray, 2, *ditto.*
Jacob Mack, *ditto.*
James Miller, *ditto.*
Nathaniel Morril, *ditto.*
John Milnor, *ditto.*
Morgan Morgans, *ditto.*
------ Moſes, *ditto.*
Patrick Miller, *ditto.*
Thomas Mitchell, *ditto.*
Capt. Solomon Mackey, *ditto.*
William Mays, *ditto.*
John M'Carmick, *ditto.*
Daniel M'Calliſter, *ditto.*
Alexander M'Collan, *ditto.*
Dennis M'Cormick, *ditto.*
John M'Intoſh, *ditto.*
Richard Macplack, *Glouceſ. Co.*
Rev. Evander Morriſon, *Penſyl.*
Griffith Minſhall, *Wilming.*
Thomas Montgomery, *Chriſt. Br.*
Richard Maygor, *Cranberry.*
Eſther Martin, *Cooper's Creek.*
George Monrow, *New Caſtle.*
Hugh M'Cuchon, *Fiſhkill.*
Michael Marks, 2,

N

John Nickinſon, *Blockley.*
John Neven, *Cheſt. Co.*
Jean Newton, *Phil.*

O

Patrick O Neil, *ditto.*

P

John Palmer, *ditto.*
William Price, *ditto.*
William Pritchett, *ditto.*
Robert Paton, *ditto.*
John Pines, *ditto.*
John Poet, *ditto.*
John Prizley, *ditto.*
Iſaac Price, *Phil.*
John Pearſon, *ditto.*
James Paine, *ditto.*
Joſeph Powell, *Sadſbury.*

R

Edward Rogers, *Cheſt. Co.*
Joſeph Robinet, *ditto.*
Jacob Roſs, 2, *New-Caſtle.*
Daniel Ryan, 25 *Miles from Phil.*
----- Richardſon, *Timber Merchant, Penſyl.*
George Reed, *New-Garden.*
Charles Renouf, *Phil.*
John Riche, *ditto.*
Charles Riley, *ditto.*
William Richardſon, *ditto.*
Alexander Rindleſs, *ditto.*
Mary Reuil, *ditto.*
Iſaac Roberts, *ditto.*
Thomas Robertſon, *ditto.*
Elizabeth Rankin, *ditto.*
Thomas Riſſel, *ditto.*
Thomas Roſe, *ditto.*
Jacob Rudenin, *ditto.*
George Reazon, *ditto.*

S

Mary Sinks, *Buſſel Townſhip.*
Joſeph Simſon, *Chriſt. Hundred.*
John Stewart, *or* Robert M'Pherſon, *near Wilmington.*
Robert Smylie, 2, *N. Caſtle.*
Conrad Sipel, *Penſyl.*
John Sutton, *Cheſt. Co.*
John Singleton, *N. London Townſ.*
John Fred. Stemle, 13 *Miles from Phil.*
John Stump, *Springfield.*
Chriſtian Stall, *Heidelberg.*
Conrad Steiner, *Germantown.*
Chriſtopher Sower, *ditto.*
Lawrence Schwerzer, *ditto.*
Chriſtian Snyder, *Phil.*
Patrick Sleuch, *ditto.*
Warner Smith, *ditto.*
William Sims, 2, *ditto.*
Cornelius Sullivan, *ditto.*
James St. Maurice, *ditto.*
William Shute, *ditto.*
Jehiel Smith, *ditto.*
John Stanley, 2, *ditto.*
John Sheahane, *ditto.*
Thomas Sparrow, *ditto.*
Simon Story, *ditto.*
Robert Sloſs, *ditto.*
John Siddon, *ditto.*
Elizabeth Smith, *ditto.*
Robert Smith, *ditto.*
James Semple, *ditto.*
Joſeph Stanley, *ditto.*
Robert Stook, *ditto.*
Edward Stabler, *ditto.*
William Snook, *ditto.*
William Stole, *ditto.*
David Standley, *ditto.*
Johanna Scannell, *ditto.*

T

Joſeph Tiſdale, 2, *ditto.*
Capt. Jehiel Tuttle, 2, *ditto.*
Anthony Teſhler, *ditto.*
James Thickpenny, *ditto.*
Capt. Lovit Thurſton, 2, *ditto.*
Thomas Thomas, *ditto.*
Bartholomew Toole, 2 *ditto.*
Thomas Thomſon, *Cheſter.*
Joſeph Tucker, 2, *Tredyffrin.*
Thomas Taylor, *Meadſtone.*
Azariah Thomas, *Great Valley.*

V

Henry Viney, *Newport.*
Mary Vallacot, *Phil.*

W

Jane White, *ditto.*
Jane Webſter, *ditto.*
Leonard Webb, *ditto.*
Mary Ward, *ditto.*
John Withers, *ditto.*
Richard Watkins, *ditto.*
Sarah Wright, *ditto.*
Thomas Wilkinſon, *ditto.*
John Watſon, 2, *ditto.*
Walter Williams, *Cheſt. Co.*
Morris Williams, *ditto.*
----- Webb, 2, *ditto.*
Joſeph Williams, *ditto.*
Elizabeth Way, *Wilmington.*
David Witherſpoon, 3, *near N. Caſtle.*
Samuel Weſton, *Reedy-Iſland.*

Y

John Yeats, *Philadelphia.*

By the Captains Ritchie *and* Budden, *from* London, *we have the following Advices*, viz.

PARIS A-LA-MAIN, June 13.

SOME able Writers are to be employed by the Court to vindicate M. d'Anville, and ſome other of our Geographers, from the Aſperſions thrown upon them in ſome Pieces lately publiſhed in London.

Leghorn, May 29. We are extremely pleaſed with the laſt Advices from Malta: The Grand Maſter no ſooner received the News of the Algerines having declared War againſt the Dutch and Imperialiſts, than he gave Orders for all the Gallies in the Port to be equipped immediately, and acquainted the Dutch Conſul that they ſhould put to Sea with the utmoſt Expedition, with Orders to protect the Trade of the Republick.

Bruſſels, June 13. We are very briſk in our Military Preparations here. A Report prevails as if general Brown would ſpeedily come hither. The French Officers belonging to the Regiments in Alſace have had Orders to join their reſpective Corps without Delay, upon Pain of being broke. Some ſay the Sixteen Millions, lately granted by the French Clergy, will be employed in Meaſures for aggrandizing the Crown.

Madrid, May 27. Sir Benjamin Keene has aſſured our Miniſtry, that the Admirals Boſcawen and Moſtyn have Orders to avoid Hoſtilities towards the French Fleet, unleſs they give the firſt Blow: And the French Ambaſſador has made the ſame Declaration in regard to the Fleet of his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty.

Rome, May 31. A Memorial has appeared here in ſeveral Languages, wherein it is ſaid, "That, conſidering the Animoſity of the People of Corſica to the Republick of Genoa, and the Difficulty that would attend the ſubjecting them to its Obedience, it would not be improper to tranſplant into that Iſland Part of the Order of Malta, or to eſtabliſh ſome other Order there, which, by its Inſtitution, ſhould likewiſe be conſecrated to make eternal War againſt the Barbary Corſairs: That the Iſland of Corſica, by its Situation in the Middle of the Mediterranean, could ſcarce fail of procuring a real Utility from this Eſtabliſhment; and that all trading Powers would draw a certain Advantage from it, as they would then be under no Neceſſity of purchaſing at a high Price an uncertain Peace with the Regency of Africa."

Legborn, May 30. The Navigation of this Port ſuffers very much from the Barbary Corſairs, who greatly interrupt the Communication between Tuſcany and the Ports of the Adriatick Sea. This occaſions the Freight of the Engliſh and French Ships to be conſiderably augmented, as the Veſſels of theſe Nations are the only Ones we can at preſent employ.

Hanover, June 13. The Report that one of the principal Motives of the King's Journey hither this Summer was to conclude the Marrage of the Prince of Wales with a Daughter of the Duke of Brunſwick Wolfenbuttel, ſeems to be confirmed, and it is even ſaid, that his Royal Highneſs will ſoon come hither in order to accompliſh that important Affair. M. de Buſſy will be here in eight or ten Days, and will bring, it is ſaid, a new Plan for accommodating the Differences between the two Nations: If that ſhould be effected, the Earl of Hertford will ſoon ſet out for Paris.

Genoa, June 3. It has been determined in the Senate to augment our Forces both by Land and Sea with all imaginable Expedition, the Regency being well aſſured, that its neighbouring Powers are greatly deſirous of making an Advantage of the Diſcontent of its Subjects, by affording them Countenance and Protection in their Diſobedience. The Decree paſſed not long ſince by the Aulick Council, in Favour of the Inhabitants of St. Remo, gave great Offence to this Republick, as well as the Reception of their Principals by his Sardinian Majeſty; by both which Acts the Regency were eventually ſtigmatized with the Character of Injurious and Oppreſſive. The Republick therefore have taken Meaſures to deprive thoſe of all Privileges as Subjects who have refuſed to return, or will not ſubmit to own the Sovereignty of this Republick.

Madrid, June 3. His Catholick Majeſty being informed that a Kind of open War is carried on in America, between the Dutch Colony at Coracoa and his own Subjects on the Main, has ſent expreſs Orders into that Part of the World to put to Sea ſuch a Force as may determine this Diſpute effectually and ſpeedily.

Cologne, June 21. The Rumour of ſome Negotiation between the Landgrave of Heſſe and his Majeſty of Pruſſia revives. The ſudden Departure of our Elector back to Munich, occaſions many Speculations, and confirms the common Opinon, that ſomething of greater Conſequence will ſuddenly break out in the Empire.

Madrid, June 3. Our Court perſiſts in its Reſolution of employing its maritime Forces ſo efficaciouſly as to ruin the Matine of the Algerines. It is even aſſured that the Project is renewed of beſieging Algiers by Land, and that ſuch farther Meaſures will be taken to reduce the Power of that Regency as can ſcarce fail of rendering them leſs formidable to Chriſtendom.

Venice, June 10. From Turkey we learn, that a Battle has been fought in Perſia, between a Party of 10,000 Men in the Intereſt of Mahomet Kan, and another of Azad-Kan's Troops; in which the former was totally routed. This bold Competitor for the Throne of Perſia is however advancing towards Iſpahan, having reduced Meched, and all the Towns and Cities in his Progreſs, either to take up Arms, or to ſupply him with their Treaſures. Azad Kan has aſſembled an Army of 70,000 Men, with which he propoſes to meet this Uſurper on the Plains of Iſpahan: In the mean while his detached Parties, generally conſiſting of 12 or 15000 Men, are moſtly victorious, and greatly annoy the advanced and levelling Parties of the Enemy, inſomuch that a few more Succeſſes of the like Kind may poſſibly determine him not to wait longer the coming, but to advance and chaſtiſe the Inſolence of his Competitor, who is employing the immenſe Riches he has unjuſtly obtained, to gratify his unjuſt Ambition of mounting the Throne of Perſia.

Paris A-la-main, June 24. Letters from different Parts, which are ſtill infeſted by ſome of Mandrin's Accomplices, adviſe, that theſe Villains, to revenge the Puniſhment of their Leader, break upon the Wheel and hang up all the Officers of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe they meet with.

Rochelle, June 20. The following is aſſured here to be a verbal Extract of a Letter from a General Officer at Montreal, to another in the Service, on the Side of the Seneca's, dated April 26. "You are deſired to be particularly attentive to the general Reſolution you are already adviſed of; the Situation of Things, ſince known, not permitting ſuch Latitude to be given as to authorize every Thing that may prevail on the Spot as the moſt advantageous: The Enemy is up in the North, and reſolved to attack us where we moſt doubted his Reſolution. We have juſt paid an inquiſitive Engliſhman the Price of his Labour; his Name is O'Connor, formerly a Subaltern in our Brigades. The more Services of this Kind you can do, we imagine, is, at preſent, the moſt acceptable Duty and the greateſt Promotion of the publick Good. He is the fourth we have detected and executed ſince my laſt."

LONDON.

June 19. We hear that Lord Anſon has for ſome Time paſt had every Thing packed up, and in ſuch Readineſs, that his Lordſhip can ſet out to take upon him the Command of the Fleet in an Hour's Time, if Occaſion require.

We learn from Peterſburgh, that the Court perſiſts in taking the moſt vigorous Meaſures for preſerving the Tranquility, by maintaining the Balance of Power in Europe. It is with this View that a Reſolution has been taken to reinforce the Line of Troops on the Frontiers towards the Ottoman Empire, and to recruit to their higheſt Complement the Regiments that are to form the Army on the Side of Poland. As theſe military Preparations are expenſive, it is not in the leaſt doubted that Subſidies will be granted by ſome of our Allies, whoſe Security is to be the Reſult of Armaments.

Our Correſpondent at Paris acquaints us, that at the Riſing of a great Council of State ſeveral Couriers were diſpatched to different Courts, and that a Rumour ſince prevails, as if the Propoſitions to be made by a certain Miniſter would be ſupported by very vigorous Meaſures.

It is reported that a Draught from ſome of the Marching Regiments will ſhortly be made, in order to reinforce the Troops lately ſent to Virginia.

Ten or twelve Men of War are expected to be put in Commiſſion within a few Days, the Number of Hands in the ſeveral Yards having lately been conſiderably augmented.

The Beginning of this Week the Preſs for Seamen was very ſmart down the River, whereby it is ſaid more than 700 uſeful Hands were obtained for his Majeſty's Service.

From Chatham we are aſſured, that the Stirling-Caſtle, though ſhe has been dock'd, is to go into the Dock again to be ſheathed, and fitted up for a Flag.

June 21. Private Letters from Paris informs us, that the Truce of three Months, agreed upon by the Engliſh and French India Companies in October laſt, has ſince been renewed for three Months more.

Yeſterday it was reported that a Maſter of a Ship arrived in one of the out Ports, in his Paſſage met with a Salletine Corſair, the Commander of which aſſured him, the Engliſh had nothing to fear from the Salletines, and wiſh'd him a good Voyage; but added, he had a Commiſſion to intercept Veſſels from Genoa or elſewhere, which belonged to the Republick.

We hear that a Squadron of ten Ships of the Line will ſail in a few Days, in order to obſerve the Motions of the French at Breſt, &c.

The Royal Anne at Woolwich is nearly compleated, and will certainly be launched this Summer; and ſome are of Opinion, that ſhe will be commiſſioned before launched. It is ſaid that at the Dock-Yards of Deptford, Woolwich, Chatham, and Portſmouth, there are more than 20 Men of War of 50 Guns and upwards, fitting out, beſides ſeveral other ſmaller Ships.

June 24. Some Letters from Worms, Spire, and other Places in Germany, relate the following ſtrange News, that a Perſon of high Rank is actually engaged at Rome in Conference with the Pope, touching the Recantation of a great Prince, who, it is ſaid, is going to embrace the Roman Catholick Religion, in order to be elected King of the Romans.

They write from Dreſden, that two Couriers were arrived there from Hanover, with important Diſpatches relating to the Affairs which occaſioned his Britannick Majeſty's Journey to his Electoral Dominions.

Yeſterday Mr. Jefferys waited on their Royal Highneſſes the Princeſs Dowager of Wales, Prince of Wales, Prince Edward, and the Duke of Cumberland, and preſented them with his new Map and Memoir of Nova-Scotia and Cape Breton, with Part of New-England and Canada; alſo a Pocket Mirror for North-America, which exhibits at one View the European Settlements, with the Claims of the Engliſh and the French Incroachments.

By the Eſſex, Captain Jackſon, from China, there is Advice, that the Engliſh and French Governors in the Eaſt-Indies have not only prolonged the Truce, but have alſo agreed upon certain Terms of Peace, which they will proviſionally obſerve, till they hear from their reſpective Principals, to whom they have ſent their Plan of Accommodation.

The Military Preparations in the Auſtrian Netherlands go on at a great Rate, thoſe who are employed in repairing the Tents, making new Carriages, and putting the Field Train in order, work inceſſantly, Sundays and Saints Days not excepted, which is aſcribed to the ſame Degree of Vigour which has been long exerted at Straſburgh and through all Alſace.

The States General are ſaid to have taken a ſudden Reſolution of augmenting their Land Forces with Ten Thouſand Men, and of putting thirty new Ships of War upon the Stocks.

Our Letters from Francfort mention ſome very ſingular Intrigues in the Empire, which having been long carried on with great Secrecy, are now on the Point of emerging to the Publick View.

Six different Packets for the Miniſtry have arrived ſince Thurſday laſt, two of which are from Virginia.

June 26. *By Letters from Bruſſels we learn, that the French Troops which have been drawn out of the Towns near Oſtend, continue to work on the Canal of St. Omer. The directing Engineer is cauſing a Bank to be made on the South Side of the Canal with the Earth thrown out of it, with ſaillant and re-entering Angles; which may be conſidered as a Line of Contravallation to cover French Flanders on that Side.*

Private Letters from the Hague aſſure us, that the true Patriots in the United Provinces leave no Stone unturned to expoſe the true Sources of the bad State of publick Affairs, and of the Neceſſity of the Republick's having always ſuch a Force, both by Land and Sea, as may render it uſeful to her Allies, and reſpectable by all her Neighbours.

Two Men of War lately commiſſioned are to be ſtationed off New-York, of which the Sphynx, going thither with the Governor, Sir CHARLES HARDY, *is ſaid to be one.*

Yeſterday ſome Orders were diſpatched from the Admiralty to Portſmouth, which, as reported, is for the ſailing of a conſiderable Squadron with all Expedition.

Some of the ſmall Men of War at Sheerneſs and Chatham are ordered round to Portſmouth, and to take with them ſuch Marines and Volunteers as may be at either of thoſe Places.

June 28. *Laſt Tueſday the Lords of the Regency met at the Cockpit. There was the ſame Day a Council there for determining Appeals from the Plantations, &c.*

An Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, dated June 16.

"*The Fleet at Spithead which conſiſts of* 29 *Sail of Men of War has Orders to hold themſelves in Readineſs to ſail in an Hour's Notice; and it is apprehended with us that we are at the Eve of a War. It cannot happen at a better Time, for a finer, or a better manned Fleet, has not been in the Memory of Man, nor a greater Deſire for Buſineſs among both Officers and Men.*"

June 28. From ſome Preparations making at Woolwich, is believed another Draught of the Royal Train of Artillery will be ſhortly made.

July 1. *The Lords of the Regency ſat on Sunday Night till after Twelve a Clock.*

Some private Letters from Italy hint, that ſome of the Firſt Rate Politicians in Europe have at preſent under their Conſideration a Project for eſtabliſhing a Chriſtian Kingdom on the Coaſt of Barbary, by the Subverſion of the pyratical State of Algiers; which Kingdom, if given to the Infant Don Lewis, would anſwer all the Ends propoſed by the Ceſſion of Galicia, and, if united to that of Portugal, would render it much more powerful, without diſmembering that of Spain, or giving juſt Cauſe of Umbrage to any of the European Powers.

The great military Preparations of the French in Alſace and in Flanders, carried on publickly enough without any apparent Cauſe, occaſions a Variety of Speculations, and it is thought will determine the States-General not only to put their Dominions into a proper State of Defence, by augmenting their Forces by Land and Sea, but likewiſe induce them to enter into a certain Alliance that is concerting for putting the Tranquility of Europe upon ſo ſolid a Foundation as that its reſpective Powers may have Leiſure to attend to, and promote, their private Concerns.

The King of Sardinia has ordered his Embaſſador to withdraw from the Court of France, on account of the Encroachments into his Territories by the Officers and Soldiers who took Mandrin, and on the Refuſal to deliver them up, on Thurſday he ſet out from Paris in his Way home.

July 3. It is confirmed that the French Ambaſſador at the Court of Turin has received Orders to return Home, as has the Sardinian Ambaſſador to leave Paris.

Tueſday laſt his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland ſet out for Portſmouth.

As did Lord Anſon, Lord Duncannon, the Hon. Charles Townſhend, Eſq; and John Cleveland, Eſq; Secretary of the Admiralty.

By a private Letter from Hanover, dated the 20th of June, we are informed, that her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Mary, and her three Sons, were ſafely arrived there. The Court ſeems to be greatly alarmed at the ſudden and dangerous Illneſs of the Landgrave of Heſſe, whoſe Death at this Juncture would be a publick Loſs to all Germany.

Private Letters from Paris acquaint us, that their two Eaſt-India Men, the Duke of Burgundy and the Duke of Orleans, are ſafely arrived at Port L'Orient, the former on the 8th, the latter on the 21ſt of the laſt Month, with the Sieur Dupleix on board.

We hear that ten Men of War will be put into Commiſſion next Monday.

It is ſaid by ſome Perſons, who are converſant with very great Perſonages and Things, that Matters have taken ſuch a Turn on the other Side of the Water, that nothing but a War can pave the Way to our Peace and Security.

Extract of a Letter from Goſport, July 2.

"Since my laſt ſailed out of the Harbour to Spithead the Woolwich and Colcheſter. We have only the Portland in the Harbour in Commiſſion, but the Princeſs Mary, Tilbury, Oxford, Iſis, and Cheſterfield

Chesterfield, are expected to hoist their Pendants every Hour. The Commissioner began paying two Months Advance last Wednesday, and continues till all are paid. We have a glorious Fleet ready for Sea, waiting only the last Orders; they are fine Ships, well officer'd, well mann'd, and eager and desirous to engage our haughty, perfidious, and faithless Enemies."

July 7. *Some People seem inclined to believe that his Royal Highness Prince Edward will go Abroad in the Navy, if the whole Fleet should have Orders to sail.*

We hear that most of the Press-Warrants now out will not be renewed again, the present Fleet being well manned, and some Hundreds of Men ready for such Ships as are expected to be put into Commission.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, July 4.

"*At Four in the Afternoon arrived the Right Hon. the Lord Duncannon, the Hon. Mr. Townsend, the Hon. Mr. Edgecumbe, and Mr. Cleveland. At seven the blue Flag was hoisted at the Main-topmast Head of his Majesty's Ship Prince, and his Lordship was saluted with the Guns from all the Ships in the Fleet. His Lordship went the same Evening on the Glacis to see the Marines exercised, and was pleased to express his Satisfaction at the Progress they have made. The next Morning his Lordship embarked at the Sally-port in his Barge, at the Head of which was hoisted the Admiralty Flag, the Anchor and Hope; and, after having viewed the whole Fleet, he went on board his own Ship, the Prince, attended by Sir Edward Hawke, and Admiral West. Every Ship in the Fleet was mann'd (that is, the Seamen were placed on all the Yards, Bowsprits, Stays, and other Parts of the Rigging) and as his Lordship went through the Fleet, each Ship gave him three Cheers, and as soon as his own Ship had saluted him on his Arrival on board, as first Lord of the Aamiralty, the whole Fleet joined in giving him three Cheers.*

"*Nothing could exceed the Beauty of this Sight, or the Pleasure every Body receives at his Lordship's being here.*"

July 8. *It is said Advice hath been received, that the French are marching 30,000 Men towards Flanders, but with what Design is not known.*

According to Letters from Cassel, a Negociation is publickly talked of there for taking 8000 Hessians into the Pay of Great-Britain.

Portsmouth, June 17. *Last Monday came in here twenty Chests of Money, which are to be put on board the Sphynx for New-York.*

Portsmouth, June 27. Admiral Byng is expected soon here, to go with a Squadron to the Mediterranean; and it is reported that every Captain has Orders to be ready to put to Sea at a Moment's Warning.

BOSTON, *September 1.*

Several Hundred of our new raised Soldiers are already upon the March, and the greater Part of the Whole will follow this Week.

By the Master of a Fishing Schooner that came in here last Friday, we are informed, that about a Fortnight ago, off Cape Race, in Newfoundland, he fell in with a French Man of War of 40 Guns, which had in her Company a Ketch and a Schooner, all standing to the Westward. The Man of War (among other Questions) enquired of our Schooner, Whether they had spoke with or seen any other French Ships of War, which makes it pretty plain that she came out with some Squadron.

We have Advice from Lisbon, That there were nine Sail of French Men of War lying in Cascails, about the Middle of June last, six of which were Line of Battle Ships, and three Frigates of 36 Guns: That the six large Ships afterwards removed near the City, and lay opposite to the Royal Palace, but the Frigates still lay below:---And 'twas said, were under the Command of Admiral Macnamara, and were bound to North-America: And that the Phœnix Man of War, and the Expedition Packet-boat, had sailed for England to carry an Account of the said French Fleet.

A Vessel arrived at Marblehead last Week from Porte, brings a Confirmation of the above; and that eleven Sail of English Men of War were seen 15 Leagues off Lisbon, standing in, in order to wait their Motion.

Capt. Pote, who arrived here Yesterday in 13 Days from Chignecto, advises, That as he came out he saw the Transports from Halifax bound in, who were going to take off the French Neutrals there; a Number of which were already taken, and 'twas thought the Remainder would soon be.

Last Friday an Express arrived here from General JOHNSON, and by the Letters brought, we learn, That a perfect Harmony subsists between the Officers of the Army;---That they were all in Health and high Spirits, tho' determined to act with Caution: That a Division of the Army was marching to Lake Sacrament, where they intended to erect a Fort, which might secure them a Retreat, or enable them to make a Stand till further reinforced: That four of the Indian Spies had got back from Canada, who report, that the Savages who defeated General Braddock's Army were returned, cloathed with the English Regimentals; but no Mention of any of their Canoes being stopt by our Boats and Vessels at Oswego, on their Return from the Ohio; which notwithstanding the reported Activity of the commanding Officer there, we suppose may be the Case, and is a Proof, that the Western Side of Lake Ontario is passable; and that unless Fort Frontenack is taken, our securing Oswego, and having several Vessels of Force on the Lakes will not give us the entire Command of those Waters.---The Spies also report, that the French Mohawks (alias Cagnawagas) had, as was expected, taken up the Hatchet against the English, which may partly account for the Backwardness of our Mohawks in joining that Army; --that the Canadians were all in Motion, who give out, that they are quite desirous of meeting us at Crown-Point, and that they purpose to do it with Six Thousand Men.

Extract of a Letter from the Camp at the Great-Carrying Place towards Crown Point, dated August 24.

---"Yesterday at a Council of War, we had four of Col. Johnson's Indians before us to examine, in regard to the Observations they have lately made, who were sent to Canada about thirty Days since, by General Johnson, for Intelligences, and returned the 21st Inst. who say, That the Canadians were all in Motion for the Protection of Crown-Point; and as they came from Montreal to St. Jean's, the Roads were constantly crowded with Waggons, passing and repassing, to convey Provisions, Ammunition, &c. there, and from thence to be conveyed over Lake Champlain to Crown-Point in a Brig and one small Sloop, which are constantly employed in that Service: That from St. Jean's they went to Crown-Point, where they were kindly received by the commanding Officer, who waited with Impatience to see General Johnson and the Army; and who said that he soon expected to have 8000 Men."

NEW-YORK, Sept. 8.

On Tuesday Afternoon last at Five a Clock, arrived here his Majesty's Ship the Sphinx, of 20 Guns, Capt. James Gambier, in nine Weeks from Portsmouth, with whom came his Excellency Sir *CHARLES HARDY*, Knight, Captain General and Governor in Chief of this Province; and his Family,---as also his Excellency's Sister, and her Husband, Mr. BARONS.

His Excellency remain'd on board the Ship Tuesday Night, and at Half after Ten a Clock, on Wednesday Morning, left her in the Sphinx's Barge, under the Discharge of her Cannon, and soon after landed at Whitehall Stairs, where he was complimented on his Arrival to this his Government by the Presence of the Honourable *JAMES DE LANCEY*, Esq; our then Governor, the Members of his Majesty's Council, those of the General Assembly of this Province, who then were setting on Business of Importance, the Mayor and Corporation, the Reverend Clergy of the City, by all the Gentlemen of the Town, and by a Royal Salute from Fort-George, whither his Excellency was conducted by the Gentlemen afore-mentioned, thro' the Lines of the Militia drawn up on that Occasion. The Dress and Behaviour of the Officers, and the Order of the Men, gave Sir *CHARLES* great Pleasure. After going through the usual Ceremonies, he was conducted to the City-Hall, where his Commission was published, with the Acclamations of the People. His Excellency afterwards returned to the Fort, to receive the Compliments of the Gentlemen; and then proceeded to the City Arms, where he dined, by Invitation of the Lieutenant-Governor, on an elegant Entertainment, with the Council and Assembly, and many other Gentlemen; and where repeated Healths of Loyalty, Success to his Majesty's Arms both in Europe and America;---Prosperity to the English American Colonies;---a speedy Defeat of the French from off their Borders,---and a total Extinction of their very Name in America, went round with *great Unanimity and Dispatch*. The Militia was discharged about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon; and at Night the Windows in the City were ornamented with Lights, and two large Bonfires erected on the Commons; where several Hampers of good old Madeira (which prov'd brisker than bottled Ale) were given to the Populace, and where Sir *CHARLES*'s Presence, about Eight o'Clock in the Evening, clos'd the joyful and merry Proceedings; and the Whole was conducted much to his Excellency's Satisfaction.

By his Excellency Sir *Charles Hardy*, Knt. the Honourable *Thomas Pownall*, Esq; received his Majesty's Commission as Lieutenant Governor of New-Jersey, for which Government he is destined.

By a Letter from New-Haven, we learn, That upon the Receipt of a Packet from General *Lyman*, by the Assembly of Connecticut, the House voted the raising directly 2000 Men, to be dispatch'd, if possible, on Horseback by the latter End of this Week for the Camp.

Eight Thousand Pounds, we are informed, is voted by the Representatives of this Province, for the Use of the aforesaid 2000 Men; and so in Proportion for a greater or less Number.

We are credibly told, that when Admiral Boscawen first heard of the Defeat and Death of General Braddock, he continued mute for some Time, when on a Sudden he started up, and with great Emotion said, *If that be the Case, I then know what I have to do.*

By a Gentleman who left Oswego last Friday Fortnight, we are told, That our Vessels on the Lake had blocked up and secured at a Place called Cadaroque, a French Brigantine loaded with Provisions, and bound to Niagara.---Cadaroque is at the Entrance into the River St. Lawrence, distant from Oswego about 20 Leagues, bearing N. E. by E.

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept. 11.*

On Monday next the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province meets here.

Capt. Budden spoke with Commodore Kepple, about 500 Leagues from the Land's End of England, bound home, who had then been out 14 days from Virginia, and had the Particulars of General Braddock's Defeat on board.

Captain Ritchie spoke with the Hull Merchant, Walker, bound for Hull from New-York, about 600 Miles to the Eastward of Sandy-Hook.

We hear from Virginia, that two young Women, Daughters of one Lanscisoe, living on the North Fork of the South Branch of Potowmack, were taken by the French Indians, as they were looking for their Cows near the Plantation, and carried off. A Party, under Captain Cocks, followed the Track almost to Fort Duquesne, in order to recover them; but could not come up with the Enemy.

Arrived. At London, Mesnard and Lyon, from Philadelphia; Stirling from Jamaica; Downie from Cadiz; and Byrns, from Wilmington. At Bristol, Moncrief from Philadelphia. At Liverpool, Gardner from Ditto. At Dublin, Troy and Simpson from Ditto. At Barbados, England from Ditto.

*** *As it is supposed that many Letters from Great-Britain and Ireland for the Officers of the British Forces, may before this time be arrived in Virginia, Maryland, and other of the neighbouring Provinces; the Persons who have the Care of such Letters are requested by the Owners to send them by the first Post to Philadelphia.*

ACADEMY LOTTERY.

Notice is hereby given, to the Adventurers in the Academy Lottery, that those who have been fortunate in the first Class, may receive their Prizes of the respective Managers who signed the Billets, on Demand; and those who purpose to adventure in the *Second Class*, must produce their Billets of the *First*, and exchange them for others of the same Numbers in the *Second*, before the 16th Day of *October* next, paying two Pieces of Eight for each Billet, according to the Scheme; otherwise they will be excluded.----The Second Class will be drawn punctually on the 28th of *October*.

There are still remaining in this Lottery, the following Prizes, *viz.* *One* Prize of Fifteen Hundred Pieces of Eight; *Three* Prizes of One Thousand Pieces of Eight each; *Five* Prizes of Seven Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight each; *Six* Prizes of Five Hundred Pieces of Eight each; *Eight* Prizes of Four Hundred Pieces of Eight each; *Fifteen* Prizes of Two Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight each; *Eighteen* Prizes of One Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight each; *Twenty seven* Prizes of One Hundred Pieces of Eight each; *Twenty-six* Prizes of Eighty Pieces of Eight each; *Forty* Prizes of Sixty Pieces of Eight each; *Thirty-six* Prizes of Fifty Pieces of Eight each; *Eighty-seven* Prizes of Forty Pieces of Eight each; *Twenty-two* Prizes of Thirty Pieces of Eight each; *One Thousand Three Hundred and Twenty-eight* Prizes of Twenty Pieces of Eight each; *Twenty-two* Prizes of Fifteen Pieces of Eight each; *One Hundred and Ninety-eight* Prizes of Ten Pieces of Eight each; *Three Hundred* Prizes of Six Pieces of Eight each; *One Thousand* Prizes of Four Pieces of Eight each; and *Seven Hundred and Fifty* Prizes of Three Pieces of Eight each.

And since the Drawing of the First Class, the Lottery is become *Three Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty* Pieces of Eight RICHER than it was before.

For further Particulars, see the Printed Scheme of the Lottery.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Hannah, William Snook from Jamaica.
Sloop Hibernia, John Walsh from Montserrat.
Ship Crawford, Nathaniel Stokes from Milford.
Sloop Smugglers Downfall, Matthias Roach from St. Kitts.
Ship Montego Packet, William Meldrum from Jamaica.
---- Elizabeth, Robert Richie from Ditto.
Sloop Dragon, Solomon Dill from Montserrat.
Snow Barbados Factor, Joseph Greenway from Jamaica.
Sloop Experiment, Daniel Dole from Boston.
Snow Rebecca, James Lowther from Jamaica.
Ship Beulah, John Ritchie from London.
Brig Sarah and Katherine, William Condy from Halifax.
---- Thistle, John Murray from Providence.

OUTWARDS. Snow Batchelor, Henry Gill for North-Carolina.
Sloop Phœnix, William Burrows for Bermuda.
Brig Lark, Robert Gardiner for Barbados.
Ship Swallow, Hugh Wright for Bristol.
Snow Polly, Cony Edwards for Liverpool.

CLEARED. Sloop Adventure, John Lamont to Virginia.
Snow Betsey, Matthew Dreson to Fyall.
Brig Esther, Joseph House to Halifax.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Cornelia Bradford widow, late of this city deceased, on mortgage, bond, or book debt, are desired to make payment to George Smith, and Cornelia, his wife, executors: And those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, that they may be settled and paid.

Carlisle, August 27, 1755.

ON the second day of October next will be exposed to sale, by publick vendue, sundry goods and chattels, lands and tenements, late belonging to Alexander Cook, attached by Samuel Neave. The sale to be held at the house of Adam Hoops, in Peters's township, in the county of Cumberland, and to begin at eleven a clock in the forenoon. FRANCIS CAMPBELL, WILLIAM SMITH, and ADAM HOOPS, Auditors appointed by the court.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON

HAS removed from the store he lately kept in Water-street, on William Fishbourne's wharff, to his house, near the corner of Walnut-street, and the burnt buildings in Front-street, next door but one to Mr. Samuel Neave, and opposite to Mr. William M'Ilvaine's; where he has to sell a variety of European and East-India goods, imported in the last ships from London, at very reasonable rates, for ready money, or short credit.

N. B. He has also to sell, muscovado sugar, melasses, rum, cables, anchors, &c.

Just imported, and to be sold very cheap for ready money, or short credit, by

JOSEPH SIMS,

At his store, below the Draw-bridge, between Mr. Powell's and Mr. Plumsted's Wharffs, viz.

BROADCLOTHS, scarlet ditto, cloth cloaks, kerseys, bearskins, halfthicks, frizes, rugs, blankets, white and scarlet flannel, linsey, ozenbrigs, 7 eights and yard wide check linen, cotton ditto, cotton holland, Scots linen, dyed ditto, Irish yard wide and sheeting linen, garlix, princes linen, tandems, gulix holland, silesias, pistol lawns, long lawns, broad lawns in pieces and packets, cambricks, clear and flower'd lawns, muslins, Russia linen, huggaback and diaper, diaper and damask tablecloths, setts of ditto, diaper and damask clouting, Flanders bed-ticks, English ticken, white and colour'd buckram, bandanoe handkerchiefs, white and colour'd Scots handkerchiefs, linen ditto different sorts, calicoes of different sorts, chints, printed cotton, printed linen, taffety, India damask, boiled camblet, worsted damask, yard wide cross barred stuffs, corded demity, fustians, shaloons, tammies, long ells, serge, mens, womens and childrens worsted stockings, mens fine cotton ditto, childrens thread ditto, womens and girls silk and worsted shoes, gartering, silk, worsted and cotton caps, light and cloth colour'd sewing silk, sirret, silk and thread laces, nonsopretty, worsted quality sirrets, ribbons, Holland and diaper tapes, Manchester ditto, Dresden tape, bobbing, galoon, braid and twist, shirt and vest buttons, pins, London and Whitechapel needles, brass and steel thimbles, horn and dandrif combs, pocket-books, brown and colour'd thread, Scots ditto, nuns ditto, slacks in shades, sampler canvas, snuff boxes, gloves and mittens for men, women and children, womens bath lamb ditto, silk mittens, fans of different sorts, mourning of different sorts, writing paper, wafers, sealing wax, bohea tea, pepper, nutmegs, cloves, mace and cinnamon, various sorts of toys, mens and boys felt hats, boxes of tin, iron wire, saltpetre, isinglass, gum, brimstone, allom, coat and vest brass buttons, mohair and mohair buttons, Scots snuff, shoe buckles, 3 4 8 10 and 20 d. nails, padlocks, handsaw files, buck table knives, pistol knives, penknives, bone scale ditto, hammers, gimblets, shot, &c. &c. Also West-India and Philadelphia rum, sugar, melasses, coffee, and Madeira wine. §

Just imported by the last ships from London, and to be sold by

MORDECAI YARNALL,

At the sign of the Hand-saw, in Second-street, nearly opposite Stretch's corner,

BRoadcloths, shaloons, durants, tammies, camblets, hairbines, russels, calimancoes, worsted damasks, hair grazets, corded poplins, kerseys, drab and green hair shag, saggathies, red and blue halfthicks, striped duffils, short cloth cloaks, red flannels, 9 and 10 qr. blankets, spotted and green rugs, men and womens worsted hose, beaver coating, sewing silk, ozenbrigs, cambricks and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, yard wide and 7 eights Irish linens, cotton and linen checks, striped cotton hollands, printed linens, calicoes, Scots handkerchiefs, Duke's ditto, Scots Thread, bobbings, tapes, pins, needles, scarlet and other gartering, quality binding, dyed pillows, mantua, black and cloth colour'd taffeties, new silk romals, bandanoes, lamb mittens, shammy ditto, brown buckrams, muslins, light and cloth colour'd thread, bed-ticks, china, brass milk pans and kettles, window glass, looking glasses of many sizes, locks and hinges, tongs and shovels, sadlery, nails, steel, a variety of cutlary, silver pattern'd coat and vest buttons, silver watches, bohea tea, Weston's snuff, tin plates, firkins of pipes, writing paper, wool cards, bibles, testaments, gilt trunks, warming pans, frying pans, pewter, red lead, white lead, madder, red wood, gunpowder, sawmill saws, handsaws, and tenant saws, sadlery, and sundry other goods, too tedious to mention. Tbetf.

To be SOLD,

A GOOD firm waggon, with four good horses and gears; also three pack horses, all sound, most of them young, and in good order. Enquire of JOHN INGLIS, over the Drawbridge.

N. B. The above articles will be sold a pennyworth for ready money, or short credit.

RUN away, on the first of this instant September, from Doctor Stephen Talman, of Shrewsbury, in Monmouth county, a servant man, named John Hinson, about 30 years of age, about five feet eleven inches high, of a swarthy complexion, thin visage, has black hair, and dark eyes, is very talkative, and stammers much in his speech, was born in Maryland: Had on when he went away, a castor hat, about half worn, a white fustian jacket, check shirt, and ozenbrigs trowsers, and it is supposed he took other clothes with him. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so as his master may have him again, shall have Three Pounds reward, and if brought home, all reasonable charges allowed by me STEPHEN TALMAN. ♂

TO be LETT, in the town of Newport, upon Christine, in New-Castle county, for the term of five years, a large brick house, standing in the most publick corner in Newport aforesaid, very convenient for a store or tavern, it having been made use of for both, with a good kitchen and shop thereunto belonging; together with ten acres of drained marsh, surrounded with a good bank, very suitable to plant Indian corn, or to sow any other grain in. Also another lot of upland, containing three or four acres, most of it planted with apple trees. Any person inclining to rent the aforesaid premises, either with or without the marsh, by applying to the subscriber, living in Upper Darby, Chester county, or Joseph Thomas, living in Newport, may know the terms.

⊕ ELEANOR MARSHALL.

TAKEN, or strayed away, on the third of this instant September, from the Market-place, a dark bay mare, has something of the mange on her rump; there was a good saddle on her, with a mark a little below the pummel, occasioned by carrying meat on it, and a bridle; the saddle is without housing. Whoever takes up said creature, and brings her to the widow Gray's, in Strawberry-alley, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by PATIENCE GRAY. ⊕

TO be sold, A plantation, lying in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, containing 325 acres of land, with two good houses and barns, and other improvements. It is well water'd and timber'd, and will be sold altogether or in parcels, as may best suit the purchasers. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to JOHN WILMERTON, living on the premises. †

Imported in the last ships from London, and to be sold very cheap for ready money, by

WILLIAM CLAMPFFER,

At his store in Second-street, opposite Mr. William Branson's,

A *Neat assortment of East-India and European goods, suitable for the season.*

N. B. As said William Clampffer intends for England next Spring, he desires those that are indebted to him to make speedy payment, and those that have any demands against him to bring in their accounts that they may be adjusted. Tbetf.

Philadelphia, August 26. 1755.

For BARBADOS,

The SNOW
GEORGE,
JOSEPH ARTHUR
Commander;

Now lying at William Fishbourne's wharff, and will certainly sail in 20 days from this date, having two thirds of her cargo already engaged. For freight or passage apply to the said master on board, or to Anthony Stocker. Said snow has extraordinary accommodations for passengers.

This day was dropt between the Jersey Market and the Court-house a worked Irish stitch pocket book, worked with different colours, and lined with a willow green damask, with my name worked at length, and the date of the Year, being 1755. There were in the said pocket book several papers of consequence, and about Twenty Shillings in money. Whoever brings the said pocket book to said Stocker, or to the New-Printing-Office, shall be intitled to the money. ANTHONY STOCKER.

For BARBADOS,

The SNOW
Thomas and *Margaret*,
WILLIAM DENNY,
Commander;

Will punctually sail in ten days; is a prime sailer, and has good accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage apply to Kearny and Gilbert, at their store in Water-street, near Chestnut-street wharff, or the commander on board, at Carpenter's wharff.

To be sold by said Kearny and Gilbert, Choice Madeira and Lisbon wines, arrack, Barbados rum, and muscovado sugar in hogsheads, tierces and barrels, very good cocoa, and a likely Negroe boy.

All persons indebted to Edmund Kearny, are required shortly to discharge and pay their respective debts, otherwise their accounts will be put into an attorney's hands, in order to be compelled thereto by law. Said Kearny has remaining on hand, imported chiefly by the late ships from London, A variety of European and India goods, which to finish the sale he will sell all together, or in separate parcels, exceeding cheap for ready money only.

STolen away from the subscriber, living at Cushehoppen, Upper Salford township, Philadelphia county, a bay horse, has a large bald face, glass eyes, three white legs, and paces; about six years old. Whoever takes up said horse and secures him, so as the owner may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and for horse and thief Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, paid by DANIEL HISTER.

New-Castle, August 25, 1755.

ON the 18th of this inst. August was committed to the goal of New Castle county, on suspicion of a run away servant, Thomas Matthews, an Englishman born, aged about 24 years, about 5 feet 6 inches high. He says he served his time in Maryland, near Annapolis. If he be a servant, his master is hereby desired to come and pay his charges in a month after this date, otherwise he will be sold for the same. by JOHN THOMPSON, goaler.
T. b. c. 4Ws.

Baltimore, August 18, 1755.

RUN away from the Baltimore iron-works, in Petapsco, in Maryland, last night, A convict servant man, named William Cowling, has been in the country about 14 months, he is a lusty well set fellow, born in the west of England, was bred a farmer, and used to drive a team of horses, speaks broad, has a lubberly walk, is of a brown complexion, short light brown hair, red beard, is about 5 feet 8 inches high: Had on when he went away, A brown thread-bare kersey coat, without lining, trimm'd with flat white metal buttons, two ozenbrigs shirts, crocus trowsers, old hat, and coarse shoes, ironed round the heels, but it is probable he will change his clothes and name. He looked very healthy when he went away.

Whoever secures the said servant, so that he may be had again, shall have Forty Shillings if taken 20 miles from home, Three Pounds if at the distance of 40 miles, Four Pistoles if out of the province, and Four Pistoles, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by RICHARD CROXALL.

Baltimore, August 21, 1755.

RUN away from the Baltimore iron-works, in Maryland, on the 10th inst. A convict servant man, named John Marling, alias Mallen, 22 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a swarthy complexion, has black eyes, a smooth face, and his hair is short, was born in Norfolk, bred a farmer, and understands driving a team: He had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old hat, light colour'd kersey coat, bluish cloth jacket, without sleeves, a new blue Jacket of a kind of worsted stuff, lined with white shalloon, two white shirts, a pair of leather breeches, and a pair of ozenbrigs trowsers, blue grey worsted stockings, and English shoes, with buckles in them; he had on an iron collar, but it is like he has got it off since he went away.

Whoever takes up and secures the said servant in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have, if taken 40 miles from home, Forty Shillings, and out of the province Three Pounds, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by
JOHN WELSH.

N. B. He is a down-looking fellow, and is slow of speech.

ALL persons indebted to John Stinson, late of this city deceased, are desired to come and pay the same: And those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted by
ANN STINSON, Administratrix.

RUN away from Jonathan Sergeant, at Newark, in New Jersey, A young Negro man, named Esop, of a middle size, with a round forehead, strait nose, and a down guilty look; he can write, and it is likely he may have a counterfeit pass: He had with him a beaver hat, light grey linsey-woolsey jacket, tow trowsers, new pumps, and an old purple colour'd watch-coat. It is supposed he went in company with a white man, named John Smith, who is an old, lean, tall man, with a long face and nose, and strait brown hair; who had an old faded snuff colour'd coat. Whoever takes up and secures said man and Negro, so that their master may have them again, shall have Forty Shillings reward for each, and all reasonable charges, paid by JONATHAN SERGEANT.

To be SOLD,

ABOUT nine acres of ground, with a good dwelling house, orchard, garden, and sundry other conveniences, situated on Moyamensing road, a mile and quarter from Philadelphia. The purchaser, on giving security, and paying interest, may have any reasonable time allow'd for payment of the principal.

Also to be lett on a ground-rent, or sold, a lot in Market-street, to the eastward of where Charles Brockden lives; and several lots, between Market and Chestnut-streets, in Fourth-street, adjoining the Indian Queen southward; and sundry other lots in said city. Enquire of ANTHONY MORRIS, junior. Tbc. 2 m.

New Providence, August 26, 1755.

STRAY'D from the plantation of the Reverend Mr. Mulenberg, in New Providence, near the Dutch Church, on Thursday night last, A black pacing mare, 14 hands high, having a small star in her forehead, a halter mark, and several saddle marks. Whoever takes up the said mare, and brings her to Abraham Dehaven's tavern, shall have any reasonable satisfaction made, by me ROBERT WOODWARD.

Norfolk, in Virginia, August 4, 1755.

RUN away from the subscriber, a servant man, named Lewis Miller, by trade a cooper, 5 feet 8 inches high, of a fair complexion, a comp aisant te low, and has a very good countenance; wears a wig: He also carried with him a servant woman, much pockpitted. Whoever apprehends the said man in Maryland or Pennsylvania government, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have Five Pistoles reward, paid by Mr. Reese Meredith, in Philadelphia, or Mr. George Milakin, at Bohemia, Maryland, on account of ANDREW SPROWLE.

Philadelphia, August 28, 1755.

RUN away on the 17th inst. from the subscribers, living in Kent county, Maryland, two English servant men; one named Joseph Nicholls, a well set fellow, about 25 years of age: Had on when he went away, a half worn felt hat, homespun linen jacket and shirt, wide trowsers, a pair of old shoes and stockings.

The other named Richard Smith, a tall brown skin'd fellow, about 21 years old: Had on when he went away, a hat, cropt on the brim, old brown cloth coat, check jacket, a pair of black serge breeches, white shirt, and wide trowsers, a pair of old shoes, and blue country stockings. Whoever takes up the said servants, and secures them in any goal, so that their masters may have them again, shall have for each Twenty Shillings reward, besides what the law allows, paid by WILLIAM COMAGYS, junior, or PETER MASSEY.

Philadelphia, August 28, 1755.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at Old Town, in Cecil county, Maryland, a Negroe man, named Will, about twenty-five years of age, of low stature, and speaks good English: Had on when he went away, a light colour'd homespun jacket, old ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers, the shirt much torn; he was taken up in New Castle county, and made his escape from the New Red Lion, in the night of the 18th instant. Whoever takes up and secures said Negroe, so that his master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, besides what the laws allows, paid by JOHN COX.

RUN away from his bail, on the fourth of last month, one Edward Rubie, who took a horse, saddle and bridle with him which were not his own; the horse is black, with a star in his forehead, branded with A C on the near shoulder, some white on one of his hind feet, and about 13 hands and half high; the saddle has red broadcloth housings, bound with yellow orris, red seat, quilted, forty brass nails behind, and thirty before. Said Rubie had on when he went away, a light colour'd fly coat, a red jacket, tied before with worsted siretting, a white demity jacket, with 3 buttons on each sleeve; he had a recommendation signed by the neighbours, and by Elisha Basset, Esq; and had a pass in his pocket signed by Levi Pawling, and Charles Clinton; he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, wears a cap, pock-mark'd, professes to be a schoolmaster, and writes a very fair hand; he has several check shirts and trowsers, plays well on the flute, and had one in his pocket when he went away. Whoever takes up the said run-away, and secures him in any goal, shall receive Five Pistoles reward, and reasonable charges, paid by GABRIEL COPNER, and JOHN RICHMAN, in Salem county.
N. B The Horse paces fast.

RUN away, from Wilson Buckley, and Company, of Bristol, in Bucks county, on the 10th ult. at night, an English servant man, named Henry Smith; he is a short naturally well set fellow, but now low in flesh, and pale fac'd, is round visaged, and has a full black eye: Had on, a brown freeze pea jacket, with metal buttons, and lined with blue, the lining behind longer than the outside, new ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers (the trowsers much colour'd with red paint) an ordinary black wig, old felt hat, old shoes, but no stockings; his ancles rubb'd, with having been in irons, and but lately taken out of Newtown goal. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him in any goal, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by the subscriber, in Bristol, or William M'Ilwaine, in Philadelphia. WILLIAM BUCKLEY.

N. B. All recruiting captains are beg'd not to inlist him, and all masters of ships are forbid to carry him off.

Carlisle July 14 and 21, 1755.

THESE days were committed to the goal of this county, on suspicion of being run away servants, the two following men, viz. John Saunders, an Englishman, of a pale complexion, round face, and very much pitted with the small pox, black hair, about 5 feet 3 inches high and about 35 years of age: His cloathing are a felt hat, a woollen and linen jackets; it is supposed he came from Virginia, and has changed his name, for he gives no account of himself. The other nam'd Arthur M'Closkey, an Irishman, about 5 feet 5 inches high, of a black complexion, black hair, thin faced: His cloathing are, a white coat, homespun cloth, with flat metal buttons; it is supposed he came from Chester county. This is to desire any person that has any demand against the aforesaid men, to come and pay their fees, otherwise they will be sold for the same, in six weeks after the above dates, by THOMAS LOCKERT, goaler.

RUN away from Nathaniel Fitz-randolph, of Princetown, in New Jersey, on the 30th day of July last, a Dutch servant man, named Christian Luterman, about 6 feet high, thin visage, out-mouth'd, of a sandy complexion, large grey eyes, sandy beard, thick bushy sandy hair: Had on, an old felt hat, pale blue drugget waistcoat, made whole in the skirts, homespun shirt and trowsers, pale blue yarn stockings, neats leather shoes, which have been soal'd: He has a large scar a-cross one of his legs, occasioned by the cut of an axe. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by NATHANIEL FITZRANDOLPH.

LOST out of the cabbin of the subscriber, on the sixth of June last, a middle siz'd silver watch, maker's name John Watts, Canterbury. Whoever takes up said watch, and brings it to John Wood, watch-maker, in Front-street, shall receive Twenty Shillings reward, paid by the subscriber.
JOHN BALL.

N. B. If offered for sale, it is desired to be stopt.

To be SOLD,

A PLANTATION, situated within two miles of Mount-Holly, in the township of Northampton, Burlington county, in New-Jersey, containing 226 acres of good land, about 50 acres of upland, and 12 acres of meadow cleared, and in good fence; near 30 acres more good meadow may be made; the whole of the rough land well timber'd with valuable ship and stave timber, about two miles from a good landing on Anocas-creek, with a good new two story dwelling-house, a good large barn, a good well, a good young orchard, and sundry other conveniences. The title is indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase, may be further informed as to the title and terms of sale, by applying to the subscriber, living on said premises. DANIEL PACKER. 5 w.

RUN away from the subscriber, living near Christine B[ridge], a servant man, named Richard Faulkner, but may change his name; he is a painter and carver by trade, about 5 feet 5 inches high, well-made, smooth faced, has a mould on his cheek, is given to drinking and talking: Had on, when he went away, a fustian coat, white jacket, and leather breeches. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall receive Four Pistoles reward, and reasonable charges, paid by
JOHN SINGLETON.

CAME to the plantation of John Leadlie, in Bristol township, Philadelphia county, on the 17th inst. A small light bay horse, his age unknown, branded on the near thigh with the letter H. The owner coming, proving his property, and paying charges, may have him again, by applying to said John LEADLIE.

N. B. To be sold by said Leadlie, A servant girl, who has three years and six months to serve. She can wash, iron, and understands needle-work very well; and is fit for town or country business.

For LONDON,

The Ship
MARLBOROUGH,
DANIEL JOY,
Commander;

Having good accommodations for passengers, and great part of her cargo provided, will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage, apply to Thomas Crosby, or James Pemberton.

To be sold by
SAMUEL WHARTON,

At his store in Water-street, adjoining to Carpenter's wharff,

BEST starch, in cags, made by William Johnston, of New Castle county, being of the same make as that which George Spafford, deceased, formerly sold: Also bar and pig iron, European and West India goods. Tbc. 6 W.

To be SOLD,

A PLANTATION, situated in the township of Caleconhook, Chester county, about two miles from Darby, containing 43 acres; three acres whereof is good meadow, 18 acres of upland clear'd; the rest well timber'd, with a pretty good orchard, and a good log-house; the land well fenced. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may apply to CHARLES JUSTICE, living in Kingsess.

DEEDS and all other Writings, carefully and authentickly drawn by JAMES HUMPHREYS, notary publick, who may be spoke with at his notary-office, at Mr. John Reiley's, in Chestnut-street, or at his own house, next door below the Baptist Meeting, in Second-street. Tbctf.

ABENTED himself from His Majesty's Service, on the tenth instant, James Kerly, born in Limrick, in Ireland, about 28 years of age, by trade a weaver, about 5 feet 5 inches high, of a brown complexion, pock mark'd, very talkative, and much given to liquor: He has been an old soldier at Cape Breton. Whoever takes up said James Kerly, and brings him to the Indian King, in Philadelphia, shall have a Guinea reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ADOLPH BENZEL, Recruiting Captain.

To be SOLD,

A SERVANT man, by trade a taylor, who has 3 years and better to serve. Enquire at the New-Printing Office.

SAMUEL POWELL,

Brass-Founder, at the Three Brass Cocks, in Second street, near Sassafras (or Race) street,

MAKES and mends all sorts of brass cocks, wholesale or retail, mill brasses, brass suckers and chambers for pumps, &c. He has likewise to sell, a convenient three story house, well finished, opposite the Reform'd Church, in Sassafras-street, now in the tenure of Isaac Roberts. Also a three story house in said street, with a two story kitchen, and good work shop and cellar under it, convenient for a cooper, being the house where William Nixon lately liv'd. And a two story brick tenement, with a good wash house and work shop, pleasantly situated in Bread-street, commonly called Moravian Alley. There is to be sold at said place corks by the bag or gross, fine brass wire sieves, Whitechapel needles, and Weston's snuff by the bottle or dozen.

N. B. There are at said Powell's several fans, which Peter Knolton had to new mount (when here) the owners are desired to come and pay charges, and take them away; and if not taken away in two months, they will be sold to pay the expence. 5s. Tbc.
Philadelphia, June 26. 1755.

Imported in the last ships from London, and to be sold by
JOHN BELL,
At his store in Water-street,

A NEAT assortment of European and East-India goods, suitable for the season.

N. B. The said John Bell intending for England this summer, requests the favour of those that are indebted to him to make payment: And those who have any demands on him, are desir'd to bring in their accounts. Tbctf.

WILLIAM BRAVENTON,
Vintner and Wine Cooper of London, and lately from Portugal, hereby gives Notice,

THat having resided in both parts for several years, has acquired much experience in the art and mystery of the wine trade, engages to assist any gentlemen, merchants, or dealers in wine, in chusing the choicest of all sorts, and also in racking, lotting, fining, bottling, packing and shipping in the neatest manner. Any wines that are fallen from their former body, colour and flavour, he will assist in such a manner as shall give the utmost satisfaction: Scuddy and ropey wines which, for want of proper care are rendered unfit for use, he can, in four days time, make them perfectly bright, and fit for service; rum, brandy, and all sorts of spiritous liquors he draws off in the neatest and most expeditious manner, and on very reasonable terms.

N. B. He has also a large quantity of good chalk to dispose of cheap. Enquire at Richard Cole's, taylor, in Front-street, between Spruce and Pine-streets. Tbc. 3 Mo.

Notice is hereby given, that
BENJAMIN GIBBS,
Who lives at the upper end of Arch-street, where John Shubart formerly liv'd, and where Joseph Scull lately kept tavern,

WILL sell the best king's hunting saddles, made of extraordinary leather, and good work, for Thirty Shillings plain; hunters for Twenty-eight Shillings; very good cloth side saddles for Three Pounds Five Shillings; and good snaffle bridles for Three Shillings.

VERY good LAMPBLACK sold at the *New-Printing-Office*.

[*See the Half-sheet for the other Advertisements.*]

Best possible image.

September 18, 1755.

NUMB. 1395.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestick.

PARIS ALAMAIN, June 13.

THE Parliament on the 11th of this Month issued a Decree against the Capuchins of Troyes, to oblige them to discover where the two Monks of their Convent, which were the Cause of the Scandal that happened some Months ago, were concealed, with an Injunction to appear in Court at a certain Time fixed, under the Penalty of being regarded as Accomplices of their two Brethren, and of being treated according to the Rigour of the Law as Disturbers of the publick Repose.

Since the Permission granted by the King to the Clergy to borrow sixteen Millions, several People have brought considerable Sums to the Royal Treasury, insomuch that, it is said, there are already four Millions paid in; that the Concourse of People has been so great, that they have been obliged to refuse taking in any more Money till Measures are taken which shall be suitable to the Occasion.

Hague, June 12. Great Disputes, at present, animate the Assembly of the States-General. The Province of Frizeland having, as usual, with much Reluctance submitted to pay their Quota to the Expence of fitting out the Naval Armament against the Algerines; some Reproach caston it on that Account, has drawn from its Deputies such a spirited Reply as was least expected. They represented, it was true the States of Frizeland always parted with their Money with much Reluctance, seeing no publick End was answered by it. That this had also long been the Case, and, so long as the national Purposes were neglected, so long should they regret paying their Money towards fruitless Preparations, which could answer no End either of Honour or Profit. As to the Armament in Question, they represented it as a ridiculous and childish Force. They said, on such an Occasion a Fleet of thirty Ships of the Line ought to have been sent out, and not a few Frigates, which were more likely to be made Prizes of than to annoy or deter the Enemy. A Method of Proceeding which could not but increase the Contempt in which those Pirates held the Power and Resentment of the Republick, and on which Account they professedly broke the Peace. A Contempt not peculiar to those Barbarians, but entertain'd in the same Degree, by all the Powers of Europe, to whom the shameful Insufficiency of the Force of the Republick was become notorious. At such a Time, and on such an Occasion, it was represented, if every Idea of Patriot Honour were not banish'd the Assembly, it could no but be thought absolutely necessary, at a Crisis so important as the present, to fit out such a Force as might retrieve the neglected Honour of the Republick, and convince the World they had too fondly formed their Opinion on Appearances. To these warm Expostulations they added, that to convince their Fellow States how ready they should be to act in Concurrence with them, on any Occasion, to promote the Honour and Interest of the Republick, they proposed that twelve Ships of the Line be immediately put into Commission, and that they would deposite their Quota towards the Expences, so soon as the Resolution should be taken in the Assembly. They proposed farther, that thirty new Ships be built with all Expedition, and to this Expence also their Quota should be in the same Manner deposited. We wait with Impatience to know what Resolutions may succeed these spirited Proposals.

Venice, June 4. All the Ships from the Archipelago represent the Damages lately sustained there by an Earthquake as very considerable; that there is scarce a House left standing in the Island of Metelin, and that a great Number of the Inhabitants were buried in the Ruins.

Vienna, June 4. On the 25th of last Month so violent a Fire broke out in the Suburbs of Lints in Austria, that the two magnificent Barracks were reduced to Ashes, and sixty other Houses burnt to the Ground. A Soldier, two Citizens, and a Woman about eighty Years of Age, unhappily perished in the Flames. The Loss is computed at near a Million.

June 7. Yesterday the Sardinian Minister received from the Hands of the Emperor the Investiture of the Territories which the King his Master possesses in Italy as Fiefs of the Empire.

Utrecht, June 19. Private Letters from Coblentz confirm what those from Worms and Spire had a Week ago advised, that the French were purchasing great Quantities of Corn and other Provisions in that Country.

Hague, June 20. A Scheme on Foot for augmenting the Land Forces of the Republick, meets with many Difficulties in the several Assemblies of the Provinces, particularly in those of Holland, Guelderland, and Overyssel; so that there is but little Appearance of its being carried into Execution. The late Expostulations of the States of Friesland in the Assembly of the States General, respecting the Marine of the Republick, having little Appearance of producing any good Effect, those States have peremptorily refused to contribute, in any Degree whatever, to the Armament already fitted out. At this Juncture, among other pertinent Remarks on the State of the Republick, the formal Assurances of the Pope's Nuncio at Brussels, to our Minister Van Haren, that his Holiness would take the Commerce of the Republick under the Protection of his Fleet, confers on us a very satirical Obligation.

Gibraltar, May 30. Captain Mapiesden, in his Majesty's Sloop Fortune, return'd hither this Day from Sallee, with the Vessel, Cargo, Crew and Passengers, lately seized off Arzila by the Sallee-rine Cruizer, which has been restor'd without the least Plunder or Embezzlement; and the most solemn Protestations have been made by the Bashaw and Government, that they are determined to shew the greatest Regard to the English Nation and Colours. On the Arrival of this Vessel and People from Sallee, several Moors whom the Governor had detain'd here on Account of the late Capture, were immediately set at Liberty.

Constantinople, May 22. Within these few Days the whole Face of Affairs in this Empire is changed. On the 20th the Grand Signor sent for Ali Pacha Hekim Oglou, his Grand Vizir, and told him, that having reposed the highest Confidence in him, in Hopes that he would have conducted publick Affairs to the general Satisfaction of his Subjects, he was concerned to find that his Administration had excited a general Discontent; to appease which it was necessary that he should restore the Seals, and retire into Banishment. They were immediately given to Said Effendi, Tefterder, or Lord High Treasurer, whom the Grand Signor advised to act with more Moderation than his Predecessor, if he had a Mind to continue longer in his Post. It is thought that the Sultana Valida will be less consulted for the future. It is looked upon as very extraordinary, that the late Grand Vizir retired with the same Serenity to Cyprus that he did a few Years ago to Trebisonde. He is still thought by many the ablest Statesman in the Empire.

A few Days ago a Fire happened here, which destroyed between three and four hundred Houses and several Mosques.

Leghorn, June 7. We hear that the Algerine Polacre, which has greatly interrupted the Navigation between Sicily and Calabria, is taken by a Neapolitan Chebeque.

Berlin, June 17. A few Days ago the Church at Lenske near Ruppin, together with 17 Houses and several Barns, were intirely consumed by Lightning.

Tunis, June 1. The pressing Invitations which the Algerines have made to the Dey, in order to excite the Government to declare War against the Christian Powers, appear to have had no Effect on the Divan. Incendiaries, however, have been discovered who have been daily animating the Commonalty with Prejudices, and endeavouring to excite them to Sedition. The Virulence of these Agents has, at length, obliged the Dey to commit three of the principal to Prison; on which Account, a Tumult arising among the Populace, a fourth of the Malecontents was taken into Custody, and, on Account of his wilful and perverse Obstinacy, was laid in Irons, with this Assurance, that, if, in Consequence of his Attempts to subvert the Publick Peace, any future Disturbance arise, his Life shall immediately answer for such Commotion.

Deux Ponts, June 21. *We know not the Drift of spreading a Report that the Duke our Sovereign had embraced the Roman Catholick Religion; but we can with much Truth assert, that no Report ever was more groundless.*

Brussels, June 23. *The Camp resolved to be form'd in the Neighbourhood of Mechlin, will assemble immediately after Harvest is over.*

Berlin, June 18. *Last Week a Widow died at Templin aged ninety-nine. She had by two Marriages ten Children, who begat Forty-two, these Ninety-five, and the later two; so that she had the Satisfaction to see 149 of her Descendants.*

Hague, June 16. *The Men of War fitting out by the Admiralties are to be victualled for eleven Months. The 330000 Florins which this Armament will cost, are to be taken out of the Money raised during the late War by the Fiftieth Penny in the East-Indies, which luckily was not touched when the News of Algiers declaring against us arrived. Had it not been for this Money, the Armament would have proceeded with much less Vigour, or the Province of Holland must have advanced the whole Money, never perhaps to be repaid by the other Provinces.*

The French King has prolonged for two Years the Exemption from the Foreign Duties of Export and Import which the Subjects of Holland have enjoyed in the French Ports since the Peace of Aix la-Chapelle. But all the Representations of our Minister could not obtain a Renewal of the Treaty of Commerce of 1739; nor is there any Hope of obtaining it hereafter unless the States will sign a Neutrality in case of a Rupture between France and England.

Riga, June 12. *From Dorpt in Esthonia we have the Disagreeable News, that a Fire broke out there the 5th Instant, which nearly destroyed the whole Town. Several of the Inhabitants, and three or four Soldiers of the Regiment of St. Petersbourg, perished in the Flames, and about 50 of the same Regiment were dangerously wounded.*

Warsaw, June 18. *We learn from several Places on the Frontiers of this Kingdom, that the Haydamacks have begun again their Ravages, and that a numerous Band of these Robbers lately penetrated the District of Bialacerkiew, and there pillaged the Village Joniszeuska, massacred the Priest of a Greek Church, and took away all the Ornaments and Plate belonging to the said Church, as well as the best Effects of the Inhabitants of the Place, who, to save their Lives, had abandon'd their Habitations.*

Paris, June 26. *The Smugglers in this Country have canoniz'd their late Commander, having instituted an Order which is stiled that of St. Mandrin. The Genoese have discovered some great Design in Corsica, and have thereupon demanded, in the most pathetick Terms, the Assistance of this Court.*

Paris, June 27. *The Sardinian Ambassador having gone on Tuesday to Versailles, the King sent him Word, that he had nothing to say to him, but to tell him to leave Paris in Twenty four Hours. His Excellency, at his Return to his House in this City, found an Express who brought him the same Orders from the King his Master; whereupon he ordered the Horses to be put to his Chaise, and set out immediately. Our Ambassador at Turin hath received the like Orders, and is already on the Road to return to France.*

Amsterdam, July 1. *The Visit paid us last Week by his Prussian Majesty, has been the Occasion of various Speculations; the real Motive of this Visit we are ignorant of, but we cannot help thinking here, that his Prussian Majesty may draw some Conclusions, from his taking a comparative View between his Port of Embden and Province of East-Friesland, and that of Amsterdam and the Provinces of Holland and Utrecht, which may either fire his Ambition, or administer to his political Humility.*

Dublin, June 14. *Monday arrived the Coningsberg, from London, under Convoy of a Man of War, with 7000 Stand of Arms, 300 Barrels of Powder, a large Quantity of other Military Stores, and a Command of the Royal Regiment of Artillery at Woolwich, consisting of an Officer, twenty-one Men, a Serjeant and a Drum: And Yesterday they were lodged in his Majesty's Stores at the Castle.*

LONDON, June 19.

Extract of a Letter from Honey-Lane, near Epping, June 18.

"*This Day being High Beech Fair (upon Epping Forest) which is very famous for Wrestling, Country Dancing, &c. several of the young Fellows gave great Pleasure by their Activity in the first Diversion. They came off the Tripper exceeding well, and the loose Leg was display'd with the greatest Perfection; and when this manly Exercise was ended, several jolly Lads took their buxom Lasses in Hand, and went to Country Dancing, with which I was highly delighted, the Girls being neatly dress'd from Top to Toe, with black Pumps and red Heels, white Stockings, and Niggle de G's. The Musick playing, the Partners setting to and figuring in with such Spirit and Vivacity, as was sufficient to animate the Darbys and Joans occasionally present, and bring to Remembrance the rural Pleasures of their juvenile Days.*"

June 24. *A young Gentleman of a very great Family, being cross'd in Love near ten Years ago, absconded from his Father's House and went abroad, and who after the greatest Enquiry (but without Success) was pronounced to be dead (upon which Account the Family went into Mourning) was of Necessity obliged to discover himself to his Mother about a Fortnight ago, when it appear'd that he had been upwards of eight Years a private Centinel in one of the Marching Regiments of Foot on the Irish Establishment. He is already in Possession of more than 2000 l. per Annum, and has much more in Expectancy.*

June 26. *We learn from Petersburgh, that a very judicious Project, which has been for some Time upon the Carpet, will be very speedily put in Execution; it consists in raising great Towns, regularly fortified, with Villages interspersed between them, at commodious Distances behind the Line of Troops posted on the Frontier; and by the great Privileges her imperial Majesty is inclined to bestow, with the Donation of Land and Stock, this will be in a little Time brought to bear, without any extraordinary Expence.*

July 1. We learn from Copenhagen, that by the unwearied Application of some wise Heads, to whom his Danish Majesty has committed the Inspection and Conduct of Commercial Affairs, their East and West India Trades are very much extended, and are put upon so solid a Basis, that it is not in the least doubted Agriculture, Manufactures, and Navigation, will be gradually promoted and improved, by the necessary Calls of this increased Traffic, and the Number of Hands it must continually employ.

Part of a Letter from Louisbourg to Rochelle, dated May 12.

"From Quebeck we find the apparent Necessity of Reinforcements increases every Day, it being expected some important Attack will be made by the English on that Side; for which Reason, till such Force arrives, as they now hourly expect to hear of, they fear proper Supplies cannot be forwarded up the River. A Party of Indians, not long since, extended their Rout from Crown-Point as far as Quebec, having engaged several Parties of Indians in their Way to our Interest, to which, they report also, the whole Country is in general inclined by the good Conduct of our Officers on that Part of the Continent, who have naturally a happy Faculty of binding any of the Chiefs they converse with to their Service. These Indians having met with several Particulars who took some Pains to reply to and controvert them in Favour of the English, they took the Opportunity effectually to prevent their Influence over any other of their Countrymen, by dispatching them privately, in a Friendly Manner; and as for some others, who contended openly in their Favour, they scalp'd and pillag'd them: It is said some of this Party ventur'd as far as the Marquas, and some within Sight of Albany. In the Relation of their Successes, these Indians dwell with Pleasure on the particular Barbarities they have exercised. Mr. De L---, a Gentleman of great Humanity, but no Soldier, though a Captain, expressing his Dislike at such Methods of treating Enemies, the Leader of a Party took the Liberty to tell him, that he could not be an Enemy to the English, Indians, or any other Nation, if he disapproved of offending them in any Degree whatever. This Answer, with many others of the like Kind, serve to convince how necessary for our Interest it is, though we shudder at the Inhumanity of these Savages, to suffer the Indians to promote our Cause by such Methods as themselves approve, otherwise we might possibly preach up Humanity for our Enemies to the Destruction of ourselves."

July 3. We learn from Dauphiny, that they have now no less than four separate Bodies of Smugglers roving thro' that Province; the first commanded by one Broc, who lately put to Death an Officer and a small Command of Men of the Regiment of Morliere. The second by one Bouille, who has sent a Letter to the Town of Valence, to let the Magistrates know that he intends to regale the Officers of the Revenue who fall into his Hands exactly as they did Mandrin. The third is commanded by another Bouille, the Brother of the former, who is said to have married a Niece of the famous Cavalier who formerly commanded the Camisars. The fourth is headed by one Captain Petit-Roux, who remains on the Frontiers of Savoy.

July 8. We learn from Constantinople, that the Revolution in the Seraglio has been in a Manner total: The Creatures of the late Grand Vizir have been turned out of all their Employments, and others substituted who had no Connection with them; but it is observed that none of the old Ministers are restored. The deposed Minister passed one Day and Night under Confinement before a Ship could be found to transport him to Cyprus. He behaved with great Calmness, and at his Departure said to the Officer of the Janizaries who conducted him on board, "Friend, the "Times that will not bear Reformation, must bear Destruction."

We learn from Rome, that a certain Cardinal who has been remarkable for his Parsimony, having amassed in the Course of a long Life a prodigious Sum of Money, placed out with so much Prudence as to produce a large perpetual Income, has declared that it shall be employed in supporting and educating those poor Children that discover any extraordinary Propensity to the Study of the Eastern Languages or useful Arts, and he likewise intends to be the Administrator of his own Charity during the remaining Part of his Life, that he may be the better able to settle Rules for the Management of this Foundation after his Death. This Cardinal rose solely by Merit, and from thence conceives that Men of Genius are his only Relations.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, July 6.

"I should have wrote to you the last Post, but that I waited to give you the most certain Account I could procure of what passed relating to the Reception of his Royal Highness the Duke, and the Nobility and Gentry who accompanied him to Spithead, with other Occurrences.

"July 2, the Right Hon. the Lord Anson, being Admiral of the Blue Squadron, his Lordship's Flag was hoisted at the Main-top-mast-head of the Prince, Commodore Saunders, and he was thereupon saluted with 17 Guns from every Ship in the Fleet.

"The 3d Instant, at Half an Hour past Eleven, his Lordship came to Spithead, with Lord Duncannon, the Hon. Charles Townsend, &c. in a Barge with twelve Oars, carrying the Anchor and Hope (which accounts for what was said in your Paper about this Flag.) They came in to the Westward, and row'd through the Body of the Fleet, and went on board the Prince, every Ship saluting their Lordships with 19 Guns each, having their Yards, Shrowds, &c. mann'd, agreeable to the antient and laudable Custom of our Navy. At Half past One they went from the Prince, and at going off were saluted with 29 Guns. The like Number were fired on their Lordships coming on board the St. George, where the Hon. Sir Edward Hawke's Flag, the White, at the Fore-top-mast-head, was flying; and on leaving the St. George at Two a Clock they were saluted with the like Number of Guns.

"Their Lordships then went on board the Buckingham, Rear Admi-

Admiral Weſt, and were ſaluted with 19 Guns on coming on board and going away, which was about Half paſt Two, when they returned to the Shore.

" At Eight the ſame Evening his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland came into Portſmouth, and was ſaluted by the Guns of the Garriſon.

" At Eleven the ſame Night Rear Admiral Weſt's Flag was hoiſted on board the Royal George, viz. The Red Flag at the Mizen-top-maſt-head.

" The 4th, all the Captains in the Fleet waited on Lord Anſon at the Coffee Houſe near the Parade, and were introduced by his Lordſhip to the Duke: After which they went into their Boats, the oldeſt Commander, i. e. Henry Harriſon, Eſq; going firſt into his Boat; after him Rear Admiral Weſt, with his Flag in the Boat; next Sir Edward Hawke, with his Flag; then Lord Anſon, with the Blue Flag; next his Royal Highneſs the Duke, with the Standard; then the other two Lords of the Admiralty, carrying the Anchor and Hope.

" This noble Appearance (for ſuch it really was) was followed by every Captain in the Fleet according to Seniority; and at Half paſt One they came to Spithead, beginning with the Weſtermoſt Ship, the Prince George rowing through the whole Fleet to the Eaſtermoſt Ship, the Buckingham; and then went on board the Prince, on which Lord Anſon's Flag was ſtruck, and the Standard hoiſted, by which was ſignified, that one of the Royal Family was on board her. As ſoon as the Standard appear'd every Ship began to fire, and each diſcharg'd twenty-one Guns, the Salute due to his Royal Highneſs on his coming on board.

N. B. " In paſſing through the Fleet each Ship was mann'd as before, and the honeſt Tars gave three loud Huzzas, or Cheers, as his Royal Highneſs paſs'd by them. At Seven in the Evening his Royal Highneſs went from the Prince, and the Standard was ſtruck and hoiſted in his Boat. The Blue Flag was then hoiſted again in the Prince, and every Ship fir'd twenty-one Guns, manning Ship again as his Royal Highneſs paſſed to the Shore.

" The whole was conducted with the greateſt Regularity, and a finer Appearance was perhaps never ſeen on the Salt Water.

" You may have the Detail of this grand Affair in much better Words, but not with more Truth than from, Sir, Yours, &c."

HALIFAX, Auguſt 16.

Laſt Saturday his Majeſty's Ships Centurion and Norwich, of 60 Guns each, arrived here from the Weſt-Indies.

On Wedneſday laſt a Fiſhing Schooner belonging to Cape-Ann, one Paul Dollaway, Skipper, arrived here, who informs us, That on Monday Morning laſt, being at a Place called Iſland Harbour, about 20 Leagues to the Eaſtward of this Place, two of his Hands took their Canoe and went on Shore to get ſome Lobſters, but preſently after their Landing they were fir'd upon by ſome Indians, upon which they immediately returned to their Canoe and ſet off, but the Indians purſuing them ran into the Water to pull the Canoe aſhore again, but being diſappointed they again fired at them, and killed one of them, named David Row, a young Man of about 18 Years of Age, and wounded the other in the Mouth, and Right Shoulder, as he was ſculling the Canoe on board the Schooner; but the People on board firing their Small Arms and Swivel Guns charged with Muſket Ball at the Indians, ſoon obliged them to retire: They ſaw but three of the Indians, but apprehended there were many more in the Woods: They brought in the Body of the young Man with them, and it was buried here the ſame Evening.

Thurſday laſt Capt. Cole arrived here in about 8 Weeks from London, with whom came Paſſenger the Hon. Montague Wilmot, Eſq; Lieutenant-Colonel of General Warburton's Regiment, whoſe Baggage arrived here a few Weeks ago. We hear Capt. Cole has brought the Cloathing, Arms, and Field Equipage for the three Regiments here, for 1000 Men ſtrong each Regiment. There is no material News, as we can learn, come by him, more than that Admiral Hawke, with 30 Sail of Capital Ships, and another Squadron of 20 Sail of the Line and Frigates, lay at Spithead, ready to ſail upon the firſt Orders, and that the Court of Spain had entirely declined meddling with the preſent Diſputes between Great-Britain and France, and had laid up all their Shipping. We hear that every Ship in the Royal Navy of England is now in Commiſſion.

Auguſt 23. Laſt Saturday our Fleet of Tranſports, convoyed by one of his Majeſty's Ships of 20 Guns, ſailed from this Place for the Bay of Fundy.

Monday laſt his Excellency our Lieutenant-Governor, and the the Hon. Vice Admiral Boſcawen, accompanied with ſeveral other Gentlemen, ſet Sail from this Place in a Schooner belonging to the Hon. John Collier, Eſq; in order to viſit the Settlement of Lunenburg, &c.

On Wedneſday laſt Capt. Knox arrived here from New-York, and brought in with him a Whaleboat and her Crew, who had parted from their Sloop a few Days before in a Fog. Capt. Knox alſo informs, that laſt Sunday Morning they ſaw a large Sail, which he took to be an Engliſh Man of War, coming from the Eaſtward, and ſtanding to the Weſtward; and that at about 10 a Clock they ſaw 8 Sail of Ships, 7 of which they took to be of the Line, and the other a Frigate; they were pretty near in Shore, and all ſtanding to the Weſtward.

BOSTON, *September* 8.

Laſt Week ſeveral Veſſels arrived here from Halifax, and by Letters from Gentlemen of the beſt Intelligence there, we are told, that in three Weeks Time all the French in Nova-Scotia would be removed out of the Province, but to what Place not known.----That Col. Monckton had Orders to deſtroy every French Veſſel, Boat or Canoe he could find in any Harbour, Bay, Creek or River in the Province, to prevent the Inhabitants from making their Eſcape.----That our Fleet had taken 7 or 8 French Ships and Snows, two of which from Martinico, the reſt from France, laden with Wine, Brandy, Baie Goods, Proviſions, &c. moſt of them of great Value.------That Admiral Boſcawen had given Orders to all his Captains to take or deſtroy every French Veſſel that came in their Way, and bring thoſe taken into the Harbour of Halifax.---That nine Tranſports were gone to Minas, to take as many of the Neutrals as they could carry, and that three Prieſts or Jeſuits had been taken and ſent to Halifax, and were put on board the Admiral's Ship for Security, in order to be ſent to England.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 15.

Laſt Thurſday Morning arrived here in 14 Days from Halifax, Capt. Dwight, in a Sloop of this Port.

A Letter, dated Halifax, Auguſt 28, ſays,

---" Three French Snows, one from Bourdeaux, laden with Wine, Brandy, &c. &c. and the other two from the Weſt-Indies, laden with Melaſſes, Indigo, and Proviſions, and bound for Louisbourg, were ſent in here the 24th paſt, by Admiral Holbourn's Squadron:---They were immediately condemned, their Cargoes to be ſold this Day, and their Hulls to be diſpoſed of at publick Vendue To-morrow.---The Baltimore Snow, Capt. Suckling, arrived here Yeſterday, from the Fleet off Louiſbourg, and ſays, That Admiral Holbourn has taken four other large French Ships bound to Cape Breton, having on board 900 Tuns of Proviſions.---The Prizes brought in here ſome Time ago are all ſold, except the Men of War, one of which is to go home to England, the other being too old is to winter here, in Company with ſix Sail more under Holbourn's Command.----

We are told that the above four French Ships were Part of a Fleet of 15 Sail bound to Cape-Breton; and that when the Baltimore left the Fleet, the Admiral was extremely vigilant in diſpoſing of his Men of War in ſuch a Manner, as that nothing, if it was poſſible to prevent it, ſhould eſcape their moſt exact Obſervations.

By an Expreſs which arrived here in great Haſte on Friday Evening laſt from Albany, we have the following

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in the Army at the Great-Carrying-Place, dated September 9, 1755.

-----" Yeſterday in the Morning we were told the Indians had killed ſome Waggoners coming from the Lake to us, and burnt their Waggons:---A Party of our brave New-Hampſhire Men went out, and when they had got about 3 or 4 Miles from this, where the Miſchief was done, they could hear hot Firing up at the Lake; and we are told, heard many of the great Guns go off at different Times. Our Party was reinforced to the Number of about 350, and ordered to proceed to aſſiſt the General. The Great Guns continued to play from about Twelve to Five in the Evening---We are waiting impatiently for certain Accounts from the General, but none as yet come down, and what I've above related is from Stragglers.

" This Morning three Frenchmen ſurrendered to our advanced Guards, one a Captain of Militia from Montreal:--From their Accounts, and what elſe I could pick up, of credit, pleaſe to accept the following:---The French muſtered at Crown-Point 3700, including Indians;---they ſet off to the Number of 2000, including 6 or 700 Indians, in Canoes up the Wood Creek;---They had hovered about theſe Parts a few Days, and were minded ſeveral Times to attack us firſt, which they might eaſily have effected. At laſt they determined their Rout towards the Lake, and march'd from the Creek thro' the Woods, and fell into the Road juſt as theſe few Waggoners were paſſing, and One riding expreſs to alarm us: They killed them as above, and proceeded towards the General's Camp. At about a Mile Diſtance they were met by a Detachment of 500, and Part of our Indians, who fired and retreated, fired and retreated, till they were at laſt drove back to the Camp. (It is ſaid Col. Williams was killed in this Party.) Then our Great Guns were pointed, and made great Havock:---They attacked and were beat back ſeveral Times, till (theſe French Perſons ſay) moſt of their Officers were killed, together with their Lieutenant-General.

" The Baron Dieſkau had his Thigh broke by a Muſket Ball. Our Party came up before the Fray was over, and fell upon their Rear, and contributed greatly to the Victory. I call it ſo, from the Information of theſe French, from whom indeed I have related all. They knew nothing of our Party, but imagined them a Detachment from Johnſon's Camp: And they had left 300 Men to guard their Canoes, ſo that there were only about 16 or 1700 in all who fell on the Camp. They had with them fourteen Days Proviſions in their Sacks. This is all the probable Account we yet hear. We wait with Impatience the Arrival of an Expreſs from the Lake, which is now called GEORGE, and our Fort here Lyman."

Several Letters were brought hither by an Expreſs from Albany, on Friday Night laſt; but as the Accounts were not received from the General's own Camp, and only obtained from three French Priſoners, taken by an advanced Party from the Great Carrying Place, it gave ſome Uneaſineſs, tho' the Generality of People were of Opinion that the Action was in our Favour. Things continued in this Situation from Friday Night till Sunday Morning, when we received by an Expreſs from Albany, the moſt agreeable News of the Overthrow of the French Army, by the brave Generals JOHNSON and LYMAN, near Lake Sacrament, on Monday the 8th Inſtant. The Affair, as nigh as we can collect, runs thus. That General Johnſon diſpatched a Party to deſtroy ſome Battoes that were ſeen on the Lake; when they were attacked by a Body of 18 or 1900 French and Indians; that our Men fired, and retreated in the beſt Manner they poſſibly could, until they reach'd the Camp, and were very cloſely followed up by the French, ſome Letters ſay, even among our Peoples Tents. The Action immediately began, with a general Diſcharge of the Artillery, our Men firing their ſmall Arms at the ſame Time. In a ſhort Time the Canadians and French Indians gave Way, but being animated by the Bravery of the European French Officers, they were ſoon rallied, when they approached the Camp again, and attacked our Men with great Fury; but the Orders that were given by General Johnſon, were ſo punctually obſerved by our Troops in general, that Monſieur was again obliged to retreat with conſiderable Loſs, our Artillery making great Havock. The French General is taken Priſoner, and wounded, it is ſaid, mortally; his Aid de Camp ſurrendered himſelf the next Day; their Lieutenant-General (ſaid to be at the Defeat of General Braddock) ſeveral principal Officers, and about 600 private Men, killed on the Spot, and 37 taken Priſoners, with the Loſs of all their Baggage, and Proviſions. On our Side, brave General JOHNSON (who, in this Action, has gained immortal Honour) is wounded in the Thigh; the brave General LYMAN (who has added Honour to the Province in whoſe Service he is) is well; the Colonels Williams and Titchcomb, of the Boſton Forces, are killed; Lieutenant Fonda killed; Capt. Stodard killed; Capts. M'Ginnes, Farrel, Stevens, Buttler, with Tedy M'Ginnes, and old King Hendrick, are either killed or miſſing; beſides 150 private Men killed; and a great Number wounded; and between 30 and 40 of our good Indian Allies; but the Loſs on our Side could not very well be aſcertained, as the General had received no Return from his Officers, when the Expreſs came away, many being gone in Purſuit of the Enemy, and were not returned. As this Account may not be exact in ſome Particulars, the Printer will be obliged to any Gentleman, in whoſe Power it may be, to favour him with one more authentic; and he will willingly give it a Place in his next. I cannot conclude my Account, without acquainting the Publick, that our Troops, without Exception, behaved with the greateſt Bravery.

On Receipt of the above News, the Guns in Fort George were fired, and were anſwered by his Majeſty's Ship the Sphinx; and at Night the City was handſomely illuminated.

Nothing can be more agreeable than the Accounts we have from Connecticut. No ſooner did they receive the Intelligence of a Conflict between our Forces, and the French, at the Carrying Place, than they inſtantly determined to ſend Recruits to the Army. The whole 2000 Men, they lately voted for a Reinforcement, are actually gone, and 2000, or more, it is expected, will join our Army in ten Days Time.---From the back Towns ſeveral Companies of thoſe laſt Supplies are on their March, and along the Sea Side they are levying with aſtoniſhing Diſpatch. Perſons of all Ranks and Conditions enter into the Service of their Country. Surely this Conduct ought to ſhame the Southern Colonies, and animate them to give equal Proofs of their Courage and Loyalty.---It is hoped this Province will make ſeaſonable and ample Proviſion for theſe brave Recruits at Albany.---We alſo learn that ſeveral Hundred Volunteers were marching towards the Camp from the Northern Parts of this Government.

By an Expreſs from the Camp arrived here Yeſterday the 14th Inſt. at 9 A. M. we have the following Letter, dated September 10, 1755.

Major General JOHNSON, having poſted himſelf, and fortified his Camp at Lake St. Sacrament, now called Lake George, with about 2200 Men; and having Intelligence of a French Army's being in Motion in that Neighbourhood, detached a Party of about 1000 Men, and 200 Indians againſt the Enemy, whom, by the Account of our Scouts, we had Reaſon to think, had been to attack Fort-Lyman, at the Carrying-Place, and were returning towards us, our Accounts being uncertain, whether they had carried their Point, or been drove from thence. This Party met the Enemy about four Miles off the Camp at Lake George, engaged them, but finding them too ſtrong, made the beſt Retreat they could: Numbers were killed on both Sides; I believe rather moſt on ours, particularly among our Indians, altho' few in our Retreat.

The Enemy marched to our Camp, and about Twelve attacked us with their whole Force: The Engagement continued very warm on both Sides, till paſt Four, when the Enemy began to ſlacken their Fire, gave Way and fled. Our Artillery play'd very briſkly in our Front the whole Time, the Succeſs of which, was entirely owing to the Conduct and Bravery of Capt. Eyers, our Engineer General. The Attack was began by the regular Troops on our Center; the Indians on the Left of the Line, and afterwards they made a vigorous Attack on our Right. Col. Titchcomb, of a Boſton Regiment, was killed, which is all the Officers I hear of yet.---Our General was wounded in the Hip, yet kept the Field, altho' in great Pain; the Wound is painful, but, thank God, not dangerous.---Our Dead in the two Engagements, do not, I believe, amount to more than about 150, and about 100 wounded; but as yet I have no exact Returns. The French General, Le Baron de Dieſkau, we have taken; he is badly wounded, and I fear will not live. We underſtand by his Papers, he is General of all the regular Forces lately arrived from Europe,---an elderly Man, much of a Gentleman, and in great Reputation as a Soldier. By his Papers, it appears he had at Crown-Point, and at Ticondaroga, 3171 regular Troops. From that Place to Crown-Point, they have fortified all the advantageous Paſſes. He was miſtaken in his Intelligence, and the Indians and Canadians gave way;---this he ſays occaſioned his Defeat. His Aid de Camp came into our Camp, when it was dark, and ſurrendered himſelf. His Major-General was killed, and ſeveral other conſiderable Officers. They made a bold Attack, and maintained it bravely. Our Cannon and Breaſtwork was of ſingular Service to us. We have about 25 Priſoners. The Number of the Enemy is variouſly reported by the Priſoners; the General ſays 1600, ſome 2000, others 2300: We were, I believe, effective, near 2200, of which many could not engage, keeping Poſt where the Enemy might, but did not, attack us. Our Officers and Men are a good deal fatigued, having been under Arms Night and Day ever ſince we firſt received the Intelligence.

The French hurried off, and hid many of their Dead. Our Indians have taken off near 70 Scalp, and 'tis ſaid loſt near 40 of their People, old HENDRICK is, I fear, killed; they are much enraged.

Another Engagement took Place between 4 and 5. Some New-Hampſhire and New-York Troops, about 210, who were we underſtood reconnoitring, and hearing our Fire, march'd briſkly towards us, met 300 Canadians and Indians, where the Engagement was in the Morning, who had fled from the Battle at our Camp, to ſcalp our People kill'd in the Morning. Our brave Party fought nobly, put the Enemy to Flight, and made a conſiderable Slaughter. Capt. MAGINNIS commanded the Party, behaved with the utmoſt Calmneſs and Reſolution, was brought in on a Horſe, much wounded, and I fear cannot live! May his Memory be honoured.

The Council of War having given their Opinion, that one general Letter be wrote to all the Governments, and diſpatched directly to Boſton; from thence and Connecticut they expect Reinforcements, which will be very welcome to us. We are apprehenſive, and our Indians very much ſo, that the French will make a more formidable Attack ſpeedily upon us and bring Artillery up the Lake.

I encloſe your Honour the Order of Battle, found among the French General's Papers, alſo his Cities, and his Aid de Camp's, which the latter juſt now wrote and ſent me. The long Letter with Particulars, going to Boſton and Minutes of the Council of War, if not before, I hope you will receive in a Day or two after this.

All at preſent is in a Hurry, and in an irregular Army, ſo that you muſt be kind enough to make all Allowances for Inaccuracies and Blunders, &c.

I was willing to write you Honour a Line or two, 'tis now a Sort of Letter. I am interrupted every Moment, but always moſt reſpectfully, Sir, Your Honour's moſt obedient Servant,

PETER WRAXALL, Aid de Camp.

P. S. Our General's Wound pains him:---He begs his Salutations.---He behaved in all Reſpects worthy his Station, and is the Idol of the Army. General Lyman, and all the Officers, behaved with diſtinguiſh'd Conduct and Courage.---The Men with the utmoſt Bravery,---and the Victory was fairly fought for.

To Governor DE LANCEY.

By the Bearer of the above Expreſs we are informed, the Enemy had about 700 killed.

Upon the firſt Notice of the Engagement near the Lake George, his Excellency Sir CHARLES HARDY, our Governor, immediately ordered a large Supply of Proviſions, Ammunition, and Warlike Stores, with ſome Indian Preſents of Condolance, to be ſhipped on board ſome Albany Sloops; and Yeſterday embarked himſelf with a Number of Gentlemen, whoſe Preſence we doubt not will have a very good Effect.

We are told his Excellency purpoſes to ſtay there a Time, in order to be ready on any Service that his Preſence may forward; and is reſolved to take the Field if neceſſary.

The Aſſembly of Boſton have paſſed a Vote to raiſe 2000 Men, beſides the 800, to reinforce General JOHNSON.

The Boſton Poſt aſſures us, That coming through the ſeveral Towns in Connecticut, he obſerved Multitudes of the Inhabitants of that Government preparing for a March towards General JOHNSON's Army, being ſpirited up by the juſt Reſentment due to our common and perfidious Enemy:-- And in particular he affirms, That one Captain Fairchild, of Stratford, had, in the Space of three Days only, compleated a Company of One Hundred Men, all Independents,---Men that furniſhed themſelves with every Thing neceſſary for the Expedition at their own private Expence, and marched away on Horſe-back for the Camp on Thurſday or Friday laſt.

And,---The Expreſs that came to Town Yeſterday from General Johnſon, even aſſures us, that he ſhould have been in Town the Evening before, had not the different Bodies of People he met on the Road hither, bravely going to the Aſſiſtance of Mr. Johnſon, prevented his Speed, by interrogating him about the Succeſs of the Engagement, which did not a little contribute to expedite their March.

And indeed we have received no leſs Aſſurance from Gentlemen of good Authority, That the City and County of Albany are ſince almoſt drained of its Inhabitants, who are gone on the aforeſaid Purpoſe, being excited thereto by a noble and exalted Spirt of juſtly vindicating their Sovereign's Cauſe.

Capt. Bethel arrived here Yeſterday from Coracoa. In Lat. 35. 70. he ſaw three large Ships, having a Tender, and ſteering North. They gave him Chaſe, but being to Windward got clear.

Laſt Monday Afternoon, Capt. Brown arrived here in 35 Days from Jamaica: He came through the Gulph in Company with ſeven Sail, under Convoy of his Majeſty's Ship the Goſport, of 40 Guns, 6 bound to Europe, and one, a Brig, for Philadelphia; the Maſter whereof informed Capt. Brown, that in coming through the Gulph, four of the Fleet run upon the Coloradoes; but that two of them got off again, after throwing overboard what Sugars they had between Decks; and that the other two were uſing their beſt Endeavours to get off alſo. Four Days before Capt. Brown came in, he ſpoke with the Goſport, having parted with her ſome Time before, and left her ſteering an Eaſt Courſe.

WILLIAMSBURG, September 5.

The Troops in the Pay of this Colony, are ordered to be augmented to 1000 Men, under the Command of Col. George Waſhington. The Officers have received their beating Inſtructions this Week, and immediately ſet out to raiſe their ſeveral Companies.

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept.* 18.

On Monday laſt the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province met here.

The FRENCH ORDER of BATTLE, in three Columns, translated from a Paper of General DIESKAU's.

Monsieur de MERCIER, Quarter Master General.

Commanding Officers of the Indians.

Monsieur de St. Pierre,
Longeville,
St. Lue,
Montessan,
Riverville.

CADETS.

Messieurs Hebert,
Fleuremont,
Rainbault,
Courtemanche,
Cuissy,
Aubert,
Boisrouvre,
La Cressoniere,
Beauville.

About 700 Indians, Iroquois, Algonquins, Nippensings, Hurons, and Abanaquis.

LEFT COLUMN.

Monsieur de VASSON Commander.

Two Brigades of three Companies each.

First Brigade.

Monsieur de VASSON Commander.

3 Companies. { M. de Gannes, Meloise, Contre Coeur.

Second Brigade.

Monsieur de COLUMBIERE Commander.

3 Companies. { M. Donville, Desarobert, Demorville.

Cadet, D' Albergartly, Brevet Major of the two Brigades.

Dussable Brevet Major.

Monsieur Le Baron de DIESKAU, General.

Monsieur de MONTRAEILLE, Major General of the Forces.

Monsieur de ROCQUEMAURE commanding the Troops.

Lieutenant Colonel forming the Center Column.

DE CELERON commanding the Colony Troops.

Monsieur de Raymond commanding the Right Column, and Monsieur de Vasson commanding the Left Column, under Monsieur de Celéron.

Monsieur de St. Pierre commanding the Indians.

Monsieur de Repentigny commanding a Corps de Reserve of 300 Men, under the Orders of Monsieur de St. Pierre.

CENTER COLUMN.

Monsieur de Rocquemaure commanding a Column composed of

2 Companies of Grenadiers of the Queen's Regiment, and Languedoc Company.
8 Platoons of the Queen's Regiment.
8 Platoons of the Languedoc Regiment.
The Company of Cannoniers, Bombardiers, and the Militia supporting the Column.
The Indians, and the Corps de Reserve, forming the advanced Guard.

Each Company of the two Columns composed of one Serjeant, one Corporal, fifteen or sixteen Soldiers of the Regulars, and about 100 Militia.

Two Drums to each Brigade.

Monsieur PRAR, Major of the Troops and Militia.

CORPS DE RESERVE.

Monsieur de Repentigny, under the Orders of Monsieur St. Pierre.
Monsieur de Gannes, Officer Major.
de Vagennes.
de Langy.

CADETS.

Monsieur La Fontain.
Fonterray.
Joannes.

300 chosen Militia, with between 25 and 30 Volunteer Officers of the Militia from the City.

These 300 Militia were composed of 200 Montreal Indian Traders, 30 from Trois Rivieres, and 70 from Quebec.

RIGHT COLUMN.

Monsieur de RAYMOND commanding the Column.

Two Brigades of three Companies each.

First Brigade.

Monsieur de RAYMOND Commander.

3 Companies. { M. de Bezancour, de la Ronde, de la Croix.

Second Brigade.

3 Companies. { M. Dumiey, de Baranger, de l' Espervanche.

CADETS.

Monsieur De l' Espervanche, the Brevet Major of the two Brigades.
Monsieur de Vickerville, Brevet Major of the Brigade.
The Chevalier de la Militaire, Cadet in the Languedoc Regiment, Brevet Major of Brigade.

In a Letter from New London, dated September 8, there is Advice, that Captain Frisby was arrived there in 15 Days from Antigua, and says, that His Majesty's Sloop of War Badger sailed from that Island the Fourteenth of August, with five Merchant Ships under her Convoy for London; and that the Day before he sailed, an Account was brought to Antigua, that the Badger, and three of her Convoy, were taken by a French Man of War of 64 or 74 Guns on the 17th of August. The Captain further adds, that he called at Old Road, St. Christophers, where he heard the same Account.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig William, Walter Rench from St. Croix.
Ship Beckford Galley, William Nicholson from Barbados.
Brig Jenny, Alexander Magee from Dublin.
Sloop Abbey, Joseph Jones from Virgin Islands.
Ship Myrtilla, Richard Budden from London.
Brig Sarah, William Clymer from Barbados.
---Cornelia, Robert Smith from Jamaica.
Ship Alexander, John Ford from Bourdeaux.
Sloop Fancy, William M'Funn from N. Carolina.
Schooner Ann, Alexander Rowland from Antigua.
Snow Muggy, William Alison from Do.
Brig Betty, William Gray from Jamaica.

OUTWARDS.

Snow Dunbar, James M'Cullough for Barbados.
---Rebecca, James Lee, Esq. for Cork.
Ship Myrtilla, Richard Budden for London.
---Liverpool, John Walker for Liverpool.
Brig Betsey, Barnard Badger for W. Indies.
Schooner Dolphin, William Morton for Boston.
Snow Barbados Factor, Joseph Greenway for W. Indies.
Brig Argo, John Hinton for Fyall.

CLEARED.

Sloop Susannah, Bourcher Durell to N. Carolina.
---Phœnix, William Burrows to Bermuda.
---Intent, Reuben Parker to N. Carolina.
---Windsor, Henry Farley to Barbados.
Ship Severn, Samuel Appowen to Lisbon.
Brig Warren, John M'Pherson to Barbados.
Schooner Hannah, James Coborn to Jamaica.

Just imported in the Myrtilla, Richard Budden, from London, and to be sold by

SAMUEL HOWELL,

At his store, at the sign of the Beaver, in Chestnut-street, Philadelphia,

MENS and womens velvet, canbricks, 6 qr. cossaes, border'd kenting handkerchiefs, long lawns, chints and calicoes, broadcloths, ozenbrigs, dowlas, Irish linns, buckram, a good assortment of silk handkerchiefs, cotton romals, Scots linen handkerchiefs, black china taffety, persian ditto halfthicks, kerseys, spotted rugs, striped duffils, beaver coating, red, green and drab colour'd naps, blue duffils, red and embossed flannel, a good assortment of pins and needles, shaloons, tammies, durants, a variety of cutlary, sleeve buttons, knee buckles, awl blades, shoe tacks, silver watches, gunpowder, lead, shot, womens scarlet and clothcolour'd short cloaks, mens and womens worsted hose, colour'd and white shammy gloves, mens buff ditto, gartering, bobbing, tapes, nonsopretty, Scots thread, edging, gauze lace, a neat assortment of neck ce beads, ivory combs, muffatees, hard metal coat and vest button, jet coat, vest and sleeve buttons, silk, cotton and worsted caps, cotton laces, sun dials, sattin, figured paduasoy and taffety ribbons, dark ground cottons, black blue and green calimancoes, horsewhips, half yard black and blush persians, &c. &c. &c. Tbctf.

NOTICE is hereby given to all gentlemen and ladies, that CHARLES DUTENS, jeweller, in company with DAVID HARPER, near the Indian King, Philadelphia, continue their business of making all sorts of jewels, gold and silver smiths work, &c. where those persons who are pleased to honour them with their custom, may depend on being faithfully served, and at the most reasonable rates, either by wholesale or retail.

N. B. We have the pleasure of informing our customers, that we procured a lapidary at a considerable expence, and find that this country chrystal is full as good as that of Bristol stone; and we hope those who love their country produce, and have so long desir'd to see and wear the said chrystal, will encourage us by their custom to retain the lapidary, to proceed in the work, which will be gratefully acknowledged by DUTENS and HARPER.

Imported in the last ships from London, and to be sold wholesale or retail by

WILLIAM CHANCELLOR,

At the Pestle and Mortar, in Market-street,

ALL kinds of drugs and chymical medicines, phials, galleypots, corks, lances, apothecaries scales and weights, marble mortars, crooked needles, sieves, best jesuits bark, sago, Bateman's drops, Daffy's elixir, Godfrey's and Bostock's cordial, British oil, Hungary and lavender water, syringes, tinfoil, nipple glasses, oil cloth, lacquer and varnish, &c.

N. B. Masters of vessels not carrying surgeons, may be supplied with medicine chests and proper directions.

Imported in the ships Beulah and Myrtilla, and other vessels late from London and Bristol, and to be sold cheap for ready money, or short credit, by

ISAAC GREENLEAFE,

In Second-street, near Stretch's corner, viz.

SUperfine and fine broad-cloths, with buttons and mohair &c. kerseys, drabs, plains, bearskins, blue and red coating, frizes, half-thicks, druggets, scarlet, red, white and striped flannels, embossed ditto, superfine and common London shaloons, Bristol ditto, striped duffils, blankets of all sizes, green, blue and red rugs, spotted and motly do. womens cloth coaks, worsted damasks, calimancoes, corded poplins, venetian do. florettas and starrets, superfine durants, common tammies, duroys, saggathies, green hair shag, superfine black do. everlasting, crapes, camblettees, broad camblets, slopeen, Hungarian checks, a good assortment of horse whips, ozenbrigs, a variety of calicoes, yd. wd. 7 8ths and 3-qr. Irish linens, dowlas, Russia sheetings, Irish ditto, table-cloths, napkening, clouting diaper, bag holland, 3 qr. and 7 8ths garlix, long lawns, pistol lawns, tandems, double flesias, cambricks and lawns, in pieces and patches, co our'd and white buckrams, 3 qr. and 7 8ths, and 6-qr. linen and cotton checks, striped cotton holland, linen handkerchiefs, cotton romals, muslins, black china taffeties, plain and changeable ditto, Indi[illegible], persians, lutestring ducape, mantuas, paduasoy, English black and cloth colour'd sattin, silk handkerchiefs of several sorts, bordered and spotted bandanoes, chiloes, blue long cloths, 3-qr. and 7 8ths bed-ticks, bed-bunts, superfine black and white broad russels, silk and hair grazets, fine hair grograms, corded and flowered Manchester demities, thread and worsted hose, thread gloves and mittens, white and colour'd glaz'd ditto, plain and figur'd ribbons, firrets, worsted bindings, cotton tapes, gartering, nonsopretties, silk, firret and cotton laces, white and colour'd threads, cloth and light colour'd sewing silk, double and single silk caps, broad and narrow illetting, diaper, fine holland tapes, Scotch thread, wool-cards, boking-glasses, mens and boys felt and castor hats, womens black beaver ditto, a compleat sett of sadlers tools, writing paper, ink powder, sealing-wax, Weston's and Lester's snuff, F and FF gun-powder, shot, bar-lead, best London steel, 3 4, 8, 10, 12 and 20d nails, frying-pans, scythes, mill-saws, cross-cut and pit ditto, hand saws, fire shovels and tongs, plain irons, sorted, long and short firmers, mortice chizels, paring and broad socket ditto, gouges sorted, drawing knives, augers, lathing hammers, carpenters ditto, trowels, coopers axes and adzes, broad axes, shingling hatchets, stock locks, pad locks, iron wire, coffee-mills, H and HL hinges, shoe hammers, till locks, shoe nippers and pincers, iron compasses, common and spike gimblets, brass cocks, spring chest locks, thumb latches, table catches, spring latches, fine iron candlesticks, common ditto, brass patent candlesticks, brass snuffers and stands, steel ditto, glovers shears, sheep shears, awl blades, shoe tacks, gun locks, an assortment of sadlery, carpenters rules, snuffers, superfine and common razors, pen knives, variety of table knives and forks, ivory ditto in shagreen cases, lancets, pistol capt pen knives, stag-knives with gun-screws, sciffars, taylors shears, womens brass and steel thimbles, mens, womens and boys shoe and knee buckles, gold pattern sleeve buttons, flat and round white and yellow metal buttons, jett buttons, brass and leather ink pots, fountain pens, brass locks, curtain rings, knitting needles, pins, needles, best Whitechapel ditto, watch chains, key swivels, horse fleams, watch seals, watch keys, pencil cases, stone sleeve buttons and studds set in silver, stone buckles, ditto, steel and brass nut cracks, sugar ditto, maps on cloth, allom, copperas, coffee, allspice, a large assortment of pewter, a womans neat hunting side saddle and furniture, with many other goods not here mentioned.

T. b. c. t. f.

Imported in the Beulah, Capt. Ritche, from London, and to be sold by

JOSEPH REDMAN,

Opposite the Courthouse,

GReen, blue, crimson and drab colour'd hair plush, green, blue and dark colour'd orris and mohair fringe, green and blue broadcloth, girth, straining and twist web, swivel, plain, bent and womens stirrups, tuft nails, staple and loop'd ditto, white sets, colt and rippon snaffle bitts, Rhode-Island, half cannon and crooked Pelham curb bitts, cressing irons, 2d. 3d. and 4d. clout nails, large and middle tacks, tinn'd curry combs, and horse brushes, silk whip lashes, steel spurs, sadlers hammers, garnish nails. Gun locks, stock locks, chest ditto, cupboard ditto, brass knob bow spring latchets, brass and iron desk locks, brass and iron book case ditto, brass desk hinges, rule joint table hinges, variety of brass handles and escutcheons, desk setts, broad and narrow chissels and gouges, carpenters iron squares, augers, broad axes, joiners hatchets, carpenters adzes, flat, half round and three square files, White's and Smith's steel plate hand and tenant saws, sash pullies and lines, English glue, black and spline padlocks, brass knob fire-shovels and tongs, plain and flower'd silver'd coffin handles, flat and round screws, 2, 3, and 4d. sprigs, trunk nails, hob ditto, tenter hooks, plane-irons, carpenters and coopers jointer-irons, iron horse traces, bricklayers and plaisterers trowels.

VERY good LAMPBLACK sold at the *New-Printing-Office*.

Imported from London, in the Myrtilla, Capt. Richard Budden, and to be sold by

JOSEPH OGDEN,

In Chestnut-street, near Second-street, the following goods, by wholesale or retail,

NAPT coatings, bearskins, flannel, scarlet serge, womens cloth short cloaks, saggathy, buckram, ozenbrigs, Irish linen, cambricks, calicoes, calimancoes, mens worsted stockings, muffattees, hair grazets, scarlet and letter'd gartering, nonsopretties, tapes, bobbin, Scots threads, colour'd threads, cloth colour'd sewing silk, light colour'd ditto, horsewhips, Scots linen handkerchiefs, border'd bandanoes, roset handkerchiefs, taffeties, womens colour'd lamb gloves and mitts, sattin kid ditto, 3 yard silk laces, paduasoy ribbon, firrets, worsted bindings, shoe galoon, silver watches, watch seals and strings, ditto keys, pins and needles, ivory combs, childrens morocco shoes and pumps, womens damask shoes, goloshes and clogs, writing paper, womens necklaces, of divers sorts, temple spectacles, leather ditto, stone and brass sleeve buttons, shoe buckles, womens sciffars, cuttoe knives, penknives, bend leather soals, Kirby's fish-hooks, white metal coat and waistcoat buttons, razors, shoemakers pincers and nippers, pewter, china and glass ware, and sundry other goods. ¶

HENRY FLOWER,

Watchmaker, at the sign of the Dial, in Second-street, between Black-horse Alley and Chestnut-street,

MAKES and repairs all sorts of watches and clocks in the best manner. Likewise gilds sword hilts, watch movements and Pinchbeck cases, chased or plain, snuff-boxes, watch-chains, or any thing of the kind.

N. B. Any person may be supplied with watch-chains, either gold, silver or Pinchbeck, of the best fashion, by the said

HENRY FLOWER.

Philadelphia, September 18, 1755.

RUN away from John Taylor of Chester shoemaker, about two months ago, an apprentice lad, named George Grist, 19 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, thin visage, and pale complexion, his clothing uncertain, except jacket and trowsers; he is a good tradesman, and is supposed to follow the business about Lancaster or Donnegall. Whoever takes up and secures said apprentice, so that his master may have him again, shall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JOHN TAYLOR.

Just imported from London in the Beulah, Captain Ritchie, and to be sold by

JOHN RILFE,

At his store, the middle of Front-street, next door to the China Shop,

A COMPLEAT assortment of linen drapery, mercery, haberdashery, stationary, ironmongery, and cutlary, with all kinds of woollen-goods, at the most moderate prices.

Just imported, and to be sold cheap by

ALEXANDER LUNAN,

On Hamilton's Wharff,

BOHEA tea by the chest or dozen, coffee and Jamaica rum, Florence oil by the chest, and rota tent or tent-wine by the dozen, Scots snuff, a variety of printed linens, and English made saddles. Also a few of the newest books, amongst which are Dr. Blackwell's court of Augustus, his life of Homer, and mythology of the Antients; General Gordon's life of Peter the Great, and Douglas's history of the late rebellion. Thcqm.

Philadelphia, Sept. 18, 1755.

For LONDON directly,

The SHIP SUSANNAH, SOLOMON MACKEY, MASTER,

Burthen about two hundred and eighty tuns, sails well, and is very convenient for passengers; her cargo being ready, she will depart about the last of this month. For freight or passage, agreement may be made with Robert Greenway, or said Commander. ¶

Caln, Sept. 5 1755.

WHereas Richard Rigg, late of West-Fallowfield, in the county of Chester, has absconded from his place of usual abode, and an attachment being laid on his effects, his creditors are therefore desired to give their attendance at the house of the subscriber, on the sixth day of December next, then and there to discover and make proof of their respective debts, at which time and place, attendance will be given by JOHN MILLER. ¶

RUn away from the Subscriber, on the 10th instant, an Irish servant man, named Charles Maguire, about 23 Years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high; took with him a sorrel horse, with a blaze on his face, and a saddle about half worn, without housings: Had on when he went away, a blue cloth coat, with metal buttons, a new pair of leather breeches, a white shirt, fine hat, new shoes, and worsted stockings; he is a palavering fellow, and is freckled on his face and hands; it is supposed he will endeavour to get a passage in some vessel to Ireland, or the West-Indies. Any Person that will take up and secure said servant, so as the subscriber may have him again, shall have Two Pistoles reward, paid by JOHN REILY, living in Frederick county, Maryland.

To the Freeholders, and Freemen of the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you Thanks for the Favour you did me the last Year in putting me on the Return for Sheriffs; and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office the ensuing Year, I beg the Favour of your Votes at the next Election, which shall be gratefully acknowledged by your most humble Servant,

JAMES COULTAS.

To the Freeholders, and others, Electors of the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,

AS you did me the Honour of returning me Coroner at the last Election, for which I am greatly obliged to you, I now take the Liberty of desiring the Continuance of your Favour and Interest at the ensuing Election for the same Office, which will be an additional Obligation upon, Gentlemen, your most humble Servant, *THOMAS BOUDE.*

To the Freeholders, and others, Electors of the County of Chester,

GENTLEMEN,

AS I intend to stand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office at the ensuing Election, I take this Method to desire your Votes and Interest for the same, which shall be gratefully acknowledged by your Friend to serve, *JOHN PEARSON.*

Just published, and to be sold at the New-Printing-Office, in Market street *(Price Sixpence)*

AN ACT for extending so much of an Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army, and their Quarters*; passed in the Twenty-eighth Year of the present Reign, as relates to the Quartering and Billeting of Soldiers, and Payment of their Quarters, in that Part of *Great-Britain* called *England*.

To be SOLD,

A SERVANT man's time, by trade a jackmaker, and has three years to serve. Enquire of John Cresson, Whitesmith in Strawberry-alley. ⊕ 5s. Tbc.

Just imported in the ship Beulah, John Ritchie master, from London, and to be sold by

CHARLES COXE,

At his store in Front-street, near Chestnut-street, and opposite Mr. John Armit's,

FIne and superfine broad-cloths, cross bar'd yard-wide stuffs, venetians, corded poplins, broad and narrow messinets, new figure and figur'd tobine, figur'd half ell grazets and worsted damasks, camblets and cambelettees, crape and best baladine sewing silk, taffeties and paduasoy ribbons, plain and purl'd sattin, and grogram ditto, a choice assortment of very newest fashion'd figur'd ribbon, plain and striped love ditto, and gauze lace, bobbin, holland and diaper tapes, pretties and nuns thread, 4d and 6d ferrets, 2 and 3 yard ferret and silk laces, 6 qr. 7-qr. and 8 qr. cotton ditto, filletting, white and colour'd tapes, stay-cord, braid and galloon, wire and mould shirt buttons, ivory and horn combs, sealing-wax and wafers, calimancoes, tammies, durants, mohair buttons, and silk twist, mens and youths worsted hose, womens ditto, worsted, cotton and silk caps, cotton bindings, stay, shoe and London worsted quality ditto, striped, ietter'd and scarlet gartering, colour'd and number thread, mens, womens and youths gloves, duffils, half-thicks, frizes and shaloons, playing cards, felt hats, rugs, blankets, striped duffils, coatings, swanskins, red padua and scarlet perpetuana, mens and womens horse-whips, ozenbrigs, 9 qr. and 10-qr. Flander's bed ticks, English ditto, brown and white Russia sheeting, plain and crudled Russia linen, brown and white pomerania ditto, 3 qr. and 7-eights garlix, brown and white buckram, single and double silesias, pistol lawns, Russia diaper, clouting ditto, tabling and napkening damask, napkening diaper and damask, German and Holland whited long lawns, dowlas, samplering and stay canvas, 3 qr. 7 eights, yard-wide, and yd. and 3-eights linen checks, 7 eights, yd. wd. yd. and 3 eights cotton ditto, yard-wide cotton hollands, pocket fustians and white jeans, brown roles and brown hessens, plain and striped muslins, broad lawns, pieces and patches cambricks, ditto clear lawns, flower'd and minionet lawns, printed linens, cottons and calicoes, chints, cotton and silk romals, plain and bordered bandanoes, colour'd and striped ginghams, peniascoes and nillaes, half ell and ell-wide persians, tapsels and chilloes, black, colour'd and striped India taffeties, India damasks, feckterfoy and lungee romals, striped persians and black India paduasoys, bar lead, large and small shot, wool cards, best London needles, iron knitting ditto, pins, small gilt trunks, steel hand saws and stock-locks, common black and secret pad-locks, common chest locks and double spring ditto, rimm'd closet locks and brass egg-nobb'd ditto, thumb, and egg-nobb'd spring latches, 2 foot box rules, carpenters hammers, and iron squares, door and window bolts, iron candlesticks, iron snuffers and steel spring ditto, cast flat irons, hand-saw-files, flat, 3 square, and half round ditto, flat and half round fine and coarse rasps, chisels, gouges and iron compasses, nippers, chest hinges, HL and square end side ditto, taylors shears, frying pans and best AC English steel, curry combs, gimblets, brass shoe and knee buckles, Pinchbeck, steel and wrought black ditto, steel waistband buckles, iron and brass thimbles, brass coat and vest buttons, plate fashioned ditto, buck, sham, stag and cocoa table knives and forks, bone, hunters, and buck, butchers, buck, cap'd and seal pen-knives, buffaloe ditto, buck, cuttoes and pistol cap'd knives, burnt bone ditto, razors and drawing knives, brass mounted hangers, with red leather belts, sleeve buttons, metal spectacles and horn jointed ditto, japann'd and metal snuff boxes, iron tobacco boxes, side spring and draw ditto, cut garnet necklaces, womens scissars, trimming and horse ditto, inlaid shell and horn pen knives, horn double blade, and stag cast steel blade ditto, watch leathers, pistol tinder boxes, newest pattern gilt and silver'd coat and vest buttons, ink powder, gun-flints, and gun-powder, &c, also a parcel of choice silver and Pinchbeck watches.

Just imported in the Myrtilla, Captain Budden, from London, and to be sold cheap for ready money or short credit by

JOHN WALLACE,

At his store in Chestnut-street, near Front-street,

A LARGE assortment of European and East-India goods, suitable for the season.

Imported in the last ship from London, and to be sold by

ANDREW ELLIOT,

At his store, in Water-street,

BRoadcloths, bearskins, naps, kerseys and halfthicks, rugs, blankets, striped duffils and fearnothings, red and white, scarlet and striped flannels, white and spotted swanskins, embossed serges, mens, womens, boys and girls worsted stockings, calicoes, chints, printed linens and cottons, 7 eights and yard white linens, 3 qr. 7 eights, yard wide and 6 qr. cotton and linen checks, womens cloth colour'd short cloaks and quilted petticoats, tammies, durants, double and single damasks, cross barred figured stuffs, shaloons and camblets, silk, cotton and linen handkerchiefs, silk and worsted caps, cotton counterpains, Highlanders and Henry's cards, writing paper, garters, laces, pins, thread, sewing silk and ribbons, a large assortment of cutlary, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, September 18, 1755.

Just imported in the last vessels from London, and to be sold by

DAVID FRANKS,

At his store, in the house where the late Thomas Lawrence, Esq; lived in Water-street, very reasonable,

A NEAT assortment of European and East-India goods, suitable for the season.

N. B. All those still indebted to the late company of Levy and Franks, are, for the last time, desired to come and pay off their respective debts within two months from the date hereof, or they may certainly depend on being sued without further notice: And those who have any Demands are desired to bring them in. Tbc.

Just imported in the Myrtilla, Captain Budden, from London, and to be sold cheap, for ready money, or short credit, by

THOMAS M'JANET *and* Company,

At their store in Water-street, near the Tun-tavern,

A NEAT assortment of European goods, suitable for the season; with Mr. Jeffery's new map of England, giving an exact account of the roads, distances between the cities, towns and villages; sundry fine watches; and the works of the reverend Mr. JOHN FLAVELL. Tbc.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of RICHARD LLOYD, late of Darby miller deceased, are desired to pay their respective debts: And those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjusted and paid by HANNAH LLOYD, Executrix.

WHEREAS Mr. JAMES THOMPSON *merchant, and formerly a residenter in Philadelphia, has not been heard of by any of his friends in England for these three years past, this is to give notice to the said Mr. James Thompson, that since that time his wife is dead. He went from England to New-York, Rhode-Island or Boston; if alive, he is desired to return immediately to England to his brother, or to write to him or son in London; and if dead, and any person can give an account where he died, by applying to Mr. John Wallace merchant in Philadelphia, he shall be handsomely rewarded for his trouble, by order of the said Mr. James Thompson's brother ROBERT THOMPSON.* §

Just imported by the last ships from London, and to be sold by

CHARLES MEREDITH,

At his store, the corner of Front and Chestnut street,

BRoadcloths, bearskins, striped duffils, rose blankets, flannels, striped linseys, ratteens, halfthicks, ozenbrigs, Irish linens, dowlas, brown bessens, tandem hollands, beaticks, diapers, buckrams, princes linen, long lawns, silesias, pistol lawns, Russia and check linens, cambricks and clear lawns in pieces and patches, muslin, Scots and Cumberland handkerchiefs, silk cords, calimancoes, India damask taffeties, bandanoes threads, tapes, bobbings, ribbons, sirrets, cap lace, sewing silks, pins, needles nutmegs, cinamon, mace, knives, combs, snuff boxes, necklaces, horsewhips, buckles, sleeve buttons, white metal coat and vest ditto, mens, womens and childrens stockings, silk caps, looking glasses, worsted bindings, gartering, silk and hair buttons and twist, gloves, mittens, writing paper, sealing wax, inkpowder, nests of trunks, shaloons, durants, ivory handled knives and forks, powder blue, chints, calicoes, Weston's snuff, setts of views, roset and lutestring handkerchiefs. ⊕

RUN away, on the 23d of August last, from Jonathan Stout, of Middletown, in the county of Monmouth, an English servant man, named John Skinner, about six feet high, a shoemaker by trade, and has the letters IS, with the date of the year, put on the back of one of his hands with gunpowder. Had on when he went away, an old felt hat, black wig, check shirt, a blue coat, leather breeches, yarn stockings, and sharp toed pumps, with large brass buckles in them. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me JONATHAN STOUT. §

ON Monday, October the Sixth, is intended to begin an EVENING SCHOOL, at the Sign of the HAND and PEN, in Second-street; where will be taught, Writing, Arithmetick, Vulgar and Decimal, Merchant Accounts, Navigation, Mensuration, and Gauging, &c. by

WILLIAM DAWSON.

N. B. Said DAWSON has a large CELLAR to lett, under his School-room.

STOLEN from Robert Russell, of Chester, on the ninth of this instant September at night, a brass kettle, which will hold 21 gallons; it is supposed to be taken by a Dutch tinker. If offered to sale, it is desired to be stopt; and whoever secures the thief and kettle, shall have *Twenty Shillings* reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ROBERT RUSSELL. ⊕

WILLIAM GRANT,

At his house in Water-street, three doors above Chestnut street corner, has imported by the Captain Budden and Ritchie from London,

A VARIETY of India and European goods, which, with others on hand, proper for the season, he will sell cheap for ready money or short credit; and requests those who are indebted to him above a twelvemonth, to make immediate payment. Tbc.

Just imported in the ship Myrtilla, Richard Budden, from London, and the last ships from Bristol, and to be sold at the lowest prices, for ready money or short credit, by

WILLIAM FREEMAN,

At his store, late Mr. Curries, the next door but one to Capt. Philips's, in Water street, the following goods, viz.

THree-penny, 4d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, anvils, beck-irons, vizes, hand hammers, frying-pans, and stew-pans shoemakers hammers, shoe knives and nippers, floats and rasps, Silk's best awl-blades, common ditto, tacks, peg awls, awl hafts, fizesticks, shoulderstocks, and bone keys, mill-saws, cross-cut, tenant saws and peg tooth ditto, common, best and White's best handsaws, coopers axes, adzes, howels, drawing-knives and spoke-sheaves, London and country trowels, round point plaistering ditto, and lath hammers, broad axes, felling axes, adzes and hatchets, common tooth and moulding plain irons, long short and large firmers, mortice, paring, sconing, and socket chissels and gouges, augers from half an inch to an inch and half, iron and brass candlesticks, steel snuffers, fireshovels and tongs, marking irons, box-irons, coffee mills, H, HL and chest hinges, thumb latches, spring latches and table catches, locks of all sorts, fuzees, fowling-pieces, gun hammers and screws, table knives and forks, cuttoes, scissars, razors and sheep shears, bench screw vizes, cabinet furniture, desk setts and hinges, screw knobs, snipe bill and curtain rings, an assortment of sadlery, iron wire, files and smooths, a large assortment of coat, jacket and sleeve buttons in metal, gilt, pearl, plated, glass and horn, steel and plated buckles, plated spurs, horn combs, watch keys, chains and seals, in metal, steel and silver, stay hooks, and hooks and eyes, silver, steel and brass thimbles, fine pearl, paste and jett necklaces, buckles and buttons set in silver. Also an assortment of Bristol shaloons, yard wide stuffs and damasks, saggathies, duroys, jeans, fustians and denities; a variety of ribbons, plain and figured, coloured and stitching threads, laces, tapes, gartering, binding and filleting, and an assortment of felt hats; with a variety of toys besides what are mentioned, too tedious to insert here.

Philadelphia, September 18, 1755.

RUN away from the subscriber, in Evesborough, in Salem county, West-Jersey, a Dutch servant man, named George Leonard Hamels, a lusty broad faced fellow, near six feet high, has brown short hair, and a sore on his under lip: Had on when he went away, a claret coloured coat and jacket near of a length, and both full trimmed, a coarse shirt, long tow trowsers, black and white yarn stockings, pretty good pumps, and old castor hat. Whoever takes up and secures the said Dutchman, so that his master may have him again, shall have Fifty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

⊙ CLEMENT HALL.

Derby, August 25. 1755.

WHEREAS Joseph Snodgrass, late of the county of Chester, hath absconded from the usual place of his abode, not having paid his just debts, and his goods and effects having been attached at the suit of Richard Hall; these are therefore to desire all persons who have any just demands against the said Joseph Snodgrass, to appear with their accounts proved at the house of John Pearson in Darby, at the sign of the Mariner's Compass, on the 29th Day of September next, at eleven a clock in the forenoon; at which time and place attendance will be given for that purpose. JOSEPH BONSALL. §

Philadelphia, September 18, 1755.

RUN away from the subscribers, living in Kennet township, Chester county, on the 15th instant, an Irish servant man, named Richard Jose, about 20 years of age, a lusty fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a down-look, his hair cut off, and grown again about an inch: Had on and took with him, a good racoon hat, two shirts, and two pair of tow trowsers, half worn leather breeches, with cross pockets and knee buckle bands, blue worsted stockings, with good strong shoes, and strings in them, and a blue camblet jacket. Run away at the same time a Negroe man, about 27 years of age, of middle stature, and pretty well set, named Glasgow; he took with him a home made jacket, good linen shirt, check trowsers, and calfskin pumps. They took with them a brownish bay horse, branded IG on the near shoulder and buttock; and a small black mare, with neither brand nor ear mark, has the mark of the mad Itch on her Back, has been drawn, and has the mark of the collar. Whoever takes up and secures said servants, so as their masters may have them again, shall have Four Pounds reward for both, or Forty Shillings for each; and if the horses are taken, reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM WEBB, and DANIEL WEBB. ⊕

RUN away, on the 30th of July last, from Abraham Hayter, of Plumsted township, Bucks county, a servant man, this country born, named William Horn, about 22 years of age, about 6 feet high, and purblind: Had on, when he went away, a flaxen tow shirt and trowsers, leather apron, a pair of good shoes, half soaled, with the heels full of nails, and an old hat, with a piece of brown cloth in the crown. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ ABRAHAM HAYTER.

Just imported from London, in the ship Beulah, Capt. John Ritchie, and to be sold by

PETER TURNER, junior,

At the house of Joseph Turner, Esq; in Front street, for ready money or short credit, the following goods, viz.

GReen, blue and cloth colour'd napt coatings, striped duffils, Colchester bays, bearskins, forest cloths, kerseys and plains, red, blue and green halfthicks, red and white flannels, a variety of cloths, rattinets, shaloons, worsted sattins, yd. wd. florettas, ditto starrets, tammies, white and cloth colour'd calimancoes, superfine durants, camblets, worsted damasks, fine and coarse ozenbrigs, yd. wd. and 7 8ths checks, cotton hollands, dyed pillows, white jeans, white and cloth colour'd fustians, cotton counterpanes, 9 qr. and 10 qr. Flanders bedticks, fine and coarse white and brown buckrams, coarse and fine silesias, ditto pistol lawns, German whited long lawns, holland ditto, clouting diapers, suits of damask tablecloths and napkins, Scots holland, Scots handkerchiefs, striped ginghams, cherriderries, curdled russia, Turkey handkerchiefs, Scots thread, galoons and ferrits, colour'd threads, nonsopretties blue and red, linen handkerchiefs, cambricks and lawns, very fine yd. wd. and 6 qr. muslins, a variety of handsome purple and blue and white calicoes, red and white cotton chints patterns for beds, blue and white ditto, lungee romal handkerchiefs, bordered bandanoe ditto, china taffeties, striped persians, one suit of black paduasoy, one ditto of Grandeton's tissue, crimson and black velvets, grazets of changeable colours, black bombazeens, black Turkey handkerchiefs, mens black and youths worsted hose, corded poplins, light and colour'd baladine sewing silk, fine white saddlers ditto, black and white paduasoy ribbons, an assortment of brocaded damask and worsted shoes, cotton romals mixt with red, ditto all blue, striped cotton and silk laces, gartering of all sorts, boys and mens worsted stockings, ditto white ditto, double and single worsted caps, crimson, blue and green harrateens, blue and green bed lace, fans, bags of buttons, silk and hair, shirt buttons, womens black gloves and mittens, shammy ditto, filletting bobbins, holland tapes, pins and needles sorted, fine and coarse dandriff ivory combs, horn ditto, a variety of history books, Dyche's English dictionaries, fine whalebone jockey whips, with shagreen handles, very neat switch whips, whalebone Newmarket switch whips, with best wire buttons, leather soles, coat and vest Philadelphia pattern brass buttons, table knives and forks, cuttoe ditto, butchers split handle ditto, penknives, goose and pidgeon shot, white and red lead, best Weston's snuff, stock locks, plate bolts, F and FF gunpowder, best London steel, A C, No. 3. curious paintings on glass, with many other goods too tedious to mention.

Philadelphia, September 18, 1755.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at the head of North-east, in Cecil county, Maryland, on the 12th instant, an Irish convict servant man, named Dennis Daly, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and about 25 years of age, has tender red eyes, generally running, speaks indifferent English: Had on when he went away, a bearskin coat, a brown homespun cloth jacket, ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers, thread stockings, and strong shoes, with strings in them, a coarse felt hat, and linen cap. It is supposed he has changed some of his clothes. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have Thirty Shillings reward and reasonable charges, paid by me JOHN CONNOR. ⊕

RUN away on the 14th instant, from the subscriber, living in Market-street, Philadelphia, the two followng apprentice lads, viz. one named Samuel Sullivan, about 17 years of age, five feet two inches high, thin visage, and pale complexion: Had on and took with him, a blue broadcloth jacket, with white plate fashion'd buttons, white and check shirts, linen breeches, good shoes, with brass buckles, and thread stockings.

The other named Gamaliel Shinn, about 17 years of age, five feet five inches high, full faced and well set, has his hair off, and wears a linen cap: Had on and took with him, a light colour'd cloth coat, with mohair buttons, white diaper jacket, and black everlasting breeches, white and check shirts, good shoes, and worsted stockings. Whoever takes up and secures said apprentices, so as their master may have them again, shall have Two Pistoles reward for both, or a Pistole for either, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ BENJAMIN GIBBS, junior.

Philadelphia, Sept. 18, 1755.

RUN away on the 8th inst. from Alexander Stuart, living in Bohemia manor, Cecil county, Maryland, Two English Servant convict men, viz. One named Matthew Gallop, about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, speaks hard English: Had on when he went away, An old jockey coat, of a dark brown colour, with a large cape, bird eye jacket, with lapels, and new linen drawers. He has a crack under the tip of his nose. The other named William Thomas, about 20 years of age, about five feet 6 or 7 inches high: Had on when he went away, A striped jacket, much like a plad and several other things not known. Whoever takes up and secures said servants, so as their master may have them again, shall receive Two Pistoles reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ALEXANDER STUART.

N. B. The above servants have been in the country about six weeks, and 'tis likely they will change their names and apparel. ⊕

Philadelphia, Sept. 18, 1755.

RUN away on the 10th inst. from the subscriber, living in Cecil county, Maryland, near Charles Town, An Irish servant man, named Thomas Offinton, about 21 years of age, of middle stature, a pretty brown complexion, and has something of a down-look: Had on when he went away, A light blue country cloth coat, with broad clear buttons, a deep blue jacket of water'd camblet, and half worn leather breeches. He took with him two Half Dubloons, and a Pistole, and several shirts, both fine and coarse. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me ROBERT GIVINS.

N. B. He has a scar on the right side of his upper lip. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. §

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Daniel Broadhead, Esq; late of Lower Smithfield township, in the county of Northampton, deceased, are desired to come and make speedy payment: And those who have any demands against said estate, are requested forthwith to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjusted by HESTER BROADHEAD, Executrix. ⊕

WHEREAS Jacob Schnell came into this country in the year 1751, and has not been heard of for some time by the subscriber his mother; this serves to request any person, who may be acquainted with said Schnell, and knows with whom he lives, that he will be so kind as to send notice thereof to his mother living in Skippack, or to Lewis Frederick watchman in Wood-street, Philadelphia; which favour will be gratefully acknowledged by URSULA SCHNELL. ⊕

[*See the Half-sheet for the other Advertisements.*]

September 25, 1755. NUMB. 1396.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

By Captain Troy, *in about ſeven Weeks Paſſage from* Dublin, *we have the following Advices.*

LEGHORN, June 13.

THE Corſican Malecontents are more cloſely united than ever. A Tax is laid by their Chiefs on every Family to defray the Charges of an important Expedition; and Orders are given to aſſemble a great Number of Horſes, and Beaſts of Burden.

Bologna, June 7. There is a Talk of an Augmentation in the King of Sardinia's Forces; and that they will form a Camp on his Frontiers. The Duke of Modena, who is returned to Reggio with his whole Family, hath alſo given Orders to complete his Troops, and to put his Fortreſſes in a proper State of Defence.

Turin, June 22. Our Court ſeems very attentive to the Advices concerning the Work carrying on at St. Remo, by Order of the Republick of Genoa. We hear they are erecting a Citadel at the Entry of the new Mole, which will make it a Piece of Conſequence in Time of War.

Geneva, June 25. The Commiſſaries ſent by the King of France to make Enquiry into the Caſe relating to the Seizing of Mandrin, in the Dominions of the King of Sardinia, pretend to have received ſuch Informations as will, in all Likelihood, diſguſt the French Court: The Encouragement, they ſay, given to that Smuggler and his Aſſociates, by the Subjects of his Sardinian Majeſty, deſerving his ſevereſt Reprehenſion; and that from what to them appears, inſtead of his requiring, he ought to give Satisfaction, unleſs it can be thought more agreeable to the Law of Nations, that Potentates, in Friendſhip, ſhould rather encourage the Outlaws of each other, than endeavour to bring them to Juſtice.

Dreſden, June 29. An Ordinance is publiſhed here, prohibiting all Kind of Traffick between the Subjects of this Electorate and thoſe of Pruſſia and Brandenbourg.

Hanover, July 1. The Landgrave of Heſſe-Caſſel is almoſt entirely recovered from his Indiſpoſition, and ſoon expected at Herenhauſen. Count Fleming, Miniſter from the Court of Saxony to the Imperial Court, is arrived here, and has been admitted to an Audience of the King. He has alſo had a Conference with Lord Holderneſs, about ſome Commercial Diſputes between the Courts of Saxony and Brandenbourg.

Rochelle, June 26. *We learn, by the lateſt Advices from Cape-Breton, that the Fortifications erected on the Light-houſe Point, in the Harbour of Louiſburgh, have, ſince their Erection, received ſeveral additional Improvements in Point of Convenience and Strength, and that they are now completely finiſhed; as alſo the Mine begun two Years ago, between the South and Weſt Gates of the Fortreſs, which is eſteemed a Maſter-piece of military Deſign and Execution. Theſe Accounts add, that the preſent Situation of this Place, and Strength of the Fortreſs, is ſuch, that no Suſpicion can be entertained of its falling again into the Hands of an Enemy. It is certain, at leaſt, the Purchaſe will be very dear, if the Engliſh, who ſeem deſirous of acquiring it, at all Hazards, will be at the Expence of buying it on ſuch Terms as we only can part with it.*

Paris, July 1. *According to our Advices from Madrid, the Engliſh Ambaſſador is at infinite Pains to perſuade the Spaniſh Miniſtry that the French are the Aggreſſors in the Weſt-Indies, having firſt broke the Treaties; in order to hinder his Catholick Majeſty from giving them the Succours ſtipulated by Treaty; but that notwithſtanding all that the Engliſh Miniſtry can do, the French Ambaſſador hath the Aſcendant, and Spain will fulfil her Engagement.*

Paris A-la-main, July 4. By the Return of M. Dupleix, we are informed, that all the Subjects of Diſpute between the French at Pondicherry and the Engliſh have been amicably determined, and that the Articles of Peace have been ſigned, to the Satisfaction of the two Parties.

Amſterdam, July 1. The Number of Engliſh Merchant Men in this Port is at preſent greater than has been remember'd for many Years paſt, 25 or 30 being conſtantly taking in Freight, which they now obtain with ſuch Diſpatch, as ſufficiently convinces us how much we ſuffer by our War with the Algerines. Some of our Ships are returning empty Home, and others lie idle in the Ports of the Mediterranean, where they uſed to be employed in ſhort Trips from Port to Port, in ſuch Services as were then frequent and profitable, but are now in the Hands of other Nations. This Situation of our Trade is ſo much the leſs tolerable to the Maſters and Owners of Ships, as, in the beſt of Times, the Profits were ſo ſmall, as not to enable them to bear with the preſent Defects.

Hague, July 4. There is a Report here, which is ſingular for having engaged the publick Converſation for ſix or eight Days, without loſing the uſual Qualities of political Advice: This is, that a Treaty is on Foot between the King of Pruſſia and the Empreſs Queen, by which the former is to deliver up Sileſia, and vote for a King of the Romans, and the latter to preſent his Pruſſian Majeſty, in Return, with the Ooſtenryk Netherlands.

Barcelona, June 22. A few Days ago four Chebecs ſailed for Carthagena, with Seamen to man the Ships of War in that Harbour. Five Dutch Merchantmen, which were under their Convoy, having diſcovered ſome Algerine Corſairs, made a Signal to the Chebecs, who immediately gave them Chace; but the Algerines crowded Sail to get off; hence we conclude, that their Courage is greatly ſunk.

Vienna, June 8. *According to a Liſt juſt publiſhed, the Troops which the Empreſs has actually on Foot in her ſeveral Dominions, conſiſts of* 106 *Regiments of Horſe, Foot and Dragoons.*

Hanover, July 4. *The Chevalier de la Quadra, Miniſter from Spain, came this Week to Herenhauſen, where he had a Conference with the Earl of Holderneſſe, upon the Diſpatches which the French Poſt had brought him from Madrid. Mr. Keene ſent, by the ſame Poſt, important Diſpatches.*

They write from Hamburgh of the firſt Inſtant, that three Frigates, laden with Ship Timber, bound from Sweden for France, had put in there.

Marſeilles, June 27. *They write from Genoa, that the Senate had cauſed the Ruins of the Caſtle and antient Walls of the City to be tranſported to the Sea-Side, in order to be made uſe of in the Building a Citadel; which will ſerve as well to keep the Inhabitants in Subjection, as to prevent any Ships from entering into the Port but ſuch as ſhall be approved of. It is added, that the Commiſſary of the Republick not having been able to perſuade the Magiſtrates, who retired into the Territories of the King of Sardinia, to return to their Country, and again take upon them the Functions of their Employment under the Authority of the Senate, has appointed a new Regency of Perſons whoſe Fidelity to the State may be depended on.*

Goſport, July 10. *His Majeſty's Ships, Warwick, Greenwich, and Wincheſter, are come into the Harbour to be ſheathed and fitted out with all Expedition, being intended for the Weſt-Indies, their Guns, Stores, &c. are taking out with great Diligence.*

It is hourly expected the Tilbury, Iſis, Cheſterfield, Oxford, Deptford Storeſhip, and Princeſs Mary, will be commiſſioned; the latter was got into the Dock laſt Night, on which Occaſion the Artificers work'd the whole Night.

Chatham, July 11. *This Day the Stirling Caſtle and Dreadnought were commiſſioned, and the Commands given to Captain Corniſh and Captain Vincent.*

LONDON,

July 10. *It is confidently aſſured that the King of Pruſſia is fixed in the Intereſt of our Court and that of Vienna; which his Conduct will ſoon ſhew.*

The French Court hath drawn up a Manifeſto, complaining of the Injuſtice of our taking the Brigantine laden with Flour, bound to Cape-Breton, and condemning her at Halifax; which will be made publick in a few Days.

Orders have been given to the Contractors for the twenty Gun Ships to finiſh them with the utmoſt Expedition.

It is thought Admiral Byng will have Orders to ſail in a few Days.

July 12. *This Day's Holland Mail brings an Account of a great Fire at Moſcow, in the Quarter called Taganka, which has deſtroyed* 2500 *Houſes, beſides ſeveral Churches and Monaſteries. They have had an exceſſive Drought in that Country, there not being a Drop of Rain at Peterſburgh from the firſt of May to the fourteenth of June, the Day theſe Letters are dated.*

Several Engineers are going, with proper Authority, to inſpect and ſurvey the Forts, &c. on the Coaſt of Africa, in order to make a Report thereof the next Seſſion of Parliament.

We learn from Francfort, that the Hereditary Prince of Heſſe Caſſel, in his Journey from Hamburgh, had a Conference with the Elector of Cologne; which occaſions a Variety of Conjectures.

According to Letters from Italy, the Corſican Malecontents have reſolved to form themſelves into a Republick, the Sovereign Power to reſt in the People, the Legiſlative in a Senate of Ninety, and the Adminiſtration in a Council of State of Thirteen, eligible at the Age of Forty-one, and to hold their Offices during Life, or till they reach the Age of Seventy-one, the Members to preſide by Rotation each for a Month.

Extract of a Letter from Quebec, dated May 1.

"Two Spies were hanged up here on the 25th paſt. One was found to have made an Inventory of the Cannon caſt here, and alſo of that imported from Europe ſince the Year 1752; alſo a Liſt of the Houſes, Forts, Magazines, &c. at this Place, and on each Side of the River as far as the Iſland of Montreal, was found upon him, concealed in his Stockings. The other was detected in tracing the Appearance of one of our Batteries here: His Copy, however, to prevent Suſpicion, on the Approach of an Officer with a File of Muſqueteers, who had obſerved him, he put into his Mouth and ſwallowed. The former was a Swiſs, and the latter a German. In Return for the Favour done the Engliſh in diſpatching theſe two of their Emiſſaries, we are apprehenſive that one of our moſt ingenious Reconnoiterers has met with a ſimilar Fate, or has fallen into the Hands of the Indians. On the 20th paſt, a Reinforcement of 80 Men, with four Pieces of Cannon, were diſpatched to our Fort at Crown-Point, on Information that the Engliſh Colonies were preparing to attack that important Paſs."

Extract of a Letter from Louiſbourgh in Cape-Breton, dated May 26, *to an Officer in France.*

"A Sloop, with a Party of 150 Soldiers, and ſix Pieces of Artillery, ſailed out of this Port a few Days ago for Fundy Bay; they are to diſembark in the River of St. John, our Governor having received Advice that the Engliſh are preparing to deprive us of the Hold we have got in that Part of Acadia. A ſecond Sloop is preparing to follow, which is to diſembark on the Southward Side of that Bay, in order to aſſiſt the French Settlers there, in Conjunction with the Cape Sable Indians, to repel whatever Attempts may be made to drive us from that Corner of Nova-Scotia. We are every Day expecting the Tranſports from Europe, which are to diſembark here a thouſand Men. The Engliſh Sloops are perpetually prying within Sight of our Harbour, there being no leſs than three which have been conſtantly cruiſing about the Banks for ſome Weeks paſt. On this Occaſion our Governor diſpatched a Frigate to acquaint them, they were to keep their due Diſtance, or he ſhould be neceſſitated to take ſuch Meaſures as ſhould oblige them to it. This Menace ſeems, however, to have had little Effect; ſo that at preſent all that paſſes in or out is known to the Engliſh, who, we learn, are on the Point of embarking from New-England on an Expedition, which may poſſibly prove leſs ſucceſsful than that a few Years ſince againſt this Place, as we are on all Sides well prepared for their Reception."

July 15. Our Correſpondent at Paris aſſures us, that the Squadron which lately ſailed from Breſt, is intended to facilitate a certain Enterprize of great Importance, which will be ſpeedily undertaken in the Mediterranean. The Quarrel with the Court of Turin is particularly unlucky at this Juncture, more eſpecially as the Character of that Monarch is ſuch, that it is impoſſible to form any juſt Notion, whether his Meaſures have been dictated by his Paſſions or his Politicks. The Keeper of the Seals ſeems to be in greater Favour than ever.

The Proviſional Convention agreed upon between the Governors of Pondicherry and Madraſs contains twelve Articles. The Subſtance of the principal Ones is as follows:

1. There ſhall be a Suſpenſion of Arms, and Peace, between the Troops of the two Companies on the Coaſt of Coromandel, unleſs the Directors of both ſhall make know their Intentions on this Head.

2. The Troops of the two Companies ſhall not concern themſelves with the Diſputes that may ariſe between the Natives of the Country, except it be for the Defence of their reſpective Poſſeſſions.

3. If the Indians ſhould attack any of the Settlements of one or other Company, the Engliſh and French Troops ſhall unite to repulſe the Aggreſſors, and protect the attacked Settlement.

4. They ſhall furniſh reciprocally what Proviſions may be wanted, and ſuch Proviſions ſhall be paid for in Money, or by Way of Barter.

5. The reſpective Troops ſhall be diſtributed in the Places of which their Companies are in Poſſeſſion.

6. In fine, Things ſhall remain in the State they are in at the Concluſion of this Agreement, till it be otherwiſe ordered by the Directors in Europe.

Several other Sovereign Princes, it is ſaid, join the King of Sardinia in repreſenting againſt ſtealing Men out of other Princes Territories, as an Action againſt the Law of Nations, and an aſſuming ſupreme Authority over Equals.

We are indebted to the Amſterdam Gazette for the following Paragraph, dated London, July 4.

"The Duke de Mirepoix, the French Ambaſſador, received a Courier from Paris the 2d Inſtant; and another is come from M. Ruvigny de Coſne, Secretary of the late Earl of Albemarle, who is charged with the Affairs of England at the French Court. The Diſpatches of thoſe two Couriers turn upon the ſame Object, and 'tis pretended that the Court of Verſailles has made ſome new Propoſition for an Accommodation; nay, 'tis ſaid that divers Powers are employing their good Offices, in order to bring England and France to a right Underſtanding. This Evening the Lords of the Regency ſent away an Expreſs to Hanover, with the Contents of the Diſpatches which the Duke de Mirepoix communicated to them, about the Means to adjuſt the Differences between the two Courts.

All the Dutch Regiments have Orders to detatch forthwith a Serjeant and four Men out of each Company to raiſe Recruits.

PHILADELPHIA.

The following Obſervation, drawn from Remarks upon the paſt and preſent Hiſtory of Holland *(in the* London Magazine *for* June, 1755, *Pages* 260, 261*) is now offered to the Conſideration of the Publick.*

THERE is nothing a free People ought to guard more cautiouſly againſt, than that of allowing themſelves to be blindly led by thoſe who pretend to be Patrons of Liberty. Such Men are at all Times uſeful to Society; becauſe they ſerve to keep Miniſters or Magiſtrates cloſe to their Duty, and to expoſe the wrong or weak Meaſures of an Adminiſtration; and whilſt the People Judge candidly and impartially for themſelves, ſuch Men can never do any Hurt; but when they are too much truſted and blindly followed by the People, their Patronage of Liberty too often ends in the Eſtabliſhment of their own Tyranny, of which we have too famous Examples in the Hiſtory of Julius Cæſar at Rome, and Oliver Cromwell in England. And ſuch is the Hatred which the contending Grandees of any Country bear to one another, that they will generally chuſe to expoſe their Country to Ruin, or to ſubject their Country to a Foreign Yoke, rather than ſubmit to thoſe whom they conſider as their perſonal Enemies; but this can never be the Intereſt of the People; therefore upon all Occaſions they ſhould take Care to judge for themſelves, ſo as never to be blindly led either by thoſe Grandees that are in, or thoſe that are out of Power. This Advice was never more neceſſary than at preſent.

ACADEMY LOTTERY.

Notice is hereby given, to the Adventurers in the Academy Lottery, that thoſe who have been fortunate in the firſt Claſs, may receive their Prizes of the reſpective Managers who ſigned the Billets, on Demand; and thoſe who purpoſe to adventure in the *Second Claſs*, muſt produce their Billets of the *Firſt*, and exchange them for others of the ſame Numbers in the *Second*, before the 16th Day of *October* next, paying two Pieces of Eight for each Billet, according to the Scheme; otherwiſe they will be excluded.----The Second Claſs will be drawn punctually on the 28th of *October*.

There are ſtill remaining in this Lottery, the following Prizes, *viz. One* Prize of Fifteen Hundred Pieces of Eight; *Three* Prizes of One Thouſand Pieces of Eight each; *Five* Prizes of Seven Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight each; *Six* Prizes of Five Hundred Pieces of Eight each; *Eight* Prizes of Four Hundred Pieces of Eight each; *Fifteen* Prizes of Two Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight each; *Eighteen* Prizes of One Hundred and Fifty Pieces of Eight each; *Twenty-ſeven* Prizes of One Hundred Pieces of Eight each; *Twenty-ſix* Prizes of Eighty Pieces of Eight each; *Forty* Prizes of Sixty Pieces of Eight each; *Thirty-ſix* Prizes of Fifty Pieces of Eight each; *Eighty-ſeven* Prizes of Forty Pieces of Eight each; *Twenty-two* Prizes of Thirty Pieces of Eight each; *One Thouſand Three Hundred and Twenty eight* Prizes of Twenty Pieces of Eight each; *Twenty-two* Prizes of Fifteen Pieces of Eight each; *One Hundred and Ninety-eight* Prizes of Ten Pieces of Eight each; *Three Hundred* Prizes of Six Pieces of Eight each; *One Thouſand* Prizes of Four Pieces of Eight each; and *Seven Hundred and Fifty* Prizes of Three Pieces of Eight each.

And ſince the Drawing of the Firſt Claſs, the Lottery is become *Three Thouſand Four Hundred and Sixty* Pieces of Eight RICHER than it was before.

*** *As it is ſuppoſed that many Letters from Great-Britain and Ireland for the Officers of the Britiſh Forces, may before this time be arrived in Virginia, Maryland, and other of the neighbouring Provinces; the Perſons who have the Care of ſuch Letters are requeſted by the Owners to ſend them by the firſt Poſt to Philadelphia.*

ON Monday, October the Sixth, is intended to begin an EVENING SCHOOL, at the Sign of the HAND and PEN, in Second-ſtreet; where will be taught, Writing, Arithmetick, Vulgar and Decimal, Merchant Accounts, Navigation, Menſuration, and Gauging, &c. by

WILLIAM DAWSON.

N. B. Said DAWSON has a large CELLAR to lett, under his School-room.

BOSTON, *September* 15.

The military Spirit greatly prevails in all Parts of this and the other New-England Governments: As ſoon as Advice came from Major General Johnſon, that a Reinforcement was needful, our People have been daily inliſting into the Service. And this Province alone will have upwards of Four Thouſand Men in the Expedition to Crown-Point.---We have the warmeſt Expectations of Succeſs in that Undertaking---*Our Cauſe is juſt, and our Men inliſt from Principle.*---We are not aſhamed to own our Dependence on the God of Armies, and we profeſs to go forth in his Strength.

The Defeat at the Southward, has not in the leaſt abated the Courage of our Men: On the contrary, it has enkindled the Fire of Reſentment. The Blood of our Fellow-Subjects at the Ohio---the Blood of our dear Brethren upon our own Borders, inhumanly ſpilt from Time to Time, cry aloud,---too loud not to be diſtinctly heard.---And we cannot but hope that thoſe brave Men who are gone and are going to Crown-Point, will be honoured by Providence, to humble the Pride of our haughty French Enemies; and be made the Inſtruments to deal all that Vengeance upon them, which their Perfidy and Cruelty deſerve.

ALBANY, September 13, 1755.

On General Johnſon's receiving Intelligence of the French Army's being on their March to attack Fort Lyman, commanded by Col. Blanchard, one Adams, a Waggoner, boldly and reſolutely undertook to carry a Letter to the Fort. After Adams had been gone ſome Time, about eight Waggoners that had deſerted, returned and reported, That they had heard two Guns fired, and One to cry out *Heavens! have Mercy!* which they ſuppoſed to be Adams. Upon this the General ordered Col. Williams with a Command of Men, to march and reinforce the Garriſon, or attack the Men as Opportunity offered. Sometime after they march'd, they hear'd a very heavy firing at about 4 Miles Diſtance from the Camp, which, by Degrees, grew nearer and nearer, by which they judged their People were retreating. They beat immediately to Arms, put every Thing in as good Order as Time and Circumſtances would permit. Col. Whiting conducted the Retreat with great Judgment, to the Admiration of the French General, who is pleaſed to ſay, that he believes a Retreat was never better conducted. The French marched up in great Order, with 250 Grenadiers, choſen Men, in the Front, well armed, with their Bayonets fixed on their Muſkets, bright and glittering, which at firſt daunted our Men; but after the firſt and ſecond Fire (the French Regulars firing in Platoons) and our Cannon beginning to play, and well managed, raiſed their Spirits; and as the French General is pleaſed to ſay, "they fought "not like Men, but Devils."

It is ſuppoſed, that 7 or 800 Men of the Enemy, are killed; and this will appear probable, if what Monſ. Dieſkau ſays be true, to wit, that there were near Seven Hundred killed when he was taken, which was ſome Time before the Engagement ended. About eighty of our Men are killed and wounded.

Among our Indians there were killed only eleven Mohawks, one Oneyda, and one Tuſkeraro.

Baron Dieſkau is an elderly Man, and of great Account in France, and well experienced in military Affairs, as appears by his three different and regular Attacks, in order to break in upon our Army. The French attacked General Johnſon firſt on the Front, where they engaged him two Hours: They then attacked his Right Wing, which was commanded by Colonel Titcomb, for two Hours likewiſe; where being vigorouſly repulſed, they again returned to the Front, from thence to the Right and Left, and at laſt attempted to come in on the Rear of the Army; when our General, perceiving Danger, ordered Mr. Boyle, his Gunner, to throw ſome Shells, which he accordingly did, together with a few 32 Pounders, which ſoon made them ſhift Births, and retreat in great Diſorder.

Almoſt all the Officers from France are Gentlemen of Diſtinction, and of great Families.

General Johnſon's Letter, ſent by Adams to Colonel Blanchard, was found in the Aid de Camp's Pocket. Amongſt other Papers is found a new and correct Map of Hudſon's River, and all the Eaſtern Parts of North-America, which had been four Years making and correcting.

It is reported, that the French General ſaid, when he left Quebec, he intended to go to Niagara; but on Intelligence received when he was at Montreal, of a numerous Army being deſigned againſt Crown-Point, it was reſolved he ſhould march that Way.

It is alſo reported of an Indian, one Cornelius (who Governor De Lancy made a Sachem) that a White Man, ſtanding near him, had his Gun ſplit to Pieces, and calling out, *What ſhall I do, I have no Gun*; the Indian gave him his, jumped over the Breaſtwork, ran up, and wrung a Gun out of an Enemy's Hand, turn'd the Gun, and ſhot the Man he took it from, and returned to his Poſt.

Capt. Magenis, with 250 Men, forced his Way through a very numerous Body of the Enemy, with the Loſs of two Men killed, eleven wounded, and five miſſing; and tho' his Wounds proved mortal, his Men brought him alive to the Camp. Van Schaack, Capt. Philip Schuyler's Lieutenant, diſtinguiſhed himſelf in that Action.

We are told, that ſoon after Monſieur Dieſkau, the French General, was taken Priſoner, he acquainted Major General Johnſon, that but a few Hours before, he had diſpatched an Expreſs to the Governor of Canada, to inform him, that he had drove the Engliſh before him like a Flock of Sheep, and that he expected that Night to lodge in General Johnſon's Tent. [*The latter Part of this Information proved true.*]

Officers killed on our Side.

Colonel Williams, Colonel Titcomb, and Capt. Ingerſole.

Indian Officers killed.

Captains Stodard, Farrel, Magin and Stevens.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 19.

Yeſterday, at 11 *A. M. arrived a Sloop from Albany, which left that City on Monday laſt at* 12 *a Clock; the Skipper whereof reports, That Numbers of the Indians in Alliance with the Engliſh had come in there from the late Engagement, and every one brought in more or leſs Number of Scalps fixed upon Poles ('tis ſaid upwards of* 80*) and that the Indians gave out, that when they left the Camp, General Johnſon was bravely recovered from the Weakneſs occaſioned by his Wound, inſomuch as to be able to walk about, and regulate the Army, in order to follow up the Defeat: That the whole Body of our Indians were prodigiouſly inveterate againſt the French and their Indians, occaſioned more particularly by the Death of the famous* HENDRICK, *a renowned Indian Warrior among the Mohawks, and one of their Sachems (or Kings) who was ſlain in the Battle, and whoſe Son, upon being told that his Father was killed, giving the uſual Indian Groan upon ſuch Occaſions, and ſuddenly putting his Hand on his Left Breaſt, ſwore his* Father was ſtill alive in that Place, and that there ſtood his Son:---*That it was with the utmoſt Difficulty General Johnſon prevented the Fury of their Reſentment taking Place on the Body of the French General Monſieur Dieſkau, who they would have ſacrificed without Ceremony, but for the Interpoſition of Mr. Johnſon: That Numbers of the French Regulars, being diſordered on the Defeat, unacquainted with the Country, and afraid of our Indians, had come into our Camp; and others, Stragglers of them, taken Priſoners: That it was rumoured throughout the Camp, that the Balls made uſe of by the French were chewed, and when extracted from a Wound, appeared ſurprizingly green: But upon the French General's being queſtioned about it, he declared he gave no ſuch Orders; and that if ſuch Bullets were fired, they muſt have come from the Irregulars of Canada only, and not from the European Soldiers.*

Governor Hardy, with the Gentlemen who accompanied him, were well at Eſopus on Wedneſday laſt, on their Way to Albany.

His Excellency juſt before he embarked for that City on Sunday laſt, iſſued a Proclamation, appointing Thurſday the Second Day of October next, to be obſerved as a Day of publick Thankſgiving throughout this Province, for the late Victory obtained over the French Army, and their Indians.

From Elizabeth-Town we learn, That an Aſſociation was to take Place there Yeſterday with the Inhabitants of that Borough, in order to compleat a Company of Voluntiers of 100 Men to go to the Aſſiſtance of General Johnſon.

And for theſe ſeveral Days paſt Subſcription Papers have been handed about this City and County, to raiſe Money for the purchaſing of Wines, Spices, &c. and all other Neceſſaries comfortable and nouriſhing to the Sick and Wounded now on the Frontiers of this Province, and that have been in the late Engagement near Lake George; for which Purpoſe, we are told, ſome Hundreds of Pounds have been already raiſed.

The three large Ships mentioned in our laſt to have chaced Capt. Bethel in Lat. 35. 70. and ſteering North, have ſince prov'd to be Engliſh Veſſels.

Sept. 22. We learn from Connecticut, That the laſt Party of the 2000 Men that were to be raiſed in that Government for the Aſſiſtance of General Johnſon, went from Stratford on Monday laſt, all on Horſeback, and in high Spirits. A large Drove of Cattle was ſent a-head of them.

The Troopers of that Government were at the ſame Time ready to march, being well mounted and accoutred; but received Counter Orders from the Governor, his Honour thinking the Colony already too much drained of its Inhabitants to leave it entirely naked.

From Oſwego we are told, That General Shirley was ready to embark with his Army on Friday laſt was a Week, the Schooners having every Thing on board requiſite for a regular Siege, together with their Proviſions; but whether his Excellency deſigned to go firſt to Niagara, or Cadaraqui, otherwiſe called Fort *Frontenac*, is not determined.

The Inhabitants of Queens County, on Long-Iſland, it is ſaid, deſigns on Wedneſday next to gather together at Jamaica, the Number of One Thouſand Sheep, which, it is likewiſe ſaid, they purpoſe to drive down to Brucklyn Ferry, oppoſite to this City, there to be taken on board ſundry Veſſels which will be provided for the Purpoſe, and directly tranſported to Albany for the Uſe of the Crown-Point Forces.

Several other Counties in this Province, it is reported, are vying with each other on the aforeſaid glorious Purpoſe, ſome contributing Money, and others Cattle; among whom the People called Quakers, both in City and Country, advance largely.

A Sloop from Rhode-Iſland arrived here laſt Friday in her Way to Albany, having on board between 80 and 100 Soldiers deſigned for General Johnſon: Two or three other Veſſels are coming from the ſame Quarter with Men to go to the Northward.

Large Quantities of Powder and Ball were ſhipp'd on Saturday laſt for Albany, to be immediately conveyed to the Army at Lake George.

Laſt Week a conſiderable Sum of Money was raiſed by Subſcription in this City, and immediately laid out in Refreſhments, and ſent up to the Troops under the Command of General Johnſon, and the Subſcriptions are ſtill going on, and a farther Supply is intended to be ſent off this Week.

Monſieur Dieſkau, the French General, was brought to Albany Friday laſt, in his Way hither.

We hear our Indians will join General Johnſon again, in about two Weeks after their Departure from his Camp; it being cuſtomary with them after an Engagement, to return Home, with their Trophies of Victory, as well as to condole with the Widows of thoſe that fall in the Field of Battle.

What follows is a particular Account of the Number of the French Army that attacked General Johnſon.

REGULARS.

2 Companies of Grenadiers, - -	250	
16 Platoons, each 36 Men, - - -	576	
1 Company of Cannoneers and Bombardiers,	60	
2 Columns, 12 Companies, in each 20 Regulars,	240	
		1126

MILITIA.

1200 Militia, in 12 Companies, form'd with 20 Regulars in each Company, - - -	1200	
300 Indian Traders, - -	300	
Militia Officers, Voluntiers, - - -	30	
Cadets, about - - -	20	
		1550
Indians, about - - -		700
Total,		3376
Out of the above, there were killed, - -	700	
Priſoners, - - -	60	
Wounded, and unfit for Service, -	400	
		1160
So that there are now left fit for Service,		2216

By Captain Robbins, who arrived here laſt Week from Rhode-Iſland, we are informed, that in the Sound he ſpoke with a Sloop from Barbados, bound into New-London, the Maſter whereof informed him, that the Merchants of that Iſland intended to ſhip 100 Hogſheads of Rum to New-York, for the Uſe of the Armies now acting againſt the French in North-America.

By a Letter from Philadelphia we learn, That the Six Nation Indians, in the Engliſh Intereſt, have ſent Word to the Indians their Allies, to the Southward, to ſharpen their Arrows, for that they are determined to drive the French from their Forts on Ohio.

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept.* 25.

On the Sixth of July laſt, the Lady of the Honourable THOMAS PENN, Eſq; one of the Proprietaries of this Province, was ſafely delivered of her third Son; ſo that there are now two Sons and a Daughter of that Honourable Family alive.

We hear from New-York, that 25 more Indians went thro' Albany ſince the late Battle, in order to join Col. Johnſon.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in New-London, in Connecticut, Sept. 17, 1755.

"The Two Thouſand Additionals from this Colony have all been marched ſeveral Days ago. They went on Horſeback, and 'tis ſuppoſed that moſt of them reached the Camp at Lake George this Day, and that the Remainder will be there by Sunday Night: There is now about 60 Perſons of this, and the neighbouring Towns, who have engaged to go to the Army as Voluntiers, and continue the Campaign without Fee or Reward, provided they can be ſupplied with Ammunition and Proviſions. Theſe Men are in general conſiderable Farmers, of good Intereſt, and who live well. They have choſen their Officers, and I am in Hopes will ſet off on Monday next. We have in this little Town ſubſcribed near 300 £ York Currency, towards fitting them out, and whenever they ſet out I ſhall forward a Subſcription Paper to you, to procure Aſſiſtance from your Place, towards furniſhing them with Proviſions and Ammunition."

Laſt Wedneſday and Thurſday Evenings we had Bonfires and Illuminations, and many curious Fire-works plaid off, on Account of General Johnſon's Victory over the French near Lake George.

And on Monday Evening, the Gentlemen of the Army, daily expecting Orders to march, made a grand Entertainment and a Ball for the Ladies and Gentlemen of the City, at the State-houſe; where every thing was conducted with the greateſt Decorum and Elegance.

Yeſterday there was a general Review of the two Regiments and the Independent Companies, now encamp'd near this City. One of the Field Pieces was diſcharged ten Times in leſs than a Minute.

Since our laſt Sir John Sinclair, Quarter Maſter General of the Britiſh Forces, arrived here from Virginia,

Now in the Preſs, and will be publiſhed on Monday next,

UNANIMITY and PUBLIC SPIRIT;

A SERMON, *preached at* Carliſle, *and ſome other Epiſcopal Churches, in the Counties of* York *and* Cumberland, *ſoon after General* Braddock's *Defeat; publiſhed by particular Requeſt.*

By the Reverend Mr. THOMAS BARTON, *Miſſionary to the ſaid Churches.*

To which is prefixed, A LETTER *from the Reverend Mr.* SMITH, *Provoſt of the College of* Philadelphia, *concerning the Office and Duties of a Proteſtant Miniſtry, eſpecially in Times of public Calamity and Danger.*

To be ſold at the *New Printing-Office* in *Philadelphia*; by *W. Dunlap* in *Lancaſter*; and by the *Author* in *York County*.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, PHILADELPHIA, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Rebecca, Daniel England from Barbados.
Snow Robert, William Downs Cheever from Jamaica.
Brig Sally, Richard Taylor from Ditto.
Sloop Penniſtone, Edward Turner from New-York.
Schooner Speedwell, Nathaniel Bowers from Boſton.
Brig Sally, Joſeph Brown from Carthagena.
Ship Carpenter, Thomas Rodgers from Jamaica.
----Friendſhip, Alexander M'Millan from Ditto.
Sloop Two Brothers, Richard Simpſon from Ditto.

OUTWARDS.

Sloop Eſther, John Kennedy for Barbados.
Brig Cornelia, Robert Smith for Newfoundland.
Sloop Dragon, Solomon Dill for Montſerrat.
Brig Sea-flower, Enoch Howard for St. Chriſtophers.
Sloop Elizabeth, Edmund Morton for Boſton.
----Charming Peggy, Benjamin Baſſet for Providence.
Snow Elizabeth, Robert Ritchie for Jamaica.
Sloop Two Brothers, Ephraim Gilbert for New-York.

CLEARED.

Brig Lark, Robert Gardiner to Barbados.
Sloop Martha and Miriam, John Waide to N. York.
Ship Swallow, Hugh Wright to Briſtol.
----Joſeph and Jane, William Warſdale to Halifax.
Snow George, Joſeph Arthur, ſen. to Barbados.
Sloop Increaſe, John Todd to Ditto.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold at the New-Printing-Office, *in* Market-ſtreet. *(Price Six-pence.)*

THE *Qualifications, Characters* and *Duties* of a good Miniſter of JESUS CHRIST, conſidered. A SERMON, preached at the ORDINATION of the Rev. Mr. JOHN GANO, Anno Domini 1754. *By* ISAAC EATON, *Miniſter of the* Baptiſt *Church, in* Hopewell, New-Jerſey.

JUST imported from Dublin, in the Snow Polly, John Troy maſter, now lying at New-Caſtle, A likely parcel of men and women ſervants, among which are ſeveral tradeſmen.

NOTICE *is hereby given, that* EDWARD RUBIE *who was lately advertiſed for running away from his bail, is now in cuſtody in York Goal, in York county, and that the horſe, ſaddle and bridle he took with him, are alſo ſecured. His bail is deſired to come and pay charges, and take him and the horſe, &c. away.*

JOHN ADLUM. Sheriff.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by

DANIEL WILLIAMS,

Baker, living near the corner of Second and Walnut-ſtreets, in Philadelphia,

SUPERFINE, fine, middling and coarſe boulting cloths, very cheap for ready money or ſhort credit. Millers or others, who are not well acquainted and ſkilled in chooſing boulting cloths, may depend on being ſupplied with cloths (and inſtructions if required) ſuitable for any or every part of the boulting buſineſs.

N. B. Said Williams has had long experience in grinding and boulting, as well as in boulting cloths. Tbc.

Imported (chiefly in the laſt ſhips) from London, and to be ſold by

ISAAC JONES,

At his ſtore in Arch-ſtreet, at the corner of Moravian-alley, the following goods, viz.

FINE hyſon and bohea tea, enamel'd and blue and white china bowls, diſhes in ſetts, plates, coffee and tea cups and ſaucers, ditto in compleat ſetts for a tea table, cinnamon, cloves, mace, nutmegs, pepper, ſuperfine and coarſe broad-cloths, ſtamped ditto, worſted and ſilk ſaggathies, camblets, camblettees, double and ſingle, black, cloth colour'd and white alopeens, bombazeens, broad and narrow ſhaloons, ſtriped linſeys, tammies, half-thicks, white, red, ſcarlet and emboſſed flannel, kerſeys, bearſkins, ſearnoughts, green nap, everlaſting, common and fine ſcarlet ſerge, India and roſe blankets, green, blue and motley rugs, cloth and light colour'd durants, blue, green, black and drab hair plush, double worſted damaſks, corded and ſpangled poplins, green, blue, ſcarlet, pink and cloth colour'd calimancoes, florettas, wide chair damaſk, white flower'd ruſſel, fine cloth colour'd and black crapes, duffil, plad, druggets, black, blue, crimſon, green and cloth colour'd Engliſh and India paduaſoys, damaſks, ſattins, wide and narrow, ſtriped and plain perſians, light, cloth, black and grey mantuas, tabbies, ſarſenet, alamode, black velvets, luteſtring, pealing patterns for petticoats, and other ſilks, great variety of purple, ſtriped, brown, ground and china blue calicoes, ſtamped cottons and linens, India and Engliſh chints, white fuſtians and demity, Iriſh and ſprig ozenbrigs, Ruſſia and princes linens, brown and white buckram, dowlas, roles, garlix, ſail duck, bed-ticken, ghentiſh and Iriſh ſheeting, cotton furniture for beds, 3 qr. and 7-eights check linens, long, broad and clear lawns, cambricks in pieces and patches, clouting diaper, table-cloths, muſlins, bag holland, ginghams, nillees, ſtay canvas, bandanoes, ſilk and cotton romals, Engliſh ſilk and ſuperfine printed on cambrick and long lawn handkerchiefs, ſingle fileſias, men, women and childrens worſted, thread and yarn ſtockings, double and ſingle worſted, cotton and ſilk caps, velvet ditto, ſhammy gloves and mittens, ivory and horn combs, ſhort cloaks, pins, Whitechapel, ſquare, marking, common and knitting needles, diaper, Holland, Mancheſter and cotton tapes, bobbins, thimbles, ſcarlet and Scots garters, Nuns, Scots and colour'd threads, nonſopretties, watch-ſtrings and keys, mohair and metal buttons, broad and narrow, worſted and ſilk quality, ſilk and hair twiſt, wide and narrow paduaſoy taffety, figur'd gauze and ſattin ribbons, light, cloth and crow colour'd baladine ſilk, black lace, gauze and white edging, long and ſhort ſilk, cotton ferrit and thread laces, ſhirt buttons, ſilk ſhoe orris, gauze and paper fans, ſteel hoops, parchment, tea-kettles and warming pans, copper chafingdiſhes, chocalate and coffee potts, mugs, jugs, ſauce pans and boylers, bellmetal ſkillets, kettles, braſs, flour, and pepper boxes, ſkimmers, ſnuffers, beer and racking cocks, patent, bell-noſe and ſliding braſs candleſticks, ſome pewter, cutlary and iron-mongery, Briſtol beer, &c. &c. &c. &c.

ALL perſons that have any accounts againſt the eſtate of SAMUEL IRWIN, late of the Northern Liberties deceaſed, are deſired to bring them to Jacob Dubre, of the ſaid Northern Liberties, or John Irwin, of Horſham townſhip, Philadelphia county, in order to have them adjuſted: And thoſe that are indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment, otherwiſe they may expect to be proceeded againſt as the law in ſuch caſes directs. JACOB DUBRE, and JOHN IRWIN, Executors.

JUST imported in the Ship Five Friends, Alexander M'Millan, Master, A few likely NEGROES; who are to be disposed of by WILLIAM PLUMSTED and SAMUEL MIFFLIN.

Just imported from London and Bristol, chiefly in the Myrtilla, Captain Budden, and to be sold, at the most reasonable rates, by

SOLOMON FUSSELL,

At the Hand-saw and Crown, opposite the Church, Philadelphia,

PEwter dishes, basons, plates, tankards, tea-pots, porringers, hard-metal breakfast basons, mill-saws, cross cut saws, hand-saws, tenant, panel and lock-saws, hand saw setts and files, smiths files of all sorts, bricklayers and masons trowels, shoemakers hammers, pinchers, nippers, knives, size-sticks, rubbers, awl blades and tacks, carpenters hammers, with and without welded cheeks broad-axes, adzes, drawing knives, box rules, with and without solid joints, compasses, chalk lines, chest locks, both double and single spring, till locks in suits 4 keys, locks and keys, brass knob locks, with 3 bolts from 5 to 9 inch, brass knob latches, rimmed draw-back locks, iron and brass splinter pad-locks, stock-locks, thumb-latches, wood-screws, coffin handles, plain and silver'd key-rings, shoe brushes, weavers brushes, scrubbing and hat brushes, augers, from half inch to inch and half, long and short firmers, broad, scribing and heading chisels, bright mortice chisels, pecking gouges, H and HL hinges, 2, 3, 4, and 5d batts, 2, 3, 4, and 5d trunk nails, smiths vizes and anvils, a compleat assortment of sadlery ware, madder, a neat assortment of brass handles and escutcheons for chest of drawers, and setts of furniture for desks, brass hinges, clock-case ditto, iron and brass tea-table catches, pin bitts and chair-makers bitts, nail and spike gimblets, bright double channel box-haft gimblets, shingling hatchets, fire-shovel and tongs, ditto with brass heads, mourning buckles, best oyl and common flints, brass sleeve buttons, stone chrystal sleeve ditto set in silver, an assortment of iron wire, hob nails, brass kettles, an assortment of cruels and canvas, broad and narrow quality binding, womens bridle reins, an assortment of stay-trimmings, taffety and paduasoy ribbon, baladine sewing silk, snuff boxes, black ell wide persians, black taffety and paduasoy, boxes of glass, 8 by 10 and 9 by 7, 3, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20d and half crown nails, table knives and forks, pistol end knives, buck cap'd pen knives stag seal end ditto, lancets and horse fleams, with buttons, mohair, and silk and hair, taylors shears, holland tapes, filletting ditto, Scotch handkerchiefs, bobbin, black pepper, nutmegs, cloves and mace, white and check linen, bohea tea, warming and sauce pans, cambricks and lawns, calicoes and stamped linen and cotton, tea kettles, allom, brimstone, copperas, clout nails, rack-hooks, iron pots and kettles, cart-boxes, paper, gartering, and sundry other things, too tedious here to mention.

Just imported from London in the Beulah, Captain Ritchie, and to be sold by

JOHN RELFE,

At his store in Front-street, near Chestnut-street, and opposite John Brett's, for ready money, or short credit,

GREAT variety of ozenbrigs, princes linen, dowlas, garlix, filesias, tandems, lawns, cambricks, diaper and damask table-cloths, clouting diaper, linen and cotton checks, brown and white sheeting, Flanders bed-ticks, Irish linens, yard and 6 qr. wide muslins, printed calicoes of all prices, fine chints, blue and white printed handkerchiefs, bandanoes, sectie soy and silk lungee romals, persian and China taffeties, paduasoys, broad-cloths, kerseys, shaloons, tammies, durants, calimancoes, camblet and camblettees, worsted damasks, Venetian poplins, short cloaks, stuff and calimancoe quilted coats, short superfine cloth cloaks, kerseys, half-thicks, duffils, frizes, rugs, 7-qr. 8-qr. and 9-qr. blankets, white and striped flannels, red and embossed flannels, men and womens thread hose, worsted and yarn hose, worsted, cotton and silk caps, knit worsted breeches pieces, boys and mens felt hats, castor and beaver hats, laces, white and colour'd tapes, bindings, stay quality, shoe and London quality, gartering, white and colour'd threads, pins and needles, buttons and twist, buckrams and ozenbrigs, thread, pot and fine fools cap writing paper, wax and wafers, Holman's ink-powder, bazil cases, playing cards, bound books, pewter plates and dishes, basons, porringers, spoons, tea-pots, quart and pint mugs, nails, broad-axes, house adzes, augers, hammers, gimblets, chisels, gouges, plain-irons, steel compasses, files, box hinges, side, garnet and HL hinges, stock locks, box, chest and pad locks, brass drawer handles with escutcheons, frying-pans, thumb-latches, brass egg-nobb'd latches, carpenters hammers and rules, best London AC steel, split bone table knives and forks, pen-knives of all sorts, cuttoes, scissars, horn and ivory combs, white and red metal, steel and brass shoe buckles, coat and waistcoat buttons, stone and yellow metal sleeve buttons, thimbles, Dutch spectacles, tobacco boxes, snuff boxes, cruet stands, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. Extraordinary good claret to be sold by said Relfe. ⊕

Just imported in the Myrtilla, Captain Budden, from London, and to be sold cheap for ready money or short credit by

JOHN WALLACE,

At his store in Chestnut-street, near Front-street,

SUperfine, middling and coarse broad cloths in patterns and pieces, drab and Devonshire kerseys, plains, red and blue half-thicks, frizes, bearskins, hair plush, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10-qr. blankets, blue, green and spotted rugs, blue and striped duffils, white and red flannels, striped linseys, embossed serges, worsted damasks, calimancoes, durants, tammies, camb ets, plain and silk camblettees, dorsetteens, worsted and silk venetians, check'd queen stuffs and cheverines, florettas, starrets, colodines, shaloons, prunelloes, drab cloaks, black velvet, cotton velvet shapes, India black and colour'd taffeties, India, black, colour'd and striped persians, English, black and blush persians, mens silk hose, mens ribbed and plain worsted and yarn hose, womens worsted and thread hose, childrens spotted hose, scarlet and striped worsted caps, single and double silk caps, knit worsted waistcoats and breeches, fine marbled ditto, Scots and German ozenbrigs, brown boreflaps, white hessen, sail duck, Russia linnen and diaper, Russia and Irish sheeting, 7-eights and yard-wide garlix, dowlas, single and double silesias, Scots, Irish and German linens and hollands, hooping holland, long, broad, pistol and clear lawns, cambricks in pieces and patches, yard-wide, 5-qr. and 6-qr. wide muslin, muslin neck-cloths, oringalis, cambrick bettellees, 3-qr. yard-wide and 6-qr. wide cotton and linen checks, white and black bone lace, black wove lace, variety of calicoes, India chints, printed cottons and linens, brown and glazed linen, white jeans, buckrams, diaper and damask table-cloths, diaper and damask table linen in setts, broad and narrow striped tickings, bed-bunts, mens and womens gloves and mittens, sewing silks, coloured thread, Scots white thread, shirt buttons, scarff, death head and great coat buttons, double gilt coat buttons, mohair, twist and cord, white and colour'd tapes, broad worsted quality bindings, silk ferrit, cotton and thread laces, gartering, nonsopretties, pins, ribbons, silk ferrit, silk handkerchiefs, silk and cotton ditto, bordered and plain bandanoes, lungee romals, stay trimmings, variety of pictures, maps and paintings on glass, cutlery, hard ware and pewter, bed-side and floor carpets, ready-made coats, waistcoats and breeches, shirts, neck-cloths, &c. gun flints, English glue, West-India rum, sugar, &c. &c. &c.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of John Foster, late of the city of Philadelphia victualler deceased, are desired to pay their respective debts: And those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, that they may be adjusted and paid by SAMUEL BIDDLE, and THOMAS TILBURY, Executors.

N. B. To be sold by said executors several good horses, fit for a chair, saddle or cart. ⊕

To be SOLD,

A Plantation, in Chichester township, near Marcus-hook, bounding on the river Delaware, containing 81 acres of land, twenty whereof is good drained meadow, well fortified by a large bank from the tide; the upland is new, on which is a new brick house, with other improvements. Any person inclining to purchase it, may apply to THOMAS PARVIN, living thereon. ¶

Lancaster, September 23, 1755.

ON the 17th of this inst. was committed to this goal, on suspicion of being runaway servants, the three following men, viz. Robert Parks, Christopher Lacey, and Matthias Murphy; they were taken up at Mr. Wright's ferry, on Susquehanna, and they say they came with Captain Causure, in the ship Burwell, from Dublin to York river, in Virginia, where they were discharged from the ship, but lost the discharge on the road; they are stout able men, their apparel very ordinary, and says they intended for Philadelphia, and to get births and go to sea again. Likewise was committed on the day before, one Thomas Kelly, who belongs to Mr. John Day, near George-Town, Maryland, and William Findleher, who belongs to Mr. Aaron Potts, in Culpepper county, Virginia. This is to desire the masters of the abovesaid men to appear in four weeks after the above date, and pay their fees, otherwise they will be discharged on paying the same, by

¶ JOHN CLARK, Goaler.

RUN away from Joseph Gavin, of this city, shoemaker, a Scotch servant man, named Robert Welsh, born in Dumfries, a short fellow, about five feet high, with long black hair, black eyes, of a pale complexion, has a down look, is marked with the small-pox, limps a little as he walks, and has a scar under his chin: Had on when he went away, a good hat, almost new, a check shirt, and a white neckcloth, a white ticken coat, and breeches of the same, blue worsted stockings, and round toed pumps, with large carved brass buckles in them. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, if taken within twenty miles of Philadelphia, and if thirty miles Thirty Shillings, and reasonable charges, paid by JOSEPH GAVIN.

N. B. All recruiting captains are requested not to enlist him; and masters of vessels not to carry him off.

Philadelphia, September 22, 1755.

BRoke out of the Work-house of Chester, last night, An Irish servant man, named Richard Jose, about 20 years of age, a lusty fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a down-look, his hair cut off, and grown again about an inch: Had on when he went away, An old hat, with a hole through the crown, a linen shirt, and tow trowsers, good strong shoes, with strings in them, a lightish colour'd cloth jacket, lined with linsey, with white metal coat buttons, one on each pocket of the same sort. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by Daniel Webb, of Kennet township, Chester county.

N. B. The said servant was advertised the 16th instant, when there was a Negroe man advertised with him. ¶

A SOBER person, that writes a good copy hand, and comes well recommended for a schoolmaster, may hear of encouragement in that calling, by applying to WILLIAM FOSTER, of Burlington county. ⊕

THREE POUNDS Reward.

ESCAPED out of the goal of New-Castle county, on the 21st of September inst. a certain Thomas Matthews, about 23 years of age, five feet five inches high, a well set, full faced, pale looking fellow, and has a small scar on some part of his face, has his hair, which is dark colour'd, cut, and wears a white cap: Had on an old dark colour'd coat, a pair of long narrow white trowsers, old shoes, &c. Stole and took with him, a light colour'd napt cloth coat, trimm'd with brass carved buttons, and lined with red shaloon, plain made, and somewhat worn, a light colour'd serge ditto, lined with blue shaloon, a linen jacket, with ten flat silver buttons on the breast, laced on with a cotton lace, a pair of black buckskin breeches, faded in the colour, with flat clear metal buttons, a pair of blue worsted stockings, and two pairs of new shoes, sundry fine holland shirts, and a new check ditto, some linen caps, a muslin crevat, &c. he is a simple looking fellow, and 'tis tho't has procured some sort of a pass, he may probably change his name and apparel, and 'tis thought will endeavour to get himself inlisted. Whoever takes up and secures said fellow, so that the subscriber may have him again, shall have Three Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN THOMPSON, goaler.

N. B. If he be put in any goal, the goaler is requested to give the subscriber notice. ¶ 5s. Tbctf.

Philadelphia, September 25, 1755.

RUN away, on the 19th instant, from George Kastner, of Whitpain township, Philadelphia county, a Dutch servant woman, named Elizabeth Catherine Petters, speaks a little broken English, is thick set, full faced, of a fresh complexion, has thin flax coloured hair, and about 22 years of age: Had on when she went away, two light coloured jackets of cloth, one without sleeves, two striped linsey petticoats, one black and white stripes, two check aprons, white woollen stockings, shoes with low leather heels, new soaled, and a plat hat; she took three shifts with her besides the one she had on, some Dutch books, and sundry things not here mentioned. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as her master may have her again, shall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by GEORGE KASTNER. ⊕

Esinborough, September 17, 1755.

ALL persons concerned in certain meadows and marshes, situated in Elsinborough, in the county of Salem, in New Jersey, are to take notice that application will be made to the next general sessions of the assembly of this province, by us the subscribers, owners of the major part of the meadows and marshes aforesaid, for passing an act of assembly for upholding and maintaing of a tide bank, sluice and dam, beginning at the east land of Joshua Thompson, and running from thence to the east land of Aaron Bradway's, and for keeping open drains within the said bank; so that if any person or persons have any objections to make thereto, are hereby desired to make their appearance at the next sitting of the said assembly, and they will be heard. William Hancock, jun. Joshua Thompsom, Thomas Goodwin, William Goodwin, Aaron Bradway. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,

A VALUABLE plantation, situated near Chester, in Chester county, joining on the river Delaware, 13 miles from Philadelphia, containing near 160 acres of land, extraordinary good soil for grass lots or corn land; upwards of 20 acres of marsh meadow drained and undrained on it, near half a mile front on said river of flats or muds, which yields extraordinary pasture at all seasons for pasturing, wet or dry weather; a good orchard, and good buildings. There is great opportunity to improve the upland by hay, stock and mud, which are profitable and lasting manure. The terms will be moderate, for which apply to JACOB CARTER, living near, or JOSEPH CARTER, living on the premises. ¶ Tbc. 5 W.

Philadelphia, September 25, 1755.

WHEREAS Ann, the wife of Peter Dolon, of the Falls township, in Bucks county, hath for some time past run her said husband in debt, unknown to him, to his great disadvantage, and he hath reason to expect she will continue to do so, if not prevented: This is therefore to forbid all persons from trusting her on his account, for he will pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof. * PETER DOLON.

To be SOLD,

(Opposite the up-town Sugar-house)

A LARGE dwelling-house, bake-house, granary and wharff, with two ovens, one for bread, the other for biscuit, with two new boulting-mills, where is room to store two thousand bushels of bran, and is well accustomed already to the sale of bran, bread, &c.------The rent would be taken out in bread.

N. B. To be given to poor people, for cutting and clearing the land, a large quantity of wood, about three miles from Philadelphia. For the choice of persons, and allotment of quantity, as also concerning the above premises, apply to GEORGE EMLEN, opposite the Statehouse, Philadelphia. Tuctf.

Philadelphia, September 25, 1755.

WHEREAS there has been but little notice heretofore taken by those persons indebted to the estate of Henry Shellenberg deceased, of the advertisements and appointed days by the executors to said estate, to adjust the accounts, and receive payments; therefore all persons indebted to the abovesaid estate, are once more desired to meet said executors the seventh of October next, at the widow Pastorius's in Germantown, at ten a clock, when it is expected they will pay their several sums due to said estate: And those persons that neglect so to do, may expect to be immediately prosecuted as the law directs, to enable said executors to pay the just demand against said estate. DOROTHY SHELLENBERG, and DANIEL WILLIAMS, Executors.

N. B. Said Williams will give his attendance at his own house in Philadelphia every Fourth and Seventh days of the Week (being market days) till the above appointment, to settle accounts, and receive payments. ⊕

Just imported by the last ships from London, and to be sold by

MORDECAI YARNALL,

At the sign of the Hand-saw, in Second-street, nearly opposite Stretch's corner,

BRoadcloths, shaloons, durants, tammies, camb'ets, hairbines, russels, calimancoes, worsted damasks, hair grazets, corded poplins, kerseys, drab and green hair shag, saggathies, red and blue halfthicks, striped duffils, short cloth cloaks, red flannels, 9 and 10 qr. blankets, spotted and green rugs, men and womens worsted hose, beaver coating, sewing silk, ozenbrigs, cambricks and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, yard wide and 7 eights Irish linens, cotton and linen checks, striped cotton hollands, printed linens, calicoes, Scots handkerchiefs, Duke's ditto, Scots Thread, bobbings, tapes, pins, needles, scarlet and other gartering, quality binding, dyed pillows, mantua, black and cloth colour'd taffeties, new silk romals, bandanoes, lamb mittens, shammy ditto, brown buckrams, muslins, light and cloth colour'd thread, bed-ticks, china, brass milk pans and kettles, window glass, looking glasses of many sizes, locks and hinges, tongs and shovels, sadlery, nails, steel, a variety of cutlary, silver pattern'd coat and vest buttons, silver watches, bohea tea, Weston's snuff, tin plates, firkins of pipes, writing paper, wool cards, bibles, testaments, gilt trunks, warming pans, frying pans, pewter, red lead, white lead, madder, red wood, gunpowder, sawmill saws, handsaws, and tenant saws, sadlery, and sundry other goods, too tedious to mention. Tbctf.

Just imported, and to be sold very cheap for ready money, or short credit, by

JOSEPH SIMS,

At his store, below the Draw-bridge, between Mr. Powell's and Mr. Plumsted's Wharffs, viz.

BROADCLOTHS, scarlet ditto, cloth cloaks, kerseys, bearskins, halfthicks, frizes, rugs, blankets, white and scarlet flannel, linsey, ozenbrigs, 7 eights and yard wide check linen, cotton ditto, cotton holland, Scots linen, dyed ditto, Irish yard wide and sheeting linen, garlix, princes linen, tandems, gulix holland, filesias, pistol lawns, long lawns, broad lawns in pieces and packets, cambricks, clear and flower'd lawns, muslins, Russia linen, huggaback and diaper, diaper and damask tablecloths, setts of ditto, diaper and damask clouting, Flanders bed-ticks, English ticken, white and colour'd buckram, bandanoe handkerchiefs, white and colour'd Scots handkerchiefs, linen ditto different sorts, calicoes of different sorts, chints, printed cotton, printed linen, taffety, India damask, boiled camblet, worsted damask, yard wide cross barred stuffs, corded demity, fustians, shaloons, tammies, long ells, serge, mens, womens and childrens worsted stockings, mens fine cotton ditto, childrens thread ditto, womens and girls silk and worsted shoes, gartering, silk, worsted and cotton caps, light and cloth colour'd sewing silk, firret, silk and thread laces, nonsopretty, worsted quality firrets, ribbons, Holland and diaper tapes, Manchester ditto, Dresden tape, bobbing, galoon, braid and twist, shirt and vest buttons, pins, London and Whitechapel needles, brass and steel thimbles, horn and dandrif combs, pocket-books, brown and colour'd thread, Scots ditto, nuns ditto, slacks in shades, sampler canvas, snuff boxes, gloves and mittens for men, women and children, womens bath lamb ditto, silk mittens, fans of different sorts, mourning of different sorts, writing paper, wafers, sealing wax, bohea tea, pepper, nutmegs, cloves, mace and cinnamon, various sorts of toys, mens and boys felt hats, boxes of tin, iron wire, saltpetre, isinglass, gum, brimstone, allom, coat and vest brass buttons, mohair and mohair buttons, Scots snuff, shoe buckles, 3 4 8 10 and 20 d. nails, padlocks, handsaw files, buck table knives, pistol knives, penknives, bone scale ditto, hammers, gimblets, shot, &c. &c. Also West-India and Philadelphia rum, sugar, melasses, coffee, and Madeira wine. §

To be sold by

SAMUEL WHARTON,

At his store in Water-street, adjoining to Carpenter's wharff,

BEST starch, in cags, made by William Johnston, of New-Castle county, being of the same make as that which George Spafford, deceased, formerly sold: Also bar and pig iron. European and West India goods. Tbc. 6 W.

TO be sold or lett, the following messuages and plantation, viz. A house and lot, in Reading-town, Berks county, conveniently situated in the square, the house being 50 feet in the front, two stories high, with a good cellar under the whole house, fit for keeping a tavern, being built for that purpose, two good stables, one whereof is divided into stalls, a draw well now digging in the yard, the whole lot being fenced with boards. Also a plantation in Amity township, and county aforesaid, whereon Andrew Huling now lives and keeps tavern, containing about 200 acres, with a square log house and barn, good stables, good orchard, and a good grist mill on a good stream of water, called Monocasy, with a good landing to carry any grain by water to any of the merchant mills on Schuylkill. For terms apply to WILLIAM BIRD, *Esquire, of Union township, and county aforesaid, where any person may be further informed.* Tbctf.

To be SOLD,

A Tract of land, at a place called the Great Meadows, in New-Jersey, containing 2441 acres. Also a plantation on the south side of the city of Philadelphia, bounded easterly by the road that leads to the lower ferry, and west by Schuylkill, containing forty-six acres, with a large brick house, garden and out-houses thereon. Another plantation in North-Wales, containing 123 acres, now in the tenure of John Jones. Also a bank-house, in Front-street, opposite to Joseph Morris's. For terms of sale enquire of EDMUND KEARNY, in Philadelphia, or JAMES KINSEY, at Burlington.

¶ 15 *s.* Tbc. 3 M.

DEEDS and all other Writings, carefully and authentickly drawn by JAMES HUMPHREYS, notary publick, who may be spoke with at his notary-office, at Mr. John Reiley's, in Chestnut-street, or at his own house, next door below the Baptist-Meeting, in Second-street. Tbctf.

Imported in the laſt ſhips from London, and to be ſold by

ALEXANDER HUSTON,

At his ſtore in Second ſtreet, oppoſite the Baptiſt Meeting-houſe, the following goods, viz.

BOhea and green tea, hempen and flaxen ſprigs, ozenbrigs, white and brown heſſens, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheetings, hempen and flaxen ruſſias, ravens duck, tandems, gulix, nuns and Iriſh hollands, damaſk and diaper table cloths, damaſk and diaper napkening and clouting, princes linen, brown hollands, long, flowered, broad and clear lawns, in pieces and patches, cambricks, yd. wd. ell wd. 6 qr. coarſe and fine muſlins, India ſilks, viz. damaſks, paduaſoys, black and cloth colour'd taffeties, ſtriped and plain perſians, china blue, and common blue bed patterns, calicoes, green, blue and cloth colour'd mantuas, great variety of printed linens and calicoes, India and Engliſh chints, coarſe and fine ginghams, bengals, romals, bandanoes, ſuperfine worſted black damaſks, calimancoes, ſhaloons, variety of linen and cotton checks, bed ticks, 3d, 10d, 12d, and 20d nails, 7 eights and 3 qr. garlix, ſtriped, imboſſed, white and red flannels, green, blue and cloth colour'd broadcloths, turkey, duck and pidgeon ſhot, pewter, &c. &c. Likewiſe a healthy, active Negroe boy, about 15 years of age, born in he country, and has had the ſmall-pox. Tbctf.

To be ſold by publick vendue on Wedneſday, the 15th of October next, by William Blair, and William M'Ilvaine, of the city of Philadelphia merchants,

A CERTAIN lot of ground, with a tolerable good wooden tenement thereon, in the Northern Liberties of the ſaid city, fronting the Frankford road, a little above the Sugar-houſe; it was lately in the poſſeſſion of Mary Harbeſon, and is exceedingly well ſituated for a huxter's ſhop. The lot is 40 feet front on the road, and 100 feet deep; bounded to the ſouthward by land of James Eſtaugh. Any perſon who may incline to purchaſe it privately before the day of ſale, may know the terms, by applying to William Blair, or William M'Ilvaine, who purpoſe to give time for the payment of the money, the purchaſer paying intereſt.

N. B. If no purchaſer offers before the day of ſale, the ſale will begin preciſely at ten a clock on the aforeſaid day. ⊕

Juſt imported from London, and to be ſold by

STEPHEN CARMICK,

At the houſe where Mr. Thomas York lately dwelt, in Water-ſtreet, the third door above Market-ſtreet,

VEry good oxenbrigs, white and brown princes linen, Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheeting, fine and coarſe yard-wide Iriſh linens, ſtanders bed-ticks, 3 qr. 7-eights, yard, yard and 3-eights, cotton and linen checks, ſtriped cotton hollands, colour'd fuſtians, white jeans, thickſets, Ruſſia diaper, yard-wide tandem, 7-eights garlix, long lawns, broad lawns, clear lawns, in pieces and patches, 6-qr. muſlins, a large aſſortment of calicoes and printed cottons, bandanees bordered, ſilk romals, lungee romals, cotton romals, Scotch and other handkerchiefs, ginghams, bengals, black, blue, and cloth colour'd everlaſtings, fine blue, white, green and pink durants, ſcarlet and figured gartering, boil'd camblets, Scotch colour'd and Nuns thread, black, blue, ſcarlet and drab colour'd worſted breeches, mens white, mix'd and brown thread and worſted hoſe, womens ditto, pins, writing paper, ſuperfine and middling broad-cloths, ſewing ſilks, Weſton's ſnuff, calimancoes, ſhaloons, cutlary, buttons, beſt ſilk and hair, mill ſaws, powder and ſhot, &c. &c. &c.

All perſons indebted to ſaid Carmick twelve months or upwards, are deſired to pay, or they may expect to be ſued.

BORDENTOWN STAGE continued.

JOSEPH BORDEN's Stage-boat, Joſeph Cannida maſter, attends the Crooked Billet wharff every Monday and Tueſday; and his ſhallop, Daniel Harriſon, maſter, at the ſame place, every Friday and Saturday; ſtage waggons attend the ſaid boats; the ſtage-boat at Amboy commanded by Aaron Edwards.

As to the owners of the Burlington ſtage boaſting of their advantages being ſuperior to mine, I ſhall not take the trouble to make rep y to, becauſe the publick, by this time, are the beſt judges of our ſtages, and their advantages, only ſhall juſt note the laſt clauſe of their advertiſement (that is) they ſay we are one tide longer upon the water than they are, which in fact is ſaying we are always two tides upon our paſſage, well done brother adventurers, that is a large one. All gentlemen and ladies that pleaſe to favour me with their buſineſs, may depend upon the utmoſt care and diſpatch of their humble ſervant,

JOSEPH BORDEN, junior.

Captain *JAMES CHILD*,

INTENDING for England this fall, deſires all perſons indebted to him to make ſpeedy payment. He has on hand, A variety of Eaſt-India and European goods; alſo choice Barbados rum, melaſſes, ſugar, &c. to be ſold at the loweſt prices.

T. b. c. t. f.

DESERTED from Wills's Creek, Jacob Huffman, a German, of brown complexion, about five feet ſeven inches high, a well ſet man, about thirty years of age.

Jacob Lunts, a German, of brown complexion, five feet ſix inches high, wears his own hair, ſpeaks bad Engliſh, and is about 28 years of age.

James Dunning, an Engliſhman, about 25 years of age, of fair complexion and fair hair, is a barber by trade, a well made man, about five feet ſeven inches high.

John Humphreys, an Engliſhman, of brown complexion, about 19 years of age, and five feet ſeven inches high, has followed the ſea, has a thin viſage, is of a ſlender make, and a great ſwearer. They had on their regimentals, and carried off their arms with them. Whoever apprehends and delivers them to any officer of the Virginia companies, ſhall receive a Piſtole reward for each.

ADAM STEPHEN.

Juſt imported in the laſt ſhips from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold cheap for preſent money or ſhort credit, by

THOMAS PRESTON,

At his ſtore in Second-ſtreet, next door to Joſhua Maddox's Eſq; and nearly oppoſite the Friends Meeting-houſe,

NAils, wrought anvils, graſs ſcythes, iron wier, iron plate, flat irons, hand-ſaws, files, ſcale beams, beſt London ſteel, and pewter of all ſorts, copper tea kettles, lead and ſhot, tinmens tools, middling and coarſe broad-cloths, forreſt-cloths, ſhaloons, tammies, durants, ruſſels, calimancoes, worſted damaſks, corded poplins, rugs and blankets, cambricks and lawns, Iriſh linens of all prices, Ruſſia, Pruſſia, princes linens and ſileſias, all ſorts of Manchester checks, bed-ticks, German & Iriſh ozenbrigs, brown heſſens and brown rolls, camblets, camblettees and everlaſtings, printed linens, cottons, chints and bed patterns, white and brown buckrams, hair-cloths, mohair and ſcarff buttons and twiſt, dy'd pillows and thick-ſets, looking glaſſes and horſe whips, coffee mills, all ſorts of cutlary and haberdaſhery ware, felt hats, Weſton's ſnuff, writing paper, metal buttons, pins and needles, Leghorn hats, worſted ſtockings, and worſted patterns for breeches, variety of mantua and luteſtring ſilks, and ſewing ſilk, ſalt petre, glauber and epſom ſalts, flour brimſtone, verdigreaſe, antimony, Jeſuits bark, aſſafoetida, camphire, and ſundry other drugs and chymical medicines.

Alſo a choice parcel of Weſt-India rum by the hogſhead, and excellent good Fyall and red port wines by the pipe or quarter caſk.

To be SOLD by

Captain JOHN SIBBALD,

MADEIRA Wine, Jamaica Spirit, and Sweet Wine, by Wholeſale or Retail. ⊕

TO be ſold, by the Subſcriber, together, or in ten Acre Lots; a Piece of choice Land, well timbered, ſituated in Whitemarſh, about 12 Miles from the City of Philadelphia, containing 110 Acres, has 110 Perches front on the Great-road leading from Manhawtany to Philadelphia aforeſaid. The Purchaſer or Purchaſers, may have ten Yeas Time to pay the Conſideration Money agreed for, paying Intereſt therefor; and the ſame Conſideration Money, and its Intereſt, in Manner following (that is to ſay) One Tenth Part of the Conſideration Money, with the whole Intereſt, annually. THOMAS YORKE.

Juſt publiſhed, A General MAP of the

MIDDLE BRITISH COLONIES,

In AMERICA:

Viz. Virginia, Mariland, Delaware, Penſilvania, New-Jerſey, New-York, Connecticut, and Rhode-Iſland, the Country of the Confederate Indians, &c.

By *LEWIS EVANS*.

N. B. This Map includes all the Country depending on the *Engliſh* and *French* Paſſages to *Ohio*, *Niagara*, *Oſwego*, and *Crown-Point*.

With the colour'd ones will be given a pamphlet of four large ſheets and a half, containing An Analyſis of the Map; and deſcription of the Face of the Country, the Boundaries of the Confederate Indians, and the maritime and inland navigation of the ſeveral Rivers and Lakes contained therein.

The price of the plain maps, on printing paper, is One Piece of Eight.

And of the colour'd ones, on ſuperfine writing paper, and pamphlet, Two Pieces of Eight.

To be ſold in Philadelphia *by the* AUTHOR; *In* Cohanzy *by Mr.* EBENEZER MILLER, *junior*; *In* New-York *by Mr.* GARRAT NOEL, *and at the* Poſt-Office; *In* New-Haven, New-London *and* Boſton *at the* Poſt-Offices.

To be ſold by the SUBSCRIBER,

A Certain well and compleat finiſhed meſſuage, or dwelling-houſe, with kitchen, ſtable, and a lot of ground thereunto belonging, ſituated in the Northen-Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, on the weſt ſide of the road leading from ſaid city to Germantown, near the Riſing Sun tavern, bounded northward by Walter Goodman's land, eaſtward by a large lot late of William Clemm, ſouthward by another meſſuage and lot late of William Clemm, and weſtward by Germantown road aforeſaid, containing in breadth on ſaid road 41 feet, and in length or depth 326 feet.

Alſo another compleatly finiſhed meſſuage, or dwelling-houſe, kitchen, ſtable, and lot of ground thereunto belonging, ſituated on Germantown road aforeſaid, near the Riſing Sun tavern, bounded northward by the laſt deſcribed meſſuage and lot, eaſtward by above-mentioned land late of William Clemm, ſouthward by land of Samuel Burge, and weſtward by Germantown road aforeſaid, containing in breadth on ſaid road 41 feet, and in length or depth 326 feet. Both meſſuages will be ſold together, or ſeparately, as it may ſuit the purchaſer; clear of all incumbrances. For Terms of ſale apply to John Sayre, at the upper end of Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

ALL perſons who have any demands againſt WILLIAM CLEMM, are deſired to bring in the ſame to me the ſubſcriber, that they may be adjuſted as ſoon as poſſible: And thoſe that are indebted to ſaid William Clemm, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment, to prevent further trouble.

T. b. c. t. f. JOHN SAYRE.

For LONDON,

The Ship

MARLBOROUGH,

DANIEL JOY

Commander;

Having good accommodations for paſſengers, and great part of her cargo provided, will ſail with all convenient ſpeed. For freight or paſſage, apply to Thomas Croſby, or James Pemberton.

JOHN REILY, SCRIVENER, hereby gives Notice, That any Gentlemen deſirous to buy or ſell Eſtates, Houſes, Lands, Yearly-rent Charges, Annuities, &c. or to borrow or lend Money on good Security, may be aſſiſted therein by applying to him at his Office, in Cheſnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreet, where their Buſineſs (as uſual) will be tranſacted with the greateſt Care, Diſpatch and Secrecy. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him in placing out their Money at Intereſt, may be aſſured that he will procure them undoubted Security, by Mortgage or otherwiſe.

Said Reily, upon Application, will, with Accuracy, peruſe and examine Titles to Lands, &c. and inform the Poſſeſſors or Owners of the Deeds relating to ſuch Lands, of any Defect in their Titles, alſo what will be needful to ſupply or remedy ſuch Defects.

JOHN REILY.

At ſaid Office is tranſacted, as above, the Notarial Buſineſs, in all its Branches, by Mr. JAMES HUMPHREYS, Notary Publick.

N. B. Said REILY has a large Quantity of French Indico, and Half Cheſts of neat and genuine Florence Oil, in Betty's, to diſpoſeof, very cheap for ready Money.

TAKEN, or ſtrayed away, on the third of this inſtant September, from the Market-place, a dark bay mare, has ſomething of the mange on her rump; there was a good ſaddle on her, with a mark a little below the pummel, occaſioned by carrying meat on it, and a bridle; the ſaddle is without houſing. Whoever takes up ſaid creature, and brings her to the widow Gray's, in Strawberry-alley, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by PATIENCE GRAY. ⊕

TO be ſold, A plantation, lying in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, containing 325 acres of land, with two good houſes and barns, and other improvements. It is well water'd and timber'd, and will be ſold altogether or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to JOHN WILMERTON, living on the premiſes. †

SAMUEL POWELL,

Braſs-Founder, at the Three Braſs Cocks, in Second-ſtreet, near Saſſafras (or Race) ſtreet,

MAKES and mends all ſorts of braſs cocks, wholeſale or retail, mill braſſes, braſs ſuckers and chambers for pumps, &c. He has likewiſe to ſell, a convenient three ſtory houſe, well finiſhed, oppoſite the Reform'd Church, in Saſſafras-ſtreet, now in the tenure of Iſaac Roberts. Alſo a three ſtory houſe in ſaid ſtreet, with a two ſtory kitchen, and good work ſhop and cellar under it, convenient for a cooper, being the houſe where William Nixon lately liv'd. And a two ſtory brick tenement, with a good waſh houſe and work ſhop, pleaſantly ſituated in Bread-ſtreet, commonly called Moravian Alley. There is to be ſold at ſaid place corks by the bag or groſs, fine braſs wire ſieves, Whitechapel needles, and Weſton's ſnuff by the bottle or dozen.

N. B. There are at ſaid Powell's ſeveral fans, which Peter Knolton had to new mount (when here) the owners are deſired to come and pay charges, and take them away; and if not taken away in two months, they will be ſold to pay the expence. ¶5s. Tbc.

Philadelphia, June 26, 1755.

To be ſold, by

THOMAS MAULE,

At the ſign of the Croſs-cut-Saw, near the Engliſh Church, in Second ſtreet, Philadelphia.

IRON dripping-pans, ſteel, vizes, anvils, braſs and iron wire, frying pans, Engliſh iron pots, braſs locks for deſks, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 20d. nails, 2, 3 4, 5, 6, and 8d. ſprigs, ſundry ſorts of ſadlery, white tinned tacks, braſs chaiſe nails, 2, 3, and 4d. trunk nails, 2, 3, and 4d. clout nails, 2, 3, 4, and 6d. round headed nails, 3, 4, and 6d. ſcupper nails, cheſt locks, handles and hinges, H and HL hinges, and dovetail ditto, rule-joint hinges, and ſcrews, braſs deſk and proſpect hinges, ſtrap and T hinges, braſs handles and ſcutcheons, braſs and iron cloak pins, braſs ink-pots, and fountain pens, braſs and iron compaſſes, iron ſquares, coffin handles and ſcrews, ſilver'd and lacker'd furniture for coffins, braſs kettles, tea-kettles, chafing diſhes, warming pans, Engliſh quart bottles, and corks, drawing knives, table knives and forks, piſtol capp'd and cutteau knives, ſeal haft penknives, and Barlow's ditto, butchers knives, common and fine ſciſſars and ſhears, razors and lancets horſe-fleams, chiſſels and gouges, broad-axes, adzes, hammers, plain-irons, augers, gimblets, tap and bung borers, center and wimble bits, chiſſels, gouges, hooks and long bits for turners, ſundry ſorts of files, raſps, ſaſh lines and pullies, chalk lines, plate bolts, and round ditto, fire ſhovels and tongs, bellows, chimney hooks, candleſticks, poliſhed, plain and japanned ſnuffers, knitting needles, key rings, watch chains, and ſtrings, ſhoemakers hammers, knives and awl-blades, pincers, nippers, tacks and punches, marking irons, fiſhing hooks lines, ſetts of letters to ſtamp with, mens and womens thimbles, needles and pins ſpectacles, thumb latches, and braſs knob'd ditto, braſs knob'd locks, ſtock and draw locks, and gun locks, padlocks, ſaw-mill ſaws, whip and croſs-cut ſaws, hand pannel, tenant, ſaſh, dovetail and compaſs ſaws, ſaw plates for frames, ſaw-ſets, Engliſh glue, clock-caſe freezes, hinges and locks, coffee mills, box and flat irons, curry combs and horſe bruſhes, two foot rules, ſnuff and tobacco boxes, brimſtone, allom, copperas, madder logwood, fuſtick, and redwood, ſweet oil, linſeed oil, yellow oaker, red lead, pruſſiian blue, verdigreaſe, white lead, ſpaniſh white, ſpaniſh brown, chalk, broadcloths, ſhaloon, tammy, camblet, ſcarlet, flowered, white and ſtriped flannels, a large aſſortment of buttons and mohair, thread and ſilk, ſilk and hair, cambrick and lawn, holland and linen, check linen, writing paper, ſpelling-books, royal primmers improved, teſtaments, nutmegs, cinamon, mace, cloves, indigo, fiſh ſkins, and pumice-ſtones. † 10s. Tbc. 8 W.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON

HAS removed from the ſtore he lately kept in Water-ſtreet, on William Fiſhbourne's wharff, to his houſe, near the corner of Walnut-ſtreet, and the burnt buildings in Front-ſtreet, next door but one to Mr. Samuel Neave, and oppoſite to Mr. William M'Ilvaine's; where he has to ſell a variety of European and Eaſt-India goods, imported in the laſt ſhips from London, at very reaſonable rates, for ready money, or ſhort credit.

N. B. He has alſo to ſell, muſcovado ſugar, melaſſes, rum, cables, anchors, &c.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Cornelia Bradford widow, late of this city deceaſed, on mortgage, bond, or book debt, are deſired to make payment to George Smith, and Cornelia, his wife, executors: And thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, that they may be ſettled and paid.

Carliſle, Auguſt 27, 1755.

ON the ſecond day of October next will be expoſed to ſale, by publick vendue, ſundry goods and chattels, lands and tenements, late belonging to Alexander Cook, attached by Samuel Neave. The ſale to be held at the houſe of Adam Hoops, in Peters's townſhip, in the county of Cumberland, and to begin at eleven a clock in the forenoon. FRANCIS CAMPBELL, WILLIAM SMITH, and ADAM HOOPS, Auditors appointed by the court.

Lately imported, and to be ſold, on the loweſt terms, by

GEORGE BRYAN,

Who (the partnerſhip of Wallace and Bryan being diſſolved) is removed to the houſe in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, where Mr. Conyngham lately dwelt, over againſt Mr. Griffitts's buildings, in the bank.

A Variety of checks of different breadths, Iriſh linens, yard and 7-8ths wide, garlix, 7-8ths, 3 qr. and ell wide, tandems, dowlas, long lawns, gulix hollands, princes linen, ozenbrigs, cambricks in pieces and patches, lawn ditto, alſo flower'd, taffeties, perſians, muſlins, fuſtians, Turkey quilts, cotton hollands, bed bunts, ſilk handkerchiefs, calicoes and chints, ſilk and cotton laces, ſilk and cotton caps, ribbons, fans, threads, white and colour'd, tapes white and ſtriped, worſted quality, ſhaloons, ſail cloth, black and white edging, ſhirt buttons, pocket-books, bobbin, watch-ſtrings, watch chryſtals, beads, cruels, ſnuff-boxes, piſtol cap knives, cuttoe, and butchers knives, hunters and table knives and forks, penknives, razors, ſhears, ſciſſars, ſleeve-buttons, men and womens thimbles, ſtay-hooks, needles, tea tongs, braſs and leather ink-pots, fountain pens, with and without knives, cork drawers, jointed yards, cheeſe-taſters, pins, ſhoe tacks, awl-blades, ſpur rowels, chapes and tongues, white metal buttons, ſhoe buckles, &c. A ſmall parcel of Daffy's elixir, Stoughton's drops, lavender water and drops, hartſhorn and ſalvolatile drops, beautifying water, and tooth-powder; alſo weeding-hoes, earthen-ware, and clover-ſeed.

TO be LETT, in the town of Newport, upon Chriſtine, in New-Caſtle county, for the term of five years, a large brick houſe, ſtanding in the moſt publick corner in Newport aforeſaid, very convenient for a ſtore or tavern, it having been made uſe of for both, with a good kitchen and ſhop thereunto belonging; together with ten acres of drained marſh, ſurrounded with a good bank, very ſuitable to plant Indian corn, or to ſow any other grain in. Alſo another lot of upland, containing three or four acres, moſt of it planted with apple trees. Any perſon inclining to rent the aforeſaid premiſes, either with or without the marſh, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in Upper Darby, Cheſter county, or Joſeph Thomas, living in Newport, may know the terms.

⊕ ELEANOR MARSHALL.

To be SOLD,

A GOOD firm waggon, with four good horſes and gears; alſo three pack horſes, all ſound, moſt of them young, and in good order. Enquire of JOHN INGLIS, over the Drawbridge.

N. B. The above articles will be ſold a pennyworth for ready money, or ſhort credit.

RUN away, on the firſt of this inſtant September, from Doctor Stephen Talman, of Shrewſbury, in Monmouth county, a ſervant man, named John Hinſon, about 30 years of age, about five feet eleven inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, thin viſage, has black hair, and dark eyes, is very talkative, and ſtammers much in his ſpeech, was born in Maryland: Had on when he went away, a caſtor hat, about half worn, a white fuſtian jacket, check ſhirt, and ozenbrigs trowſers, and it is ſuppoſed he took other clothes with him. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and if brought home, all reaſonable charges allowed by me STEPHEN TALMAN. ♂

[*See the Half-ſheet for the other Advertiſements.*]